The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 12,616. SYDNEY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1878. PRICE 2d.

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Births.

BARKER.—October 23, at her residence, Chiltern, Harrow Road, South Kingston, the wife of F. L. Barker, of a daughter.

EDWARDS.—October 22, at her residence, St. Leonards, the wife of William Conway Edwards, of a son.

HAYLOCK.—October 22, at Enfield, the wife of T. C. Haylock, of a daughter.

SWANSON.—September 10, at the Manse, Gympie, Queensland, the wife of J. M. Swanson, Esq., Jabber, of a son.

WOOTTEN.—October 21, at her residence, 3, Lorne-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern, the wife of Edwin Wootten, of a daughter.

Marriages.

HUTCHISON—ALEXANDER.—At the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. John Gibson, Thomas Darling, third son of the late Henry Hutchison, Kirckaldy, Scotland, to Margaret Stewart, third daughter of Thomas Stewart Alexander.

Deaths.

CRAWFORD.—October 23, at his residence, 17, Beaufort-street, Strawberry Hill, after a short but severe illness, George Crawford, sen., aged 86 years, leaving a loving wife, an affectionate family, and a large circle of friends to mourn their loss.

DOW.—October 4, at St. Kilda, John Dow, many years resident at Toganmain Station, Murrumbidgee River, New South Wales, aged 73 years.

HENDERSON.—October 24, at Hope Cottage, John-street, Woollahra, Albert, only son of Thomas and Rebecca Henderson, aged 10 months and 10 days.

HENSLEY.—October 19, at his residence, Elrington-street, Braidwood, of epilepsy, Robert Hanbury Hensley, Esq., aged 40 years.

MEADS.—October 22, at his residence, Mount Victoria, John Lewis Meads, aged 42 years, leaving an affectionate wife and four children, and large circle of friends, to deplore their loss.

PHILLIPS.—October 24, at his residence, Darling-street East, Balmain, Mr. George Phillips, sen., native of Bath, England, aged 69 years.

TAUNTON.—October 24, at Victoria Barracks, Paddington, Evelyn Geraldine, infant daughter of J. E. D. Taunton, Esq., N. S. W. A. (late 50th Queen's Own Regiment), aged 3 months.

VERNON.—October 24, at his parents' residence, No. 50, Adelaide-terrace, Athlone-street, Glebe, Hector Arthur, beloved son of W. E. and E. V. Vernon, aged 9 months.

Shipping.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO. OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA.
Under contract with the N.S.W. and N.Z. Governments, CITY OF SYDNEY, 3000 tons, H. C. Dearborn, commander, will be dispatched at 3 p.m., on THURSDAY, 7th November, carrying her Majesty's mails and passengers to Auckland, Honolulu, and San Francisco.
Drafts payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.
Passengers booked from Sydney to Liverpool, London, or Paris, with special advantages.
Through rate from Sydney to Liverpool, first-class, £72.
For rates of passage and freight, and for all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Gresham-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—MELBOURNE CUP AND OTHER RACES.
The P. M. S. S. Co.'s magnificent steamer, CITY OF SYDNEY, 3000 tons, H. C. Dearborn, commander, will be dispatched from SYDNEY on TUESDAY, the 29th October, at 12 noon.
For rates of passage, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Gresham-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND direct.—The Pacific Mail steamer CITY OF SYDNEY, 3000 tons, H. C. Dearborn, commander, will leave as above on THURSDAY, 7th November, at 3 p.m.
Fares at current rates.
Passengers for Waiwera Hot Springs by P. M. Co.'s steamers forwarded free from Auckland to Waiwera.
For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Gresham-street.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (Limited). OVERLAND ROUTE, via Torres Straits and Singapore.
The steamship SOMERSET, S. G. Green, commander, under contract with the Government of Queensland, will leave the Co.'s new Jetty, Smith's Wharf, SATURDAY, November 2nd, at noon, taking mails, cargo, and passengers for Singapore and Hongkong.
Passengers can be booked for Venice, Brindisi, and Southampton, and forwarded by the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamers, or to Marseilles, per steamers of the Messageries Maritimes.
CARGO will be received on WEDNESDAY, October 30, and up to 2 p.m. on FRIDAY, November 1st.
All packages must be distinctly PORT-MARKED.
For rates of freight or passage, apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.
October 24, 1878.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE. MELBOURNE CUP AND OTHER RACES.
PENINSULAR and ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's s. s. AVOCA, 1482 tons, 250-horse power, J. C. Almond, commander, will leave SYDNEY for MELBOURNE, on TUESDAY, 29th October, at 12 noon.
Passage money—Saloon, £4; second-class, £2.
Cargo at local rates.
HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, 23rd October, 1878.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
Passengers and Shippers are informed that the Company's Steamships will be dispatched as follows from their New Wharf (late Campbell's):—
TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Wentworth, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO MELBOURNE.—City of Adelaide, to-morrow afternoon, Saturday at 1; and Ly-ee-Moon, Tuesday afternoon, at 4. Fares and freights at current rates.
TO NEWCASTLE.—Coonanbara, to-night, Friday, at 11; and to NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH, Collaroy, to-morrow night, Saturday, at 11. Goods for the Paterson forwarded per Collaroy to-morrow night, Saturday. Freight payable in Sydney.
TO BRISBANE.—Elamang, this afternoon, Friday, at 4.30. Fares and freights at greatly reduced rates.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Elamang, this afternoon, Friday, at 4.30, will take passengers and cargo at greatly reduced rates, connecting with steamer sailing from Brisbane on Tuesday.
TO GLADSTONE.—Steamer from Brisbane every Tuesday.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—James Paterson, this afternoon, Friday, at 5.
TO MACKAY.—Yaralla, from Brisbane, about Friday, 1st November.
TO BROADSOUND VIA ROCKHAMPTON.—James Paterson, this afternoon, Friday, at 5.
TO PORT DENISON, TO CLEVELAND BAY, TO CAIRNS, TRINITY BAY, TO PORT DOUGLAS (ISLAND POINT), TO COOKTOWN WHARF — Alexandra, (without transhipment), Monday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO CARDWELL, TO KEPPEL BAY, TO FLAT TOP ISLAND — Alexandra, Monday afternoon, at 4.30.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY.
On SUNDAY NIGHT, at 12, the MORPETH.
On MONDAY MORNING, at 9, the MAITLAND.
Goods will not be received after 5 p.m.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).—The S. S. KEMBLA for NEWCASTLE, from Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, THIS (Friday) NIGHT, and on MONDAY NIGHT, at 11.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched from the Company's Wharf, Sussex-street, as follows, weather permitting.

Ship.	Date of Sailing.
FOR GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, CALLING AT ILUKA:	
[illegible]	SATURDAY, 26th October, at 6 p.m.
CITY OF GRAFTON	TUESDAY, 29th October, at 9 p.m.
FOR MACLEAY RIVER:	
[illegible]	MONDAY, 28th October, at 9 p.m. sharp
FOR RICHMOND RIVER:	
PLATYPUS	SATURDAY, 26th October, at 10 a.m.

Passage rates to and from Grafton.

Saloon:		Steerage:	
Single ticket	£3 0 0	Single ticket	£1 15 0
Return ditto	5 0 0	Return ditto	3 0 0

NOTE.—In consequence of the shallow state of the channel to Duke Wharf, Clarence River, goods consigned to that place can only be forwarded every alternate week.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary, Sussex-street.

THE C. AND N. E. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS from Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street.
For GRAFTON, Clarence River direct.—The S. S. NEW ENGLAND, TO-MORROW (Saturday) NIGHT, at 9 o'clock.
FARES:
Saloon ticket ... £3 0 0 Return ticket ... £5 0 0
Steerage ditto ... 1 15 0 Return ditto ... 3 0 0

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NOTICE.
CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that the freight upon MAIZE from the Clarence River by this Company's steamers is now reduced to One Shilling per bag, drogging extra.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
23rd October, 1878.

MANNING RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).
The S. S. DIAMANTINA, Captain Herron, will leave for TAREE, MANNING RIVER, direct, from Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 5. Weather permitting.
Cargo will not be received after 4.
All freight payable in Sydney.
Lime-street Wharf. H. D. PORTUS, Agent.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG.—To-day, 9.15 a.m. and 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA and CLYDE.—To-day, 9.15 a.m.
MORUYA and TATHRA.—To-night, at 11.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN.—To-night, at 11.
MERIMBULA and EDEN.—Wednesday, 9.15 a.m.

PARRAMATTA, RYDE ERMINGTON, and NEWINGTON STEAMERS, leave KING-STREET, THIS DAY, at 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5; leave Parramatta, 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5. GLADESVILLE STEAMERS leave King-street, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 4.15, 5, 6.15, calling at HUNTER'S HILL and COCKATOO. FIVE DOCK, ASHFIELD, and BURWOOD. Steamers leave King-street at 7, 10, 12.30, 4.15, 6.15. Leave Five Dock 7.45, 8.30, 11 a.m.; 2.45, 5 p.m. Fares about half railway rates.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE FERRY.—Steamer WOMERAH leaves—
Lime-street Wharf, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5, 7
Lane Cove, 8, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6.
SATURDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 1.15 and 11.15 p.m.
Lane Cove, 10 p.m.
SUNDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 10, 2.30, 6.
Lane Cove, 9, 1, 5.

NEW MANNING RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S steamer BEAGLE, Captain Herron, for TAREE (Manning River) direct, MONDAY MORNING, at 9, from Caledonian Wharf, King-street, weather permitting. Cargo being received.
24th October, 1878. JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

S. S. N. CO.'S S.S. DAIRYMAID, for SHELLHARBOUR and GERRINGONG, THIS EVENING, at 6, from Caledonian Wharf. No cargo after 5.
24th October, 1878. JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

STEAM TO RICHMOND RIVER.—The fast and powerful steamship BONNIE DUNDEE, 300 tons, postponed until TO-MORROW, at 10 a.m. sharp, from Grafton Wharf. Cabin fare, £2.
G. and B. NICOLL, Proprietors.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, NEWCASTLE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.
The M. S. S. CO. will dispatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

FOR MELBOURNE:		
CHEVIOT	F. H. Stanford	THIS DAY, Friday, at 2 o'clock.
BARRABOOL	J. R. Clark	TUESDAY, October 29.
LEURA	John Pain	THURSDAY, October 31.
FOR BRISBANE:		
EDINA	J. H. South	THIS DAY, Friday, at 5 o'clock.
YOU YANGS	—	FRIDAY, November 1.
FOR MARYBOROUGH:		
EDINA	J. H. South	THIS DAY, Friday, at 5 o'clock.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON:		
YOU YANGS	—	FRIDAY, November 1.

Carrying passengers and cargo. Return tickets issued to and from MELBOURNE, available for three (3) months, by any of the Company's steamers, leaving every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and vice versa. Cargo received for the above ports every day.
These vessels have their SALOONS amidships, and are victualled by the owners. Steerage passengers supplied with bedding.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—Bonded goods cannot be received for BRISBANE and NORTHERN PORTS after 3 p.m. on day of sailing.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
THE MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the S.S. CHEVIOT, 1500 tons, F. H. Stanford, commander, THIS DAY, Friday, at 2 o'clock.
For all particulars apply to
W. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

THE MELBOURNE RACES.
THE MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the S.S. BARRABOOL, 1000 tons, J. R. Clarke, commander, for Melbourne, on TUESDAY next, at 1 p.m.
Return tickets by this steamer, £5 0 0
For all particulars, apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

THE MELBOURNE RACES.
THE MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY will also dispatch THE SPLENDID NEW STEAMSHIP LEURA, 1500 tons, 1200 indicated horse-power, J. Pain, commander, for Melbourne, on THURSDAY, 31st October, at 10 a.m.
For all particulars, apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.
It is confidently expected that the LEURA will arrive in time for the DERBY.

STEAM TO BRISBANE and MARYBOROUGH.—The MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the S. S. EDINA, J. H. South, commander, THIS DAY, Friday, at 5 o'clock.
For all particulars apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.
The steamship KERANGIE, 1036 tons, A. M'PETRIE, Commander, will sail from the GRAFTON WHARF, on MONDAY, 28th OCTOBER, at 2 p.m.
Excellent accommodation for Saloon and Steerage passengers, who will be landed at the Australian Wharf.
FARES AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
SPECIAL ADVANTAGES to Shippers of Fruit and other Produce.
All cargo landed on the AUSTRALIAN WHARF without the risk of damage by LIGHTERING.
For rate of freight or passage, apply to
COWLISHAW, BROTHERS, 50, Pitt-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited).
Fortnightly communication to all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
WAKATIPU	1796	Wheeler	2nd November, via Wellington.
ROTORUA	1000	M. Carey	20th November, via Auckland.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 54, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.—The favourite powerful steamship HERO, 1000 tons, Thomas Logan, commander, will leave the Grafton Wharf, for Auckland, on WEDNESDAY, 30th October, at 4 p.m.
Shippers are requested to apply for shipping orders.
Passengers booked for the famous Hot Springs.
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents.

STEAM TO TASMANIA.—The T. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS leave as under:—
FOR HOBART TOWN.—S.S. TASMAN, from Grafton Wharf, at 11 a.m., on TUESDAY, 29th October.
FOR LAUNCESTON.—S.S. ESK, from Grafton Wharf, early in November.
For freight or passage apply to
T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 48, Pitt-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS, THIS DAY (weather permitting) leave Queen's Wharf, 7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.30, 6.
Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 11.45, 2.30.
Manly Beach, 8.10, 9, 12, 3.15, 4.45, 5.30.
No freight taken after 2.15.
Fares: Return ticket, 1s 6d; children, 1s. On Saturdays and Sundays return ticket, 1s. Extra late boats will leave Sydney for Manly Beach, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, 11.15 p.m.

FOR THE LONDON FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The splendid new Clyde clipper CYNISCA, 800 tons register, Thomas Hutton, commander, classed 100 A1 at Lloyd's.
This beautiful vessel, NOW RAPIDLY LOADING at the Circular Quay, will be dispatched for LONDON with the new season's wools on or about the 26th OCTOBER.
Wool received at TALBOT and CO.'S Stores.
For rates, &c., immediate application is necessary.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS, FOR LONDON.
The following full-powered steamships will be dispatched for London, via the Suez Canal, as under:—

Steamer.	From Sydney.	From Melbourne.
CHIMBORAZO	November 3.	November 16.
CUZCO	December 7.	December 17.
ACONCAGUA	January.	January.

These steamships, expressly built and fitted for carrying passengers on long ocean voyages, are each of about 4000 tons register, and make the passage in about 40 days.
FARES:
FIRST SALOON, 60 to 75 guineas.
SECOND SALOON, 35 guineas.
THIRD-CLASS (enclosed cabins), 20 and 22 guineas.
Open berths for single men, £16.
Canal dues, eight shillings.
Apply in London to F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Managers of the Orient Steam Navigation Company (Limited); and in Sydney to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON, for the February sales the favourite clipper ship HAWKESBURY, 1120 tons, D. Carvosso, commander.
This ship, with large present engagements for wool, will be dispatched for the above sales.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Cosmopolitan Wharf, to Captain Carvosso; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED at MARSDEN and SON'S.

FOR LONDON.
The magnificent 100 A1 Steamship WHAMPOA, 3685 tons register, 3000 horse power effective, W. J. HYNES, R.N.R., Commander, will be dispatched for LONDON about the end of November, carrying all classes of passengers.
RATES BEING
SALOON ... as per agreement.
SECOND CLASS ... £30.
THIRD CLASS ... £20.
STEERAGE (for men only) ... £16.
For all other information apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL NOW RECEIVED at FLOOD and CO.'S.

FOR LONDON.—The following first-class steam and sailing ships will be dispatched during the ensuing Wool season:—

Ships.	Tons.	Commander.	To Sail.
CAMBRIAN PRINCESS	1350	James M'Gill	November.
S.S. WHAMPOA	3685	W. J. Hynes	November.
S.S. HANKOW	3504	W. Symington	December.
LORD KINNAIRD	890	J. Masson	January.
DUKE OF ABERCORN	1096	J. Binnie	January.
S.S. BRITISH EMPIRE	3544	J. Tullock	February.

The sailing dates of the full-powered steamships Whampoa and Hankow are arranged specially with a view to making them the last positive opportunities for landing wool at London for February sales.
For further particulars respecting rates of freight and passage money apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The splendid A1 clipper ship CAMBRIAN PRINCESS, 1350 tons register, James M'Gill, commander.
This fine vessel having the whole of her dead weight, and large wool engagements will be dispatched in ample time to catch the above sales.
For rates of freight, &c., apply to the Captain on board; or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL NOW RECEIVED AT FLOOD AND CO.'S.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE—FOR LONDON.
For the February Sales.
The favourite clipper ship PATRIARCH, 1330 tons register, H. PLATER, Commander.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect the accommodation of this vessel, unsurpassed, if equalled, by any on the berth.
An experienced surgeon accompanies the ship.
For terms of freight for wool only, or passage, apply to the Captain, on board, or
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.
Wool received at Talbot's Stores.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—FOR LONDON. FOR THE FEBRUARY SALES.
The SAMUEL PLIMSOLL, Richard Boaden, commander, WILL BE DISPATCHED about the 7th NOVEMBER, and WILL BE ONE OF THE FIRST VESSELS AWAY FOR THE FEBRUARY SALES.
As the bulk of this ship's wool is in store and engaged, intending shippers, to save disappointment should make immediate engagements with
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The splendid new iron clipper barque WINDERMERE, having two-thirds of her wool ALREADY STOWED, and large engagements, will have immediate dispatch.
For rates of freight and passage, apply to Captain TICKLE, on board, at Circular Quay; or
LORIMER, ROME, and CO., 34, O'Connell-street.
Wool received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON.—with immediate dispatch, the magnificent clipper ship THOMAS STEPHENS, 1507 tons register, built under special survey, and classed AA1 at Lloyd's, Richard Richards, commander.
This splendid clipper, having her dead weight stowed and large wool engagements, offers the best opportunity for the February sales. Her passage from London was made in 77 days.
For rates of freight, apply to
CHARLES PARBURY, Gresham-street; or to YOUNG and LARK, George and Margaret streets.
WOOL RECEIVED AT FLOOD'S.

FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The splendid A1 Aberdeen clipper ship ANN DUTHIE, 994 tons register, W. HUNTER, Commander, having the bulk of her cargo on board, and stowed, and requiring only a small quantity of wool to complete her loading, will be dispatched in a few days.
Has superior accommodation for saloon and second-class passengers.
For terms, &c., apply to Captain HUNTER, on board; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES, to follow the Ann Duthie,
The splendid new A1 clipper ship CIMBA, 1117 tons register, John Fimister, commander.
This fine vessel is now on her first voyage, and having large engagements, offers one of the best opportunities for catching the above sales.
For freight or passage apply to Captain FIMISTER, on board, or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at FLOOD and CO.'S

FOR LONDON.
The A1 magnificent frigate-built ship ST. LAWRENCE, 943 tons register, C. Johnson, R.N.R., commander, will be dispatched from SYDNEY FOR LONDON on or about 30th November.
TO PASSENGERS.—This vessel offers special inducements, as the cabins are LARGE and WELL VENTILATED, and ONLY SALOON PASSENGERS are taken, at reduced rates.
For freight or passage, and all other information, apply to
B. P. CAMPBELL, Ship Broker; or
COWLISHAW, BROTHERS, Agents, 50, Pitt-street.
Wool received at Talbot's Stores.

FOR PORT ADELAIDE, direct.
The steamship DUKE OF EDINBURGH, C. G. Lowing, master, fast loading at Market Wharf, will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 26th instant.
PASSENGERS AND CARGO TAKEN AT REDUCED RATES.
Apply to E. VICKERY, 116, Pitt-street; or, JAMES THORNE, Exchange-corner.

FIRST VESSEL for LEVUKA, FIJI, Brigantine NOUMEA.
This vessel is now receiving cargo at Circular Quay, and as the bulk of her cargo is engaged, she will sail positively on TUESDAY, 29th October.
Good accommodation for a few saloon passengers.
For freight or passage money apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., 52, Pitt-street.

PRINCE ALFRED, for Port Stephens, Saturday Morning, Patent Slip Wharf. S. DICKSON and SON.

FOR BELLINGER RIVER.—The schooner Azalea, This Day, at noon. Patent Slip Wharf. P. Hogan, agent.

FOR WAGONGA.—Ketch ROSEBUD. For freight apply on board, Victoria Wharf.

FOR ROCKHAMPTON direct.—The smart schooner ELLEN, F. Marzitelli, master, under charter will have immediate dispatch.
Apply to JAMES THORNE, Exchange-corner.

SHIP ANN DUTHIE, for LONDON.—All Accounts against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned, before noon on FRIDAY next, the 26th instant, otherwise they cannot be recognised.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Agents.

FOR SALE, Ships' and Surf BOATS; new cedar centreboard SKIFF, &c. WARD, Dawes Point.

NORTH SHORE STEAM FERRY COMPANY, (Limited).
On and after TUESDAY, 22nd October, a second HORSE-BOAT will run between the Circular Quay and Milson's Point; and the trips will be made, from each side, every quarter of an hour.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THOMAS FIELD, Secretary.

FOR SALE, a capital SKIFF; pulls easily and sails well. The safest boat in the harbour. 74, William-street.

WHARFAGE.
NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS.
Vessels having cargoes, or portions of cargoes, for shipment in the Australasian Steam Navigation Company's steamers will be accommodated at the Company's wharf free of charge. Application to be made to
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

QUAY BERTHS vacant, first-class wharfage and storage. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

FLOATING DOCK, DARLING HARBOUR.—THOMAS S. ROWNTREE and CO., Wood and Composite Shipbuilders and Blacksmiths. Ships of any size docked; repairs and work efficiently carried out on the most reasonable terms. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Chief Office—35, Cornhill, London.
Capital—£1,000,000; paid up, £250,000.
WOOL and ALL PRODUCE insured to London. Claims payable at chief office.
WOOL insured through from stations.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO., Agents for New South Wales.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

Machinery.

AUSTRALIAN DIAMOND ROCK DRILL CO. (Limited).
Manufacturers of LESCHOT'S PATENT.
The above Company are now prepared to take contracts for boring through any kind of rock, for ARTESIAN WELLS or MINING PURPOSES. Full particulars as to price, &c., can be obtained at the Company's Offices, 196, Pitt-street, Sydney.
JOHN COGHLAN, Manager.
14th October, 1878.

SCHWEPPE'S MINERAL WATERS have been renowned for their excellence and purity for upwards of a century, and almost universally recommended by the leading medical men of the day—have always had the patronage of Royalty, and continue to be supplied to her Majesty the QUEEN. At Hotels, Cafés, &c., ask for SCHWEPPE'S, and see that the trade-mark—a fountain—is on the label. [illegible] Office, 82, [illegible]-street. [illegible]

Personal.

ALL AWRY, very ill, not dangerous; will write as soon as able. Write again, same place. F. R.

E. GREY, send particulars of two ROOMS, to Arthur Bennett, Wynyard-street.

ELIZA HAWKINS (maiden name Scuitts, of Sculcoates, Hull),—write EMMA EVANS, General Post Office.

MARY DAY, Laundress,—Please call on Mrs. DEVLIN, Dawes Point.

O'DONNELL, from Newport, County Tipperary, at Ballarat in 1868, please communicate with A. TORNING, 28½, O'Connell-street, Sydney.

Lost and Found.

LOST, between Cook's River and Arncliffe, silver Thistle BROOCH. Reward. General Post-office, Newtown.

LOST, a red and white poley COW, branded RM on shoulder. Reward at Soap Works, Camperdown.

LOST, a light-coloured Terrier DOG, ears and tail cut. 112, Clarence-street.

LOST, a Black-and-tan TERRIER (slut), with silver collar on. Reward, Railway Station.

LOST, a BAG, with four excursion tickets and door key in it. Reward if returned to 10, Plunkett-st., Woolloomooloo.

LOST, PARCEL of Mount Lachlan Savings Bank PASS-BOOKS. Reward, LEE and ROSS, 49, Market-street.

LOST, on Saturday, near the Circular Quay, a Cattle DOG, marked black and tan; had on a leather collar; answers to the name of 'Possum. Reward at SAUNDERS, Barley Mow Hotel, Park-street.

ONE POUND REWARD.—Strayed, from Newtown, one Bay MARE, branded TB near shoulder. H. LIPSCOMBE, Brick Master, Newtown.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—Lost, from Annandale, last Thursday, PEAHEN. Robert Johnston, Annandale.

FOUND, on 10th instant, in HERALD Office, 2 American GREENBACKS. Owner can have same by describing them. Apply Mr. WILLIAMS.

Meetings.

ROYAL SOCIETY.—Literature and Fine Art Section.—The Monthly MEETING of this section will be held THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
PERCY E. WILLIAMS, Hon. Sec.

NOTICE to Cabowners and Drivers.—A Preliminary MEETING will be held at 78, Riley-street, to take into consideration the formation of a Cabman's Union, on SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 8 p.m.
J. DOWNEY, H. WALKE, Joint Secs.

INDEPENDENT ORDER ODDFELLOWS.—MEETING to be held on THIS DAY, Friday, 25th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock, in Lee's Furniture Store, 52, Botany Road, Redfern, opposite Hudson Brothers', to complete the formation of the above, which will open at the end of this month. Intending members should at once make application, as they can do so for half fee till the opening night.

PITT-STREET LITERARY and DEBATING SOCIETY v. ST. LEONARDS LITERARY INSTITUTE.—A Public DEBATE between above Societies will take place in the Congregational Hall, Pitt-street, THIS EVENING. Rev. Jas. Jefferis, LL.B., will preside. Subject: "Which was the greater man, Napoleon or Wellington." Speakers for Napoleon—Messrs. Duesbury, Dobbie, and E. A. Jones. For Wellington—Messrs. Cheeke, Bray, and Manfred. Admission free.

Y. M. C. A. LITERARY and DEBATING CLASS meets TO-NIGHT, 7.30. Mr. A. L. JACKSON will read an Essay on "Debates, and how to conduct them," which will be open for criticism and debate.

ST. PETERS MUTUAL IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.—MEETING, TO-NIGHT. Business: Readings and recitations. W. P. SMAIL, Hon. Sec.

MEMBERS of 57 L. O. L., do not forget MEETING TO-NIGHT. F. A.

NO. 57 L.O.L.—Meets THIS EVENING, in Protestant Hall. T. ROBSON, Secretary.

NO. 76 L. O. L. STAR OF AUSTRALIA, meet TO-NIGHT, 7.45, Dr. Fullerton's Room, Pitt-street. Business of importance. Visitors cordially invited. Full muster.
By order. G. T. W., Secretary.

LOYAL ORANGE BENEFIT SOCIETY of N. S. W.—King William III. Lodge, No. 2.—Meet THIS (Friday) EVENING in St. Paul's School-room, Redfern, at half-past 7 sharp. R. SMETHURST, W.M.

PROTESTANT MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETY, Waterloo-chambers, 470, George-street.—Persons desirous of joining attend TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock. Rules, &c., free of charge. GEORGE LILLIE, Secretary.

NO. 1 GRAND DIVISION SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—Thirteenth Annual SESSION will be held in the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 28th October, commencing at 7 o'clock p.m. sharp. Representatives must bring their credentials, otherwise they will not be allowed to take any part in the proceedings.
By order of the G. W. P.
C. T. PEIRCE, Grand Scribe.
NOTE.—An adjournment will be proposed at 9 o'clock to enable the representatives to partake of a supper on the invitation of Bro. D. M'Beath, J.P., G.W.P., which will be provided in the New Hall.

SPORTS FOR PRINCE OF WALES BIRTHDAY.
MEETING at Lloyd's Omnibus Hotel, Petersham, at 7 p.m., SATURDAY, 26th instant, to form committee.
Representatives of adjacent boroughs please attend.

THE "TRUE BLUE" TEMPERANCE SOCIETY will meet THIS (Friday) EVENING, in the City Mission Chapel, corner Sussex and Liverpool streets; John See, Esq., in the chair.
The Rev. JOHN A. DOWIE will deliver an address.
Music, singing, and recitations.
Will commence at 8 o'clock sharp.
T. W. CRAVEN, Hon. Secretary.

TO THE PROPRIETORS OF THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ladies and Gentlemen,—I have the honour to apprise you that I am a Candidate for the vacancy at the Board arising from the disqualification and ineligibility of Alexander Stuart, Esq., M.P., under the 38th clause of the Deed of Settlement, by reason of his continued absence from the colony.
I remain, your obedient Servant,
W. R. PIDDINGTON.
Sydney, October 16, 1878.
The following is a correct copy of the disqualifying clause of the Deed of Settlement:—
"XXXVIII. That the Directors shall be selected from amongst the proprietors possessed of thirty shares at the least in the capital of the Company; BUT NO PROPRIETOR SHALL BE ELIGIBLE OR QUALIFIED TO BE OR ACT AS A DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY who shall be a Director, Auditor, or paid officer of any other bank, carrying on business as a Bank of issue and deposit, or who being indebted to the Company shall fail to satisfy such debts within a time fixed by the Board of Directors for that purpose, or who shall within three years preceding the day of election have taken the benefit of any Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, or who shall within that time have been bankrupt, or have made an assignment of his estate for the benefit of his creditors, or who shall have made a composition with his creditors, or who shall after his election as a Director become bankrupt or insolvent, or make any assignment of his estate for the benefit of his creditors, or compound with his creditors, OR WHO SHALL BE ABSENT FROM THE COLONY FOR THE SPACE OF SIX CALENDAR MONTHS DURING HIS TERM OF OFFICE, or who shall, during such term, WITHOUT LEAVE FROM THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, absent himself, except on account of illness, for THREE MONTHS from the meetings of the Board."

Religious Announcements.

EVANGELISTIC MISSION.
The Treasurers for Mr. VARLEY'S Committee beg to announce that the following sums, consisting of donations and collections, have been deposited in the Commercial Bank:—

October 11	£10 13 1	October 18	£22 11 11
" 14	21 4 9	" 19	15 3 10
" 16	9 2 10	" 21	18 4 10

Fully as much more as the foregoing sums is required to cover the expenses of the Mission thus far. Friends desirous of helping will kindly forward their contribution to Mr. JOHN MILLS, 715, George-street; or to Mr. G. C. TUTING, "Words of Grace" Office, 220, Market-street.
JOHN MILLS, G. C. TUTING, Hon. Treasurers.
Mr. HENRY VARLEY will conduct the CHILDREN'S MEETING, at the MASONIC HALL, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3.
Handbills for Mr. Varley's Children's Meeting and Sunday Evening Meeting, may be obtained to-day, at "Words of Grace" office, 220, Market-street.
Mr. VARLEY'S SUNDAY EVENING meeting will be held at the PROTESTANT HALL, at 7 (instead of the Theatre Royal); and he will also give an address each evening next week, from TUESDAY to FRIDAY inclusive, in the PROTESTANT HALL.
W. CORRIE JOHNSTON, Sec.

GLEBE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.
Special SERVICES will be held in this church on SABBATH next, 27th October, to mark the Fifth Anniversary.
The Rev. James Gardiner, M.A., will preach at 11; the Revs. J. Rickard, J. Gardiner, and A. Gardiner, will conduct a Service for the Young at 3 o'clock.
The Rev. Dr. Kelynack will preach at 7.
Special collections at all the Services for the Building Fund of the new church.

NEWTOWN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—The Rev. J. T. WARLOW DAVIES, M.A., late of Auckland, N. Z., will PREACH, on SUNDAY, October 27. Morning, 11; evening, 7 o'clock.

RE-OPENING OF HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, Lower Fort-street, by the LORD BISHOP OF SYDNEY.
After considerable alteration and improvement, the above Church will (D.V.) be re-opened for Divine SERVICE on SUNDAY next, 27th instant, by Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
The Metropolitan Lord Bishop of Sydney (just returned from England) has kindly consented to preach in the morning.
The offerings will be in aid of the building fund.
The clergyman and churchwardens invite the attendance of the parishioners and other contributors and friends.
S. HUNGERFORD. (Locum Tenens.)
JOHN ROBERTS, JAMES PAINE, MARK STEPHENSON, Churchwardens.

SPIRITISM, INFIDELISM, or BRITTENISM exposed by Dr. BEG, Chalmers' Church, SABBATH EVENING next. "How a spiritist lived and died."

International Exhibition.

SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1879.
The International Exhibition Committee will meet at the Rooms, 227, George-street, at 3 p.m. THIS DAY, Friday, the 25th instant.
The Building Committee will meet at 12 noon, at the Rooms, 227, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, the 25th instant.
H. M. WRIGHT, Acting Secretary.

Lectures.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Mrs. HARDINGE BRITTEN'S Sunday MEETINGS will in future be held at the THEATRE ROYAL, Castlereagh-street, every SUNDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING, till further notice.
Subjects for this Sunday, October 27, afternoon, at 3.30—to be chosen by the audience; evening, at 7.30—"The New Bible."

EX-PRIEST CHINIQUY.
"WHO IS OUR SLANDERER?"
Mrs. CONSTABLE (Miss Joey Gougenheim) will deliver a LECTURE at the Masonic Hall, York-street, THIS EVENING, the 25th instant, at 8 o'clock, refuting the statements and slanders of the Ex-Priest.
Admission, 2s and 1s. Doors open at 7.30 p.m.

Public Notices.

NOTICE UNDER THE "TRUST PROPERTY ACT OF 1862."
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Goods of THOMAS CLARK, late of Major's Creek, in the colony of New South Wales, Gold-miner, deceased, intestate.
PURSUANT to the "Trust Property Act of 1862," NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors and other persons having CLAIMS against the estate of the above-named THOMAS CLARK, who died at Major's Creek, aforesaid, on the 31st day of March, 1874, are required to send full particulars of their claims to the undersigned (the administrator of the personal estate and effects of the said deceased) on or before the thirty-first day of December next, after which date the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.
Dated this 23rd day of October, A.D. 1878.
JAMES NORTON, 59, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Estate, Goods, Chattels, Credits, and Effects of JOHN RAMSAY, late of Dingo Creek, Manning River, in the colony of New South Wales, Farmer, deceased, intestate.
NOTICE is hereby given, that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof in the New South Wales GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, application will be made to this Honorable Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that Letters of Administration of all and singular the estate, goods, chattels, credits, and effects of the abovenamed deceased may be granted to JOHN RAMSAY, of Dingo Creek, Manning River, in the said colony, Farmer, the eldest son of the said deceased.
Dated this twenty-fourth day of October, A.D. 1878.
ROBERT BURDETT SMITH, Proctor for the said John Ramsay, 153, King-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the WILL of LOUIS HEUSCHKEL, late of Parramatta-street, in the city of Sydney and colony of New South Wales, licensed Publican, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that Probate of the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed Louis Heuschkel, deceased, may be granted to JOHN PETER LENNARTZ, the sole Executor appointed by the said will.
Dated at Sydney this twenty-fourth day of October, A.D. 1878.
WILLIAM ROBERTS, Proctor for the said Executor, 201, York-street, Sydney.

LADIES' UNITED EVANGELISTIC ASSOCIATION.
COLLECTORS for GOSPEL TENT please bring Purses to Y. M. C. A. Rooms, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4.30.
N.B.—A few Collecting Cards left for any friends willing to help this good work.

PASTOR CHINIQUY.
Persons desiring to communicate with Pastor CHINIQUY will please address the same to the Secretaries, 577, George-street.
Persons desirous of assisting Pastor Chiniquy in his special Mission can send subscriptions to the Secretaries; or to the Rev. GEORGE SUTHERLAND, Ross-street, Forest Lodge, who will acknowledge the same.
FRANCIS ABIGAIL, THOMAS LUTTON, Joint Secretaries.

BRISBANE TIN MINING COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of sixpence per share has been declared, and is now payable at the office of Company, 177, Pitt-street, Sydney.
By order of the Board.
GEO. HARDIE, Legal Manager.

OMNIBUS NOTICE. OMNIBUS NOTICE.
F. STOKES has much pleasure to inform the inhabitants of Darlinghurst and Woolloomooloo that his line of Invincible Omnibuses will start as follows:—Victoria-street, 8.30 a.m., and every half-hour till 9 p.m.; and from Circular Quay for Darlinghurst at 9 a.m. and every half-hour till 9.30 p.m.
Commencing on MONDAY, October 28.
T. STOKES, Proprietor.

OVERLAND FOR THE MELBOURNE CUP.
NOTICE.
Three 'Buses carrying thirty passengers, will leave the Globe Hotel, Albury, for each train leaving Wodonga during the issue of RETURN TICKETS.
THOMAS COLLS, Globe Hotel, Albury.

WOOL.—The undersigned will make liberal advances on Wool of the ensuing clip. A. HINCHCLIFF, Wool Stores, Circular Quay.

WOOL AND OTHER PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances made by the undersigned on wool and other produce placed in their hands for sale in the colonies for shipment to Messrs. Dalgety, Du Croz, and Co., their London firm. Advances made on stations and stock. Station stores supplied.
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.
Offices: Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W. Laidley and Co.'s), Sydney.

MITTAGONG. MITTAGONG.

FIGTREE POINT, BALMAIN.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOHN REDGATE and SON.
A DIVIDEND of 4s in the £ is now payable at Lloyd's-chambers, 302, George-street. Promissory notes must be produced.
L. E. THRELKELD, JOHN SEE, Trustees.

NOTICE TO PAWNBROKERS.—Having LOST all my WEARING APPAREL, BUSINESS DOCUMENTS, and a HOGSKIN SADDLE, carried away by my Wife, please inform me and I will redeem them.
F. SLEATH, Chalk Farm, Cook's River.

NOTICE.—All persons are still CAUTIONED of the Sale of the RUGBEARMS. The property was bought by my father, and left for the benefit of his children.
GEORGE CARTER.

IN ASSIGNED ESTATE OF HENRY ISLER, OF BOGGABRI.
A Second and final DIVIDEND will be payable on and after TUESDAY, 29th October, at the Office of Messrs. THOS J. STUTCHBURY and CO., 5, Wynyard-street. Promissory notes, cheques, &c., to be produced.
T. A. STRICKLAND, THOS. J. STUTCHBURY, Trustees.
24th October, 1878.

NOTICE.—REDGATE'S PATENT MEAL carefully prepared from choice samples of grain, and is the only kind suitable for the present season. Sold by all grocers and storekeepers. Manufactory, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo.

CAUTION.—SWALLOW and ARIELL'S celebrated PRIZE BISCUITS.—It is necessary to particularly observe that labels on tins bear the above name; also that each biscuit is stamped Swallow and Ariell, it having come under my notice that other inferior biscuits are put in tins, with labels a fac-simile of S. and A.'s, which are likely to delude the public.
Sole Agent, W. H. ARIELL, 119 and 121, Sussex-street.

I BEG to return my most sincere and heartfelt thanks to Messrs. Plummer (Plummer and Owen), J. Bennett, and M'Culloch, and the ladies and gentlemen of the Imperial Hotel, Mount Victoria, for their kind and unremitting attention to my SON during his sufferings from injuries received by accident on Sunday, 20th instant.
D. LYONS, Cleveland-street, Moore Park.
October 24.

TAKE YOUR FATHER, MOTHER, AND CHILDREN UNDER THE GASLIGHT, ON SATURDAY NIGHT.

Educational.

A WONDERFUL Improvement in Writing or Bookkeeping in four lessons. Mr. NORRIS, 34, Park-street.

BAD WRITING improved in 4 lessons. NORRIS, Writing Master, 34, Park-street. Established 1861.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION.—A CLASS for the above conducted by W. NOLAN, First Assistant Master of the Model Public School, Fort-street, Sydney, meets Monday, Wednesday, and Friday nights.

ORGAN, PIANOFORTE, HARMONY, AND SINGING.—T. H. BARTLETT, late organist at Rochester Cathedral. Terms, Nicholson and Ascherberg's, or W. H. Paling.

PIANO, Harmonium, Singing.—Visits to Woollahra, Glebe, Paddington. Mr. Harwood, 242, Darlinghurst Road.

A LADY, having large house and grounds, would take CARE of and EDUCATE two little GIRLS. Cards at Mr. Pierce's, agent, William-street.

A LADY (Protestant), able to teach efficiently English, French, music, singing, and drawing, disposed to open a ladies' school at Wollongong, will be well supported.

ILLUSTRATIONS IN THIS WEEK'S SYDNEY MAIL.
Head-quarters of the Mercantile Rowing Club
Portrait of the late Mr. Justice Keogh
Sketch near the Magdala Company's Mine, Stawell
Iron Shipbuilding in Great Britain—View of a Dockyard
Wool and Worsted—Diagrams of Magnified Wool and Flax
Labour-saving Machines—Vertical and Horizontal Boring Machines
The Fashions—Yachting Costumes—New Bonnet.

MAGISTRATES are now so multitudinous in the colony that perhaps the most convenient way to make a record of justices would be to prepare a list of persons who are NOT magistrates. Custom, however, which has so strong an influence over mankind, prevails even in this, and a complete list of magistrates at present on the roll, including from the earliest appointed to the latest gazetted, has been compiled from official sources for the SYDNEY MAIL, and will be given in two instalments in that weekly. The first portion will appear in the issue of Saturday next. A list was given in the MAIL some time ago, but as it comprised only the more recent appointments, it served principally to elicit a general request for one in the complete form now prepared.

Volunteer Notices.

Brigade Office, Sydney, October 23, 1878.
VOLUNTEER FORCE.
BRIGADE ORDER, No. 130.
PROVISIONAL ENROLMENT UNDER NEW VOLUNTEER REGULATIONS.
Certain unforeseen delays having taken place in the preliminary measures which it was necessary should be carried out prior to the formal enrolment of the force to be formed under the new regulations, and it yet being desirable, having in view the advantages offered by paragraph 105 of the said regulations to certain members of the existing Volunteer Force, that opportunity for enrolment should be given to such, prior to the 1st November next, the officers commanding Volunteer Artillery Brigade, Engineers, and 1st and 2nd Regiments Volunteer Rifles, at Head Quarters, will cause rolls to be taken of all those men belonging to their respective regiments or corps who are desirous of joining the Volunteer Artillery Brigade, Engineers, 1st or 2nd Regiments Volunteer Rifles respectively.
The formal attestations and entries in Muster Rolls will not be made until the men have been passed by officers commanding corps and been medically examined.
No men but those coming up to the standard of age, height, chest measurement, and physical fitness, laid down in paragraphs 38, 39, 46, 47, and 50, of the new regulations, need send in their names as they will not be subsequently passed.
Names must be entered in the lists on or prior to the last day of the present month when the list will be closed and remitted to the Brigade Office.
No man now maturing service towards Land Order can be enrolled in the new force.
Attention is drawn to table of establishments published in supplement of the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE dated 9th September, which establishment cannot be exceeded.
By Command.
(Signed), W. B. B. CHRISTIE, Major, Major of Brigade.

Volunteer Artillery Brigade Office, Sydney, 24th October, 1878.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS OF THE V. A.—Having in view the advantages offered by paragraph 105 of the New Regulations to certain members of the existing Volunteer Force, that opportunity for enrolment should be given to each prior to the 1st November next.
Officers commanding Batteries are directed to forward to this office without delay the names of those men of their respective Batteries desirous of serving under the New Volunteer Regulations.
By order.
WARNER SPALDING, Major, and Adjutant V. A. Brigade.

FIRST REGIMENT, V. R.—The Battalion will Parade, without arms, in undress at the Victoria Barracks, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 7.30 p.m.
Officers commanding companies are requested to send in the names of those members of their respective corps who wish to continue their services in the Volunteer Force under the New Regulations.
Particular attention is called to the Brigade Order, No. 130, of 23rd October, 1878.
By order.
W. CHATFIELD, Captain, Adjutant.

SECOND REGIMENT VOL. RIFLES.—Officers commanding Companies will forward to this Office, PRIOR TO THE 1st PROXIMO, the names of the men of their respective Corps willing to join under the New Regulations.
Attention is directed to paragraphs 38, 39, 46, 47, and 50 of the New Regulations, and only the names of those coming within the conditions there specified are to be submitted. The names of men maturing for Land Orders are not to be taken.
Officers will point out to their men the advantages to be derived under paragraph 105.
By order.
JAMES WILSON, Captain, Adjutant 2nd Regiment.

NO. 1 BATTERY, VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.—All Arms, Accoutrements, and Haversacks must be returned at once to Sergeant-Major ANGUS, for the purpose of returning them into store, as per Brigade Order.
F. FAHEY, Captain.

NO. 11 BATTERY.—PARADE, TO-NIGHT, Hyde Park; full dress, haversacks. J. J. TWOMEY.

NO. 4 RIFLES.—Company DRILL, Victoria Barracks, TUESDAY, October 29th, at 7.30. Every member must attend, and hand in his arms, accoutrements, and helmet. See Brigade Order, which is imperative. Undress uniform, with forage caps. Helmets to be brought, not worn.
J. J. DAVEY, Captain.

ENGINEER RIFLE CLUB.—PRIZE Shooting SATURDAY, 26th. C. S. CANSDELL, Hon. Sec.

NO. 2 CO.—SHOOTING for Company Trophies, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, 2.30. C. A. WILSON, Captain.

NO. 6 CO.—Shooting for all Company Prizes TO-MORROW, 3 sharp. J. H. MORRIS, Captain.

NO. 8 CO.—All ARMS, Accoutrements, and Haversacks must be delivered to the undersigned, at Victoria Barracks, on MONDAY next, the 28th instant, at 7.30 p.m.
J. M. SMITH, Captain.

SOUTH SYDNEY V. R.—Special PARADE, Railway Station, TUESDAY next, 7.45 sharp. Accoutrements, haversacks, slings, &c., must be handed over. Non-effectives must attend with their helmets. All members who purpose joining under the new Regulations, must give in their names, as no one will be enrolled after the above parade.
WILLIAM BURNETT, Lieutenant-Commanding.

NO. 2 HIGHLANDERS.—DRILL, at Hyde Park, on FRIDAY EVENING, at 7.30. All accoutrements must be handed over.
Business of importance afterwards.
H. J. CHISHOLM, Captain.

VOL. L. ORDERS bought and sold. F. SOMERS, 183, Pitt-street, 10 to 4; after 6 p.m., Buck's Hotel, Surry Hills.

Municipal Elections.

COOK WARD.
ELECTORS, VOTE for WITHERS, a resident of the ward, a practical and energetic man.

ELECTORS OF COOK WARD.—Be not deceived, Alderman CARPENTER is a CANDIDATE for re-election.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF PETERSHAM.—NOTICE is hereby given that legal proceedings will be taken for the recovery of all rates now outstanding.
By order of the Mayor.
AUBREY MOWLE, Council-Clerk.
Council-chambers, Petersham, October 23, 1878.

Businesses for Sale.

A COUNTRY STORE, in the Northern district, for SALE; established about 15 years. To an active and industrious man, with £2000 capital, it is a splendid opportunity. Stock about £1000.
Apply to S. THOMPSON and CO., 362, George-street.

A WELL-ESTABLISHED BUSINESS for SALE, in George-street. Returns, £6000 per annum; profits large, and expenses very low. Lease, 4 years unexpired, small rental.
A good opportunity for an industrious man with moderate capital.
Apply to S. THOMPSON and CO., 362, George-street.

SUBURBAN HOTEL, £150; 7 years' lease; rent, 30s. J. HYETT, 494, George-street.

HOTEL, George-street, £350; 5 years' lease. J. HYETT, 494, George-street.

TOBACCONIST'S Business, genuine, and House, handsome furniture; liberal; suit lady. TAYLOR and CO.

HOTEL, central, city; incoming, £800; weekly taking, £50 to £60. TAYLOR and CO., 355, George-street.

HOTEL, £180, good lease, easy rent, must always command large trade. BUER and CO., 67, Pitt-street.

GROCERY STORE, £100, long lease, low rent; trade, £60 weekly; crowded neighbourhood; stock optional. BUER and CO.

HOTEL for SALE, cheap. E. Ramsay, 412, George and King streets.

BUSINESS PREMISES for SALE, situated at the corner of two wide streets, returning £126 per annum net, cheap.
C. T. BURFITT, 355, George-street.

HOTEL for SALE, the best corner in Oxford-street; liberal assistance. Hotel Agency, 68, King-street.

ESTABLISHED Agency BUSINESS for SALE; splendid chance for a man with £150. Estate Agency, 68, King-street.

FOR SALE, Family HOTEL, near the wharfs; price, £300; lease, 7 years. 110, King-street.

FOR SALE, compact HOTEL, suburbs, well furnished; price, £180; bargain. Apply Joseph and Co. 110, King-st.

FOR SALE, Family HOTEL, city, handsomely furnished; furniture worth the money; £670. Joseph and Co.

HOTELS and BOARDING-HOUSES, city, suburbs, and country. W. H. SIMPKINS, 168, Pitt-street.

TAKE YOUR SWEETHEART UNDER THE GASLIGHT, on SATURDAY NIGHT.

THE Nephalist Temperance Hotel, 67, King-street (over James and Pierce's) will be OPENED on MONDAY next. Table d'hôte at 1. Board and residence. M. A. CONNOLLY, Manager.

SENOR CORVILLO, Phrenologist. Advice to Travellers. 66, [illegible]-street.

Amusements.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

THIS EVENING,
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1878,
BENEFIT
of
Miss FANNY WISEMAN.
TOPSY,
the original and only one.
(By special request).
Mrs. H. B. Stow's MORAL AND RELIGIOUS DRAMA,
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN
Uncle Tom's Cabin.
Positively the Last Night of
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,
THE NEW PRINCESS' UNCLE TOM'S CABIN COMPANY,
LEWIS'S ORIGINAL GEORGIA MINSTRELS,
and Victoria Theatre Dramatic Company.

SPECIAL REQUEST.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
last appearance and BENEFIT of
DEAR LITTLE EVA.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN FOR THE LAST TIME.

In preparation on a grand scale,
UNDER THE GAS LIGHT. UNDER THE GAS LIGHT,
WITH NEW SCENERY, MECHANICAL EFFECTS,
PROPERTIES, and the LARGEST COMPANY
EVER ASSEMBLED IN SYDNEY.

Box Office, Elvy and Co. Doors open, 7.15. Curtain rises at 7.45.

REDUCED PRICES.
3s, 2s 6d, 1s 6d, 1s, and SIXPENCE.
LIDDY, Business Manager.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Lessee ... ... M. Hegarty.
Acting Manager ... ... Thomas Kennedy.
SECOND WEEK
Second Week
Second Week
and
INCREASING POPULARITY
of
Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's
MORAL and RELIGIOUS DRAMA,
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN
Uncle Tom's Cabin
Uncle Tom's Cabin,
Uncle Tom's Cabin
Uncle Tom's Cabin
Uncle Tom's Cabin

Presented by the inventors and producers of the present version, and including the selected company from the Princess Theatre, Melbourne—
ALL ARTISTS OF ACKNOWLEDGED ABILITY—
The Entire Company of CHAS. B. HICKS'S
ORIGINAL GEORGIA MINSTRELS
Original Georgia Minstrels
Original Georgia Minstrels

THE QUEEN'S THEATRE
FIRST-CLASS DRAMATIC COMPANY,
and Dr. L. L. SMITH'S BLOODHOUNDS, together forming the most powerful combination ever offered to the public, who are respectfully cautioned against being misled by announcements which are not founded on fact.
HOSEA EASTON,
THE ORIGINAL REPRESENTATIVE OF
"UNCLE TOM,"
appears nightly at the Queen's Theatre, and was the first coloured man who ever performed the character. A sketch of his life and experiences in slavery will be published shortly.
LITTLE BELLE RUSSELL,
EVA EVA EVA } THE ORIGINAL { EVA EVA EVA
and the most successful exponent of
TOPSY,
MISS MAUDE DANVERS.

EVERY EVENING.

Admission, 3s, 2s, 1s. Children half-price to all parts of the house. Plan of reserved seats at Nicholson and Ascherberg's. Tickets for stalls and pit at Cole's, corner King and George-streets.

MEET YOUR SWEETHEART
UNDER THE GASLIGHT,
on
SATURDAY NIGHT.

BOTANY. BOTANY. BOTANY.
SIR JOSEPH BANK'S PAVILION,
BOTANY.
DANCING and SKATING,
on
SATURDAY next, October 26.

This Magnificent Pavilion
will
OPEN on SATURDAY NEXT,
for
DANCING and SKATING.

City Union Band of 12 Performers specially selected for the Pavilion.

DANCING,
under the superintendence of
Mr. WILLIAM KING.

SKATING,
under the direction of
Mr. ALFRED WYBURD,
Champion Skater.

A magnificent new Stock of Skates on hire.

The Proprietor has determined upon opening the PAVILION EVERY SATURDAY, and to ensure respectability, no intoxicating liquors of any kind will be served in the Pavilion.

'Buses from Wynyard-square every ten minutes.

Admission—Pavilion, 1s.
ALFRED WYBURD, Manager.

The whole under the supervision of
Mr. FRANK SMITH.

GRAND CONCERT
in aid of
ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Forest Lodge,
tendered by the principal amateur artistes of this city,
and kindly assisted by
Mr. T. H. RAINFORD,
the eminent basso,
will be held at the MASONIC HALL,
on
MONDAY EVENING,
November 4,
at 8 o'clock.

PROGRAMMES ISSUING.

Tickets at J. J. Moore's, and E. Flanagan's, booksellers, George-street South.

M. BURNAND
begs to announce that his
GRAND PIANOFORTE RECITAL,
under the patronage of the
Honorable Lady ROBINSON,
will take place on
TUESDAY EVENING next,
at the MASONIC HALL.

The seats which were secured for last Wednesday evening will hold good for next Tuesday Evening.

Box office at Elvy and Co.'s.

PEARL BAY. PEARL BAY.—SATURDAY next, 26th instant.—N. S. W. OPERATIVE BAKERS' PICNIC and trip up MIDDLE HARBOUR.—The Secretary begs to inform the bakers and their friends that arrangements have been made for a supply of good refreshments on the ground. Steamers start from Circular Quay at 12 a.m. and 1.30 p.m., returning at 5.30 and 6 p.m. Tickets, 2s and 1s each.
JOHN HAWKINS, Hon. Secretary.

MEET YOUR SWEETHEART
UNDER THE GASLIGHT
on
SATURDAY NIGHT.

SURRY HILLS WESLEYAN SUNDAY SCHOOL.
ANNUAL PICNIC TO CLONTARF,
on SATURDAY (TO-MORROW), OCTOBER 26.

Steamer from WOOLLOOMOOLOO BAY at 8.30 and 10.30 a.m., and 2 p.m.; from CIRCULAR QUAY, at 10 a.m. and 1.30 p.m. punctually.
The Committee have made provision for suitable out-of-door Sports—FRISQUETTE (under the direction of Mr. F. IRONSIDE, who has kindly undertaken to be present for that purpose), CRICKET, ROUNDERS, &c.
Visitors' tickets, 2s; children, 1s.
Hot and cold water provided.
Children of the Infant Classes will not be taken unless accompanied by a parent or guardian.
S. B. DOWSETT, Hon. Secretary.

COMPLIMENTARY PICNIC TO
ALEXANDER KETHEL, Esq.,
to be held at
CORRY'S GARDENS, BOTANY, on SATURDAY, 26th instant.
Tickets may be had from the following members of committee, viz.:—Mr. W. F. Martin, Sussex-street; Mr. John See, ditto; Mr. W. Hezlett, ditto; Mr. F. Gibbons, ditto; Mr. G. Coulter, ditto; Mr. A. Brown, ditto; Mr. R. N. Sadleir, ditto; Mr. D. M'Beath, Waterloo-chambers, George-street; Mr. F. B. Hall, Market Wharf; and R. Grant, foot of Market-street.

GOVETT'S LEAP HOTEL, BLACKHEATH,
WESTERN LINE OF RAILWAY.
MOST SALUBRIOUS RETREAT IN THE COLONY.
3494 feet above sea level.

Mr. T. BUTTS desires to intimate to the GENTRY OF SYDNEY and other colonies that in consequence of the liberal patronage last season, he has made extensive additions to meet increasing business. The establishment is near to the celebrated GOVETT'S LEAP, HAT HILL, and GROSE VALLEY.
The surrounding scenery for grandeur is unsurpassed.
Horses and Vehicles on Hire.

SCULLERS' RACE ON PARRAMATTA RIVER.
—SPLATT v. SULLIVAN.—Messrs. Splatt and Sullivan beg to inform their friends that they have engaged the fast and commodious steamer PRINCESS to accompany the race on SATURDAY next, 26th. Steamer leaves Pyrmont at a quarter-past 2, Balmain twenty minutes past 2, and Circular Quay at 3 o'clock sharp. Tickets, 1s 6d.

MASTER BAKERS' ANNUAL PICNIC
takes place
on WEDNESDAY, the 30th October,
at Correy's Gardens.
Tickets—Gentlemen, 12s 6d
Ladies, 10s 6d
Children, 5s,
which may be had from Messrs. Holmes, Dance, A. Small, Dingle, Shields, Cook, Purves, and Gaffney.
'Buses leave the Gardeners' Arms, York-street, at 10 sharp.
B. GAFFNEY,
Hon. Secretary.

NEW SOUTH WALES OPERATIVE BAKERS ASSOCIATION'S Annual PICNIC to PEARL BAY, and Trip up MIDDLE HARBOUR, on SATURDAY next, 26th instant. IMPERIAL BAND for Dancing. All kinds of Sports on the ground. Steamers will leave Circular Quay, at 12 a.m. and 1.30 sharp, returning at 6 p.m. Tickets, 2s; children, 1s each.
JOHN HAWKINS, Hon. Secretary.

THE Exhibition.—Open until 6 o'clock This Day, The Royal Furnishing Arcade, George-st. W. B. CAMPBELL.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Lessee and Manager ... ... Mr. Samuel Lazar.
Stage Manager ... ... Mr. B. N. Jones.

ANOTHER CROWDED HOUSE
accorded by
AN ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCE
to witness
Miss EDITH PENDER
and
MR. W. DILLON
in
THE GREATEST SENSATION DRAMA
of the day
FORSAKEN
THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE
Thunders of Applause

CALLS AND RECALLS
and
UNPARALLELED SATISFACTION
EVINCED NIGHTLY
at the production of this
GRAND DRAMA
Grand Drama

THIS (Friday) EVENING, October 25,
FORSAKEN

MABEL GRAINGER } PHILIP (the Orphan) } ... Miss EDITH PENDER
THE WAIF ... Mr. WM. DILLON.

THE EVENING HYMN
sung by
THIRTY SCHOOL CHILDREN
the
STEAM SAW MILL SCENE—AT WORK
with all its
REALISTIC and ORIGINAL EFFECTS
superseding anything hitherto attempted on the Stage, and which
NIGHTLY CAUSES
THE MOST FEVERISH EXCITEMENT
ever yet experienced in
ANY THEATRE IN AUSTRALIA.

POPULAR PRICES.

GUILD HALL.
Lessee and Manager ... Mr. John E. Fulton.

CONTINUED SUCCESS
and still
ANOTHER HOUSE CROWDED.

EVERYBODY DELIGHTED.

THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE
GREET THE WONDERFUL
PROFESSOR S. S. and CLARA
BALDWIN
in their
FAMOUS ENTERTAINMENT,
SPIRITUALISM
EXPOSED.

Among the many tests given TO-NIGHT will be—
SPIRITUAL LIGHTNING—explained so all can do it.

TRANSMUTATION of Jennie Holmes } Very
SPIRITUAL WINE and WATER } Laughable.

SEANCE INFERNALE, a la Davenports, in the light.
"Sometimes Spirits work, sometimes they don't."
CLARA BALDWIN'S A LA IMPOSSIBILITY,
Stocks and Pillory.
Prof. S. S. BALDWIN'S GREAT HANDCUFF TEST,
DAVENPORT, BROTHERS' HANDCUFF TEST,
explained, so all can do it.

FAT'S COAT TEST OUTDONE } explained on the
A PUZZLED COMMITTEE MAN } open Stage.
SPIRITUAL SLATE WRITING } Very puzzling.

CLARA BALDWIN'S
MARVELLOUS KATIE KING MYSTERY,
Do the Dead return, or is it Deception!

FIFTEEN MINUTES WITH THE GHOSTS.

In this startling Seance Clara Baldwin is placed under such conditions as to make fraud of any kind impossible. Faces and forms are materialized; Spirits walk out in the light. Professor [illegible] person in the audience will recognise one.

Honto, the Wild Indian. Capt. King, a Pirate. Dead Friends.
Mr. M'KENZIE'S GREAT COAT FEAT, in connection with the
BEAUTIFUL KATIE KING.
TRANSFIGURATION } Dead, yet alive
THE ENTRANCED MEDIUM }
SPIRITUAL THEORIES, SENSIBLE EXPLANATIONS,
and during the evening
THE WEIRD CLAIRVOYANCY.

The
BALDWINS
are the
ONLY GENUINE EXPOSERS
of
SPIRITUALISM
in the WORLD, and
CHALLENGE
all
SO-CALLED MEDIUMS
So-called Mediums.

Be sure and secure your seats.

SCALE OF PRICES:
Reserved Seats ... 3s.
Gallery ... 2s.
Back Seats ... 1s.
Seats may be reserved at Elvy and Co.'s music store.
Doors open at 7, to commence at 8. Carriages at 10.30.

TAKE YOUR SWEETHEART
UNDER THE GASLIGHT
on
SATURDAY NIGHT.

NEWTOWN v. EAST SYDNEY, at Newtown.—Seale, Neale (2), Webster, Scanlan, Tindall, Watson, Decly, Bullen, Chislett, Crane.
3rd v. Marmion, at Camperdown.—Dunlop (2), Howe (2), Lane, Pitman, Watson, Hamblin, White, Bell, Boyd, Murray.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Waterloo.—Public Temperance Entertainment To-night. New programme. No collection.

CHESTER C. C. v. EASTERN C. C.—Kingsbury, Corns, Torr, Swinfield, Parsons, M'Kay, Ferguson, Richardson, Brigden, Hand, Fuller, Bell 12th, Borland 13th. Eastern's ground, half-past 2 sharp. R. M. TORR, Hon. Secretary.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND,
MOORE PARK.

The ground has been engaged for the following matches and sports during the present season:—Australian Eleven v. N. S. Wales, the Gentlemen of England v. N. S. Wales (two matches), the Melbourne University v. Sydney University, and the Highland Gathering, &c.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, ONE GUINEA.
ENTRANCE FEE TO NEW MEMBERS, HALF-A-GUINEA.
LIFE MEMBERS, TEN GUINEAS.

Tickets can be obtained from W. B. Walford, jun., Esq.; Messrs. Walford and Sparke, George-street; Messrs. Cohen, Harris, and Co., George-street; and
JOHN M. GIBSON, Hon. Secretary,
Box 323, General Post Office.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND,
MOORE PARK.

SATURDAY next, the 26th instant.

UNIVERSITY C. C. v. EIGHTEEN of COMBINED SCHOOLS.
Continued.

Admission, 6d; grand stand, 1s.
Members of the University Cricket Club admitted free on production of this season's card of membership.
JOHN M. GIBSON, Hon. Secretary
N. S. W. Cricket Association.

CLYDE CRICKET CLUB.

EXCURSION to CHOWDER BAY,
on SATURDAY, 26th October.
The YOUNG AUSTRALIAN BAND is engaged. The fast and commodious steamer PRINCE OF WALES will leave the Circular Quay at 1.15 and 2.30 p.m., calling at Woolloomooloo at 2.40 p.m. Tickets, 1s 6d each.
G. W. IRELAND, Hon. Secretary.

REDFERN 1st, see to-morrow's HERALD; 2nd, v. Carlingford, Redfern ground; Doherty, J., Howe, P., Phillips, Clifford, Mulcahey (2), M'Lachlan, H., Lenton, Hudson Todd, Bridge, Quick. THOS. M. WILLIAMSON, Hon. Sec.

IRON DUKE C.C. v. RAILWAY C.C., own ground, 2.30.—Blackman, Dellar, Foskett, Hinchcliffe, Morgan, Rose, W. Saunders, F. Saunders, Siddins, Smythe, Turner, Munro 12th.
HENRY J. FOSKETT, Hon. Secretary.

DOUBLE BAY CRICKET CLUB (new) now open for Engagements. W. VAN HEEKEREN, Hon. Secretary.

NATIONAL C.C. v. SOUTH SYDNEY C.C. 2ND.—Match off. No ground. A. TREMAIN, Secretary.

WAVERLEY C.C. v. RANDWICK C.C.—The following to meet at the back of the Asylum, TO-MORROW, at 2.30 p.m.:—J. Barlow, Curtis, Ferris, Gleeson, Hart, Jewel, Moylan, Smith, Wall, Whelan, Williams, Brewer 12th, Dixon 13th.

WAVERLEY CRICKET CLUB disengaged for Nov. 2, and other dates. H. Brewer, Post-office, Waverley.

ROYAL ALBERT v. BELMORE C. C., Matchett's Flat.—P. Marr, W. Martin, J. Hutchinson, J. Clune, J. Peck, E. De Carle, J. Barker, H. Thomas, J. Schneider, J. Climpson, W. J. Stevens, P. Clinch, 12th. J. HUTCHINSON, Hon. Sec.

ALMA C.C. v. PACIFIC C.C.—The following members please meet on Alma Ground, 2.30 sharp:—Heydon, 2 Browns, Bosman, Hatfield, Rowley, Greenwood, Radford, Smith, Danaher, Fitzgibbons, Knox 12th, Cook 13th.

HYPERION C. C. v. PRINCE ALFRED C. C.—Burton, Clune, Fowler J., Fowler C., Lee, Humphries, Melly, Powell, Westman, Wood, Stewart, Burcher F., Bennett, Camperdown ground, 2.30, TO-MORROW.

WILLOW C. C. v. PETERSHAM C. C.—Meet at Railway Station, 2 sharp. W. F. LANGLEY, Hon. Sec.

FIRST EAST SYDNEY C. C. (re-organised) v. 1st NEWTOWN C. C.—Newtown ground, SATURDAY—Hinchey, Fisher, Dickens, Fitzgerald, Toohey, Davis, Yarnton, Ranger, Holdsworth, Mitchell, Collins, emergency Smith.

ARNOLD'S QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY,
FRIDAY EVENING,
Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street.
Dancing commences at 8 o'clock.

SCHNAPPER.—S.S. KATE leaves Woolloomooloo at 8 a.m., SUNDAY, 27th instant. Ticket, 5s.

ATHOL GARDENS! ATHOL GARDENS!!—Annual EXCURSION and PICNIC of the WESLEYAN SABBATH-SCHOOLS (North Circuit), TO-MORROW, Saturday, 26th.—The fast and commodious steamer QUANDONG will run as follows:—Circular Quay at 9.15, 10.30, 12 (noon), and 2 p.m.; Woolloomooloo at 2.15 p.m.; leaving Athol at 4.30 and 6 p.m.
Return tickets, 1s 6d; children, 1s. Various amusements.
Tickets may be had at the Steamer Depot, King-street; or of the undersigned.
C. A. H. REDGRAVE, General Secretary.

FLOWER SHOW and GENERAL HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—The Horticultural Society's Grand Spring Exhibition will take place in the lower Botanic Gardens, on the 30th and 31st instants. Particulars may be obtained of the undersigned.
JNO. GELDING, Hon. Sec.

THE Flower Show Exhibitors must deliver their entries of exhibits by Saturday, the 26th instant.
JNO. GELDING, Hon. Sec.

NEW SOUTH WALES PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24.

The PRESIDENT took the chair at thirty minutes past 4 o'clock.

HOSPITAL ACCOUNTS.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN asked the Vice-President of the Executive Council,—"1. Whether it is intended to act on the suggestion of Mr. Alfred Roberts, contained in his memorandum of the 5th May last, laid on the table of this House, as to the keeping of accounts by hospitals which receive pecuniary aid from the Treasury, and the making by them of a prescribed annual statistical return? 2. Whether, if so, steps have been, or will in due time be taken for bringing the suggested rule into operation from the end of the present year?"

Mr. MARKS replied,—1. Yes. 2. The suggested rule can hardly take effect at so early a date.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN asked the Vice-President of the Executive Council,—"1. Whether any reformatory school has been established under the Reformatory Schools Act of 1866? 2. If so, how many of such schools have been so established, and where? 3. Has the ship Vernon been declared to be such a school? 4. If there be as yet no such school, does the Government intend to establish reformatory schools, or at least one such school, at an early period?"

Mr. MARKS replied: 1 and 2. One such institution had been established, viz., the Reformatory School for Females at Cockatoo Island. This institution would shortly be removed to a more suitable site at Watson's Bay, where buildings were being erected for the purpose. 3. The Vernon is an industrial school under the Industrial Schools' Act of 1866. 4. The establishment of a reformatory school for boys was under consideration.

ADJOURNMENT.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN moved the adjournment of the House as a matter of form, in order to enable him to make one or two observations in regard to the answers which had been given to his questions. With regard to the latter question, it did not appear whether the ship Vernon was anything more than an industrial school. He presumed that it was simply an industrial school and not a reformatory school. He wished to observe that it was really of great importance that reformatory schools for boys—or, at all events, one such school—should be established, and it was greatly to be regretted that so many years had been allowed to elapse without such a school being established. If lads under 16 years of age could be sent to a reformatory instead of to gaol, there would be some reasonable chance of their being reformed and becoming useful members of society. He would take the liberty of saying also, with respect to the first question, that he did not see why the alteration in the mode of keeping hospital accounts could not take effect from the beginning of next year, if instructions to do so were given to the managing bodies of the various hospitals, as more than two months yet remained of this year. Further, he desired to point out the desirability of the Government seeing that the money it gave towards the erection or repair of hospitals was properly expended. In several instances, as was pointed out in a letter written by Mr. Alfred Roberts, hospitals had been erected on very bad plans, and were ill-ventilated and ill-regulated.

The motion was negatived.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. FOSTER laid on the table a return of correspondence between their Honors the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Government touching the appointment of an additional Judge of the Supreme Court. [illegible] documents be printed.

RESTORATION OF LAPSED BUSINESS.

The PRESIDENT called the attention of the House to two motions on the paper for the restoration of business which had lapsed for want of a quorum. He did so because it was his intention not to call them on as formal motions, but to allow them to come on in the usual course, as the taking of them as formal motions would give the business to which they referred a precedence it was not entitled to. Such motions did not come within the meaning of the 42nd standing order, which applied to ordinary resolutions and orders of the day for the third reading of bills. The motions were not in proper form. Instead of moving that the proceedings be now resumed, the motion should be to restore the order of the day to the paper.

PRIVATE BILL.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN moved for leave to bring in a bill to enable the trustees of the will of William Gosling Moore to sell and lease certain lands, and to make provision for the disposal and investment of the proceeds of the sale thereof.

The motion was agreed to, and Sir ALFRED STEPHEN brought in the bill, which was read a first time, and ordered to be printed.

GRAPE VINES AND GRAPES IMPORTATION PROHIBITION BILL.

On the motion of Mr. MARKS, this bill was read the third time, passed, and ordered to be transmitted to the Legislative Assembly for its concurrence.

IMPOUNDING ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. THORNTON moved,—"That the proceedings in reference to the 'Impounding Act Amendment Bill' be now resumed at the point where they were interrupted for want of a quorum on the 10th instant."

Mr. A. CAMPBELL thought it was highly desirable to alter the present practice with regard to the restoration of lapsed business to the paper. If this motion were agreed to, the House would have, at once, to go to a division on the second reading of the bill, without any further discussion. It would be better when matters were restored to the paper in this way to begin the consideration anew.

Mr. HOLT called the attention of hon. members to the fact that there were two motions of this sort on to-day's paper, while Sir Alfred Stephen had given notice of a third. He thought it a most inconvenient practice for hon. members to absent themselves, and allow the business to fall through for want of a quorum.

Mr. C. CAMPBELL asked if the hon. member was in order in making these remarks on the motion?

Mr. HOLT submitted that the hon. member was grossly out of order. He submitted he was confining himself entirely to the point, which was, that these motions required to be made to replace matters that had lapsed merely for want of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT said the hon. member was not extending his observations too far, but he would suggest that the cause of these bills being allowed to lapse should be discussed in a specific motion.

Mr. HOLT said he had tried that himself and had failed.

Mr. RUSSELL said the hon. gentleman had said that they should sit more regularly, and no matter what the amount of time wasted by hon. members generally, and by the hon. member who had just spoken in particular. He had many times observed that the time of the House was wasted at the commencement of business, and in useless discussions an hour and a half was frequently lost. The hon. member himself had wasted more time than enough by his question of whether prisoners should sit or stand in a dock; and he was afraid he was not done with it yet. He himself would frequently have remained to vote only that he did not know when discussions would terminate.

Mr. DARLEY said he rose to say a few words. The present practice was an inconvenient one. It would be better that when the House was counted out on any bill the question should be resumed as from the commencement, and that there should be power to move the second reading of the bill. He desired, in justice to himself, to say a few words with respect to a report in a newspaper which reported in this House, which made him appear to say words which were certainly a great aspersion upon justices of the peace, and which he did not use. He was made to say that justices were mere creations, and unqualified, uneducated men. What he did say was, that they were creatures of statute law, and had no powers except those that statute law gave them, just the same as the members of this House might be said to be merely the creations of Constitutional law.

Mr. FOSTER asked if it would be in order to move that the bill be restored on a particular day?

The PRESIDENT said it would be quite in order, because the amendment was one as to time; but it would not get over the difficulties which had been pointed out, with regard to the proceedings being now resumed.

Mr. GORDON said the President would remember as well as he did that, years ago, the rule which had been indicated was adopted, and that was that notice of motion was given to restore a matter to the paper on a certain day. Of late years, however, some injudicious members had got hold of the idea of moving that the proceedings be now resumed at the point where they were interrupted, which gave a preference as against motions which had been on the paper for days. The President, he thought, should make a rule on the subject.

Mr. THORNTON said that he had simply adopted the phraseology of the House.

The resolution was agreed to.

The question that the word "now" proposed to be omitted with a view to the insertion of "six months" stand part of the motion for the second reading of the bill was then put, and a division taken, with the following result.

AYES, 9.

Marks	Stephen	Graham	
Foster	Innes	Thornton	Tellers.
Campbell, A.	Smith	De Salis	

NOES, 9.

Russell	Ogilvie	Campbell, C.	
Busby	Darley	Samuel	Tellers.
Lord, F.	Gordon	Holt	

There being nine and nine, the PRESIDENT gave his vote with the ayes.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. THORNTON moved that the committal of the bill stand an order of the day for this day fortnight.

The PRESIDENT said if this motion was agreed to the debate could take place on the motion that [illegible] now leave the chair.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL thought the better plan would have been to have gone into committee and then adjourned.

The PRESIDENT pointed out that in committee a debate could not take place on the merits of the whole bill.

The motion for the committal of the bill was then agreed to.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN moved,—"That the proceedings in reference to the Adulteration of Food Prevention Bill be now resumed at the point where they were interrupted, for want of a quorum, on the 17th instant." He could not help submitting that it was very undesirable that bills and motions should be got rid of by counting out the House when they were objected to, or that a division should be insisted upon when it was perfectly well known that the House must be counted out. It was very important, he thought, that the question should be fairly and fully entertained.

The PRESIDENT said it was not strictly in order to discuss the rules of the House on a motion of this kind.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL proposed to move an amendment to the effect that the proceedings to be resumed be now restored to the paper.

The PRESIDENT pointed out that this would not prevent the proceedings, when resumed, being resumed at the point where they were interrupted.

The original motion was agreed to, and the debate was resumed on the question that the Chairman leave the chair and that the House resolve itself into committee to consider the details of the bill.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN said this was a measure which had passed that House twice. He believed it was generally called for, and almost universally believed to be of importance. A large proportion of the bill was the same as provisions that passed the Parliament of Great Britain some three or four years ago. The bill was introduced originally in the other House and there it passed. Some objections, part technical and part of them substantial, were then raised to provisions of the bill, and it was agreed that whatever alterations were made in the Council, would most probably be assented to in the Assembly, and certainly would be endorsed by the gentlemen who introduced the bill. The amendments were considered very minutely, and one or two clauses were withdrawn, the bill went to the other House and it simply dropped. It passed the Council again, and again was lost in the Assembly. He now merely moved that the President leave the chair, and that the House go into committee on the bill.

Mr. GORDON thought there was very little probability of such a bill coming into operation. It had passed the House two or three times but always had been eventually laid aside. This was simply because it would be inoperative. It would be impossible to carry out the clauses of the bill, and very wisely the other House laid it aside, and took that course perhaps not wishing to give offence to this House. Hon. members had had a repetition of these bills, session after session passed in this House, and the time of the House had been largely taken up day after day with measures that came to nothing. But the next session they were brought up again, given a little adornment or otherwise altered. Then the hon. and learned member complained that others did not wait to hear all that could be said on the bills. If this bill were again passed by the House it never could become law, because the provisions could not be carried out. We had no machinery to carry them out. For that reason he though it perfectly useless to discuss over and over again the Adulteration of Food Prevention Bill and the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Bill. He therefore opposed the motion.

Professor SMITH thought the House ought to pass the bill. He agreed to a considerable extent with the observations of the last speaker, for he was not sanguine about the provisions being effective unless there was a Board of Health to take charge of the business of carrying them out. But if a person was aggrieved by getting an adulterated article, then under this bill he could obtain an analysis and prosecute the offender. Then if he made good his case the expense of the analysis would become part of the costs payable by the offender. This he believed would have a good moral effect by deterring much of the adulteration [illegible] was not perfect, but he thought they should go through with the measure. The dropping of the bill on former occasions had not been owing to opposition to its principles, but to accidental circumstances, and perhaps it might now have a more favourable reception. The House, he thought, would do well to pass the bill with a few alterations.

Mr. HOLT thought the bill would be to a great extent unworkable. Cheshire cheese, which was coloured with annatto, would be prohibited under this bill. [Professor SMITH: Only when it could be proved that annatto is injurious.] But was it a wholesome drug, and did it not increase the bulk? Besides, the bill would put a stop to the business of spirit merchants who were in the habit of benefiting themselves and also consumers by putting water in the spirits. It was a common practice for spirit merchants to increase the bulk of spirits by means of water. This was very beneficial; and how could those merchants exist with such a clause as that against increasing bulk. He questioned whether a large proportion of the inmates of lunatic asylums were not brought there by the consumption of fusel-oil in spirits. It would be a useful measure if all the clauses were eliminated except the new clauses Sir Alfred Stephen proposed to introduce.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL thought they ought to go on with the bill notwithstanding the objections by Mr. Russell might be well founded. The time was not far distant when we must have a Board of Health, and then such a bill would be exceedingly useful and essential. Even if it could not wholly be carried out, he agreed that the bill would have a moral effect, though perhaps not full legal potency. If legislation on the subject was prevented, they would be encouraging adulteration. With regard to the reason given for not proceeding with the bill—that it would not pass in the other House—they ought not to take cognisance of that. They had to consider whether it was a measure that was required. Even if the bill remained a dead letter on the "Statute Book" they ought to pass it.

Sir GEORGE INNES said the second reading of this bill had been carried during the present month, and now they were having a discussion on the general principles of the bill without any additional reason. The principle of the bill had been affirmed without division.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN, in reply, said surely it was no reflection upon him that he was introducing a measure that had passed the House twice, had been introduced in the other Chamber, and had passed the Parliament of Great Britain, and to which bill they had never heard any objection. Then as to a Board of Health being necessary to carry out the provisions of the bill, no one could point out successfully how the object of the bill would be promoted by a Board of Health. Analysis was provided for, and the expense to the complainant would be repaid if he were successful in his prosecution.

The motion was agreed to, and the House went into committee.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN said the clause was intended to apply to the selling of liquor for immediate consumption. He had no affection for the wording of the clause, though he was anxious that the clause should substantially pass. It might be difficult to prove an offence, but the very existence of such a law would have a beneficial effect.

Mr. C. CAMPBELL did not think the clause would have the effect which the hon. member intended. He understood that the object was to prevent a practice, which prevails to a large extent, of first reducing the strength of the liquor, and then adding a small quantity of strong spirit imported for the purpose, whereby the strength was increased. He did not see how this clause would prevent that. Again, under this clause, any publican who sold one or two glasses of rum of ardent quality, would be subject to this penalty. It appeared to him that the clause would be inoperative, and he should feel obliged to vote against it.

Mr. RUSSELL presumed that all liquors were injurious as they contained more or less fusel-oil; so that, under this bill, one could not buy two gallons of brandy or gin for his own use.

Mr. OGILVIE said it was agreed that new rum was very poisonous; and, as he understood the clause aimed at that, he would suggest to the hon. member to specify it particularly.

Professor SMITH said that new rum was not the only liquor that contained this dangerous oil. In all spirits distilled from roots or grain the production of fusel-oil went on. The more one looked at this clause the less one liked it. It would prohibit the sale of a great deal of colonial wine, because whenever wine became sour it was injurious to health.

Sir JOHN HAY thought that a great proportion of the evils attributed to the drinking of alcoholic liquor was due to the drinking of spirits accompanied with deleterious matters. At the present time there was a great consumption of new spirit in the colonies, and yet, somehow or other, we could not devise any legislation which would prevent the evil from going on. He thought some means might be adopted to prevent the sale of the spirit for consumption until it had attained a certain age. He did not think they could effectually deal with a great evil of this kind by passing a law which, whether it would do good or not, could do no harm. The subject was one which the Government ought to take in hand with the view of devising a remedy for the evil.

Mr. FOSTER did not think the clause was by any means a perfect one, but he thought it was calculated to do a great deal of good. Though it might be difficult to put into operation, he believed that it could be put into operation in some cases, and vendors of spirits would hesitate about exposing themselves to the risk of punishment. He thought it would be desirable to amend the clause, so that it should be specially directed against the selling of liquors containing large quantities of fusel oil.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN proposed an amendment that the words "or in any quantity less than two gallons" be omitted.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. FOSTER moved the omission of the words "which in its then state is," with a view to the insertion of the words "containing fusel oil in a proportion which." The clause, as proposed to be amended, would read as follows:—"Every person who shall sell and deliver, or cause or permit to be sold and delivered for immediate consumption by the buyer or any other person at one time any intoxicating liquor containing fusel oil in a proportion which is injurious to health, or calculated to affect injuriously the potency or action of such liquor, shall be liable for each offence to the like penalties as are in the first section provided in respect of the offences there mentioned."

Mr. SAMUEL could not agree with the proposal. After providing all the means of collecting the revenue from the distillation of spirits, and allowing them to be distilled, they wanted to say now "You shall not sell them unless they are a certain age," and yet nothing was said as to what that age should be. They passed laws licensing men, and permitting men to be poisoned, and then they were asked to turn round and say they should not do so. The matter, he thought, required very serious consideration. The growth of sugar in this colony was becoming an important industry, and they should pause to consider how far they were now proposing to interfere with this industry. He was quite willing to admit that the sale of new spirits should be prevented, but should it be done by this Act? Spirits were mixed with things that were quite as injurious as fusel oil. If analytical chemists were appointed all over the colony they might do some good, but not otherwise. They might compel people to keep spirits in bond for a certain time, but they should not say you shall not sell any new spirits at all. New spirits might be sold to a merchant and a merchant might sell them again, and neither the merchant nor the person who bought from him would be able to tell how old they were. Then they had to find out what quantity of fusel oil in spirits was injurious to health, and Professor Smith, with all his experience, had told them he could not tell.

Professor SMITH said he wished to explain. So far as he knew the proportion of fusel oil that was injurious had never been laid down by any authority. There was plenty of spirits in the colony that no doctor or chemist would hesitate to pronounce injurious, but no one had fixed the minimum. He understood that careful distillers who wanted to produce spirits of good quality, rejected the first and last portions. The bill, he thought, was getting in the end of a very useful wedge, which could be improved afterwards.

Mr. SAMUEL said he had always understood that all new rum contained fusel oil. He did not think it would be wise to pass this clause.

Mr. HOLT thought it would do a great deal of good if publicans only knew even that a sergeant of police could come into their places and demand samples. Everyone knew that after shearing, madmen were to be found in great numbers round public-houses.

Mr. DE SALIS intended to vote for the amendment because he thought it would draw people's attention to what was right. There was no prejudice against dealing sharply to prevent people being poisoned, and he was satisfied they would have public opinion with them.

Mr. OGILVIE said the sugar mills had been carried on profitably when the molasses had to be thrown into the river, and power was sought to enable the growers to utilise the molasses. But the industry did not depend on the price of rum. Rum ought not to be sold until it had been in store a considerable time, and the consequent diminution of the price would not have any disastrous effect upon the sugar-growing industry. The merchants would have no opportunity of knowing whether it contained more or less of fusel oil, or whether it was new or not; but he would be able to say how long it had been in bond. The publican would be exposed to no danger, because he would buy it from the spirit merchant, who did not know the age or the quantity of fusel oil contained. He could not, therefore, see any objection to the clause on the ground of being injurious to the sugar-growing interest.

Mr. DARLEY said it was admitted that fusel oil was naturally a part of rum, and therefore that spirit ought not to be allowed to be sold unless it had attained a certain age, at which the fusel oil would have disappeared. He thought, however, they were trying to do too much in the bill, and so would endanger a measure that might be valuable. This was not a clause that one would expect to find in this particular bill.

The words, as proposed, were omitted, and the words proposed to be inserted were agreed to as part of the clause.

The clause was further amended by the omission of the words "or calculated to affect injuriously the potency or action of such liquor."

The clause, as amended, was agreed to.

Progress was reported and leave obtained to sit again on Wednesday next.

ISLANDERS SHIPPING ENGAGEMENT BILL.

Mr. FOSTER moved pro forma the third reading of the Islanders Shipping Engagement Bill.

Sir GEORGE INNES moved, as an amendment, the recommittal of the bill, with a view to amend the second clause and the schedule. His object was to make provision for the protection of Islanders engaged outside the colony.

Mr. DE SALIS moved that the amendment of the preamble be also reconsidered on recommittal.

The amendment, with this addition, was agreed to, and the House went into committee.

Before any progress was made leave was obtained to sit again on Wednesday next.

The House, at half-past 7 o'clock, adjourned to Wednesday next.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24.

The SPEAKER took the chair at twenty-nine minutes past 4 o'clock.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Mr. BURNS, in reply to Mr. Taylor, said there was no intention to remove portions of the workshops from Redfern to the Junction, as both the Engineer-in-chief and Engineer for Existing Lines strongly disapproved of the site referred to for the erection of workshops.

Mr. COHEN, in reply to Mr. Hoskins, said the question of the Government, compelling every bank and branch of a bank in the colony to make quarterly sworn returns of their assets and liabilities in the colony was being considered; but he might say that the banks within the provisions of the existing law regularly furnished the sworn statements required of them.

Mr. FARNELL, in reply to Mr. Taylor, said it was intended to place an additional sum on the Estimates to supplement the amount voted for building a lattice iron-work bridge over the river in the Parramatta Park.

PAPERS.

Mr. FITZPATRICK laid on the table of the House papers relative to the number and voting powers of ratepayers in Sydney; also in reference to the claim of H. K. James for compensation.

It was ordered that the documents be printed.

PETITIONS.

Mr. S. C. BROWN presented a petition from mayors and aldermen of suburban boroughs, protesting against certain features in the new Municipal Bill.

Mr. HUNGERFORD presented a petition from Tighe's Hill; and Mr. DAVIES a petition from Orange, against the Railway Refreshment Room Bill.

The petitions were received.

Mr. FARNELL, for Mr. Sutherland, moved that the petition presented by that gentleman relative to the Sydney Corporation Bill, be printed.

The motion was agreed to.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS.

Mr. FITZPATRICK moved,—"That this House will, on Wednesday next, resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to transfer to the office of the General Registry certain registers of marriages, births, and deaths."

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS OF SALE.

Mr. GREVILLE, for Mr. Shepherd, moved for leave to bring in a bill to amend the law relating to bills of sale.

Leave was granted.

PRIVILEGES BILL.

The SPEAKER intimated that he had received a message from his Excellency the Governor, recommending the House to make provision for expenses in connection with the Parliamentary Powers and Privileges Bill.

It was ordered that the message be taken into consideration by the committee on the bill.

Mr. FARNELL moved that the Parliamentary Powers and Privileges Bill be read a second time. It was not, he said, necessary or desirable for him to dwell long on the subject. The principles of the bill were to the effect that all the privileges and powers appertaining to the House of Commons should be conferred on the Legislative Assembly and on the Legislative Council of New South Wales. (Hear, hear.) One of the clauses would give the Legislature power to punish members guilty of a breach of privilege within the precincts of the House. The precincts would comprise the whole of the buildings and outbuildings used as the Houses of Parliament, or occupied in connection therewith. In dealing with persons outside the precincts of the House it was intended that should any person commit a breach of privilege they should be prosecuted by the Attorney-General in the Supreme Court. Machinery for such a procedure would be put in motion by the bill. A resolution of the House would have to be passed directing the Attorney-General to take proceedings, whereupon the Attorney-General would instruct a magistrate on the subject, and the offender would be dealt with in the Supreme Court. Those were principles in the bill he thought, would commend themselves to every hon. member. Provisions would be made for summoning witnesses to the bar, or to any committee of the House, and clauses were inserted, under which the expenses of such witnesses would be paid. Altogether there were fourteen clauses in the bill, which if made law, would serve every necessary purpose, and enable the House to punish all persons guilty of committing breaches of its privileges. He would leave the measure in the hands of the House, and be glad to receive assistance from any hon. gentleman towards the perfection of the measure.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said he had thought it was the intention of the Government to go on with the Exhibition proposal, and that being so, although he had looked through this bill and approved of it, yet he thought the further consideration of the measure should be postponed until after the Exhibition question was disposed of. He would be quite willing to concur in the second reading of the bill on the understanding that the House would not go on with the measure further than going into committee *pro forma*. That would give an opportunity for a fuller consideration of the bill before it was passed, and the Exhibition business could be dealt with at once.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said his hon. colleague had determined to go on with the bill as it stood, for two or three obvious reasons. (Hear, hear.) The bill was admitted to be a very important one; there was reason to believe that the House would accept it, and as there were only a very few clauses in the measure, it was thought by the Government that they could get the bill through committee in a very short time, and that then they could go on with the Exhibition business. The matter was very plain.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: [illegible] surprise: we were told you were going on with the Exhibition business.

Mr. FITZPATRICK: Then let the bill be read a second time, and let it be committed *pro forma*—[Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: Hear, hear]—and we will make the further consideration in committee an order of the day after the Exhibition matter. (Hear, hear.)

Captain ONSLOW wished the Government would stick to their own business. (Cheers.) It would be more satisfactory if they would carry through one measure at a time, and what they ought to have done was to introduce and deal with their Land Bill and the Electoral Bill. (Laughter.) He hoped the Government would go on with the Privileges Bill.

Mr. FITZPATRICK: It is only courtesy to the other side. We are ready to go on.

Captain ONSLOW: Ready to please everybody.

Mr. HUNGERFORD said he was in favour of the bill, but he thought with the hon. member for Mudgee that the Government ought not to go on with it to-night. He congratulated the Government upon their change of views in regard to this subject of privileges, and, believing that the House was entitled to the same privileges as the House of Commons possessed, he would assist the Government in passing the bill.

Mr. DILLON could not see the necessity for postponing the bill. It had been before the House for nearly a week, and was very simple. Everybody was pretty familiar with the question, it had been discussed so frequently, and the best thing to do was to pass the bill at once.

Mr. GREENWOOD said that personally he was quite prepared to support the bill, and he must join in congratulating the Government on their change of front, though he was not quite sure there was a change of front. He was greatly mistaken if the mover of the second reading was not of the same opinion as he was last session, and it would be a matter of curiosity if the Colonial Secretary would tell the House whether he had changed his opinion on the subject. [Mr. FITZPATRICK: I will tell you in committee.] He was very glad the bill had been brought in; and a modification had been made to the extent that the House should claim only those privileges that were consistent with the Constitution Act. Still he thought when the leader of the Opposition asked that a bill dealing with a very important matter should be postponed, the request was entitled to consideration; and sitting on the same side of the House as the hon. member for Mudgee he felt some reluctance in opposing the hon. member's suggestion. He only hoped that the hon. member and the Government would be able to come to some arrangement upon the point.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: I do not want it postponed for more than an hour, and we can deal with it afterwards.

Mr. CHARLES thought there were other members like himself in the House who had no political leader, and he hoped the bill would be proceeded with. As all had acknowledged the necessity for the measure he thought the House should now go into committee and make it law.

Mr. DRIVER said the hon. member for Mudgee had stated he only desired the postponement of this measure for one hour. Well, if the adjournment of the House for one hour were moved, he (Mr. Driver) would vote for it rather than vote that the consideration in committee of this bill should stand over until after the following order of the day was disposed of. There was no security that the next order of the day would not occupy the remainder of the evening. He believed it would, and if the consideration of this bill were postponed as requested by the hon. member for Mudgee, the measure would not be reached again before Wednesday or Thursday next. (Hear, hear.) It was highly desirable that the bill should be passed immediately. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. LUCAS believed the bill should be proceeded with and passed at once. It was of far more importance than the matter relating to the Exhibition.

Mr. LYNCH thought the Government ought to go on with the bill. It was a very simple measure, and would not take long to pass, and every member of the House was anxious that the bill should become law.

The motion was passed, and the bill having been read the second time the House went into committee to consider the clauses of the bill in detail.

A message was read from the Governor making provision for the bill.

The preamble was postponed.

Clause 1, "Commencement and short title," was passed.

Clause 2, "Interpretation clause," was proposed.

Mr. DAY asked whether by this clause members would be protected within the outside enclosure of the grounds.

Mr. FARNELL said that this bill was intended only to deal with persons within the Parliamentary buildings and their precincts. If an offence were committed outside on the road, there was a resolution of the House by which the offenders could be dealt with.

The clause was passed.

Clause 3. "Privileges, powers, &c., of Council and Assembly."

Mr. R. B. SMITH thought that the proposal of the hon. member for Mudgee to postpone the consideration of the bill was not an unreasonable one, considering the position that hon. gentleman occupied in the country. He had not had an opportunity to consider the measure. He should like to have an explanation of the proviso on the clause.

Mr. FARNELL said that the proviso spoke for itself. The part of the Constitution Act referred to was that which gave the Legislative Council co-ordinate powers with the Legislative Assembly.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that having examined the bill, and seen that the clauses were so very like the clauses under a bill of his, he was now prepared to go on.

The clause was put and passed, as were also clauses 4, "Printed copies of journals of House of Commons to be evidence;" 5, "What offences punishable summarily;" and 6, "What offences punishable by prosecution of the Attorney-General in the Supreme Court."

Clause 7. "It shall be lawful for either House of Parliament by resolution to direct her Majesty's Attorney-General to prosecute any person committing an offence against the privileges of Parliament within the meaning of this Act, and every such offence shall for the purposes of such prosecution be deemed to be a misdemeanour for which the offender may be indicted, tried, convicted, and sentenced by a Judge of the Supreme Court in the same manner as on ordinary trials for misdemeanour, and if found guilty such offender shall be punishable by fine, or imprisonment, or both."

Mr. FARNELL moved the insertion of the word "and" after the word indicted in the sixth line, with a view to striking out other words and making the part of the clause read "may be indicted and tried by a Judge of the Supreme Court."

Mr. LYNCH did not see why we should delegate our power to the Supreme Court. We ought not thus to surrender the privileges of the highest tribunal in the land.

Mr. R. B. SMITH agreed with the hon. member for Carcoar, and said if the hon. gentleman would move an amendment he would support him. He had seen a good many articles in the Press advocating that the House should not be clothed with such powers as were possessed by the House of Commons. But these arguments were absurd, and an insult to the people who sent them there. This House had never abused its trust in any way.

Mr. GREENWOOD suggested a verbal amendment, and the part of the clause was, after some remarks from Mr. DILLON, Mr. R. B. SMITH, and Mr. WEBB, amended to read as follows:—"may be indicted and tried before a Judge of the Supreme Court."

The clause was then passed.

Clause 8. "Witnesses may be examined."

Agreed to.

Clause 9. "Procedure in examining witnesses."

Mr. F. B. SUTTOR said there was a discrepancy between this clause and the 12th. This clause provided that witnesses must be sworn, but the 12th says, "false evidence, whether given on oath or otherwise," shall be punishable as perjury.

Mr. FARNELL pointed out that clause 12 referred to solemn declarations or evidence given in any other way than on oath, as provided for by law.

Mr. F. B. SUTTOR said that as the other clause provided that all false evidence should be punishable, there was no necessity to put witnesses on oath at all.

Mr. HUNGERFORD said they were here legislating to protect their privileges, but what were the crimes to be punished? Was calling members liars, or was imputing to them robbery or corruption to be considered as crimes? He thought they ought to define what the crimes against Parliament were.

Mr. DILLON could not understand the objection of the hon. member for Bathurst. There was no doubt they could legislate to make witnesses punishable for perjury, no matter in what manner they gave their evidence. Still, it was just as well that evidence should be given upon oath when taken before that Assembly, as it was before ordinary tribunals. He did not see why they should adopt new modes of giving testimony; and it was just as well that they should stick to the old fashion, and let all witnesses be sworn, unless they conscientiously object to taking an oath. If the witnesses are not Christians, they can be sworn according to the way they declare to be binding upon their conscience.

The clause was agreed to.

Clause 10. "Expenses of witnesses."

Agreed to.

Clause 11. "Any witness so summoned who shall fail to attend and give evidence in obedience to the order served upon, or transmitted to him, shall be liable to the same penalty as he would be for disobedience of a subpoena issuing out of the Supreme Court. And such penalty may be proceeded for by the Attorney-General upon the order of the said Council or Assembly, as the case may be; and shall, when recovered, be applied as a debt due to the Crown."

Mr. M'CULLOCH moved the omission of the words "transmitted to," with the view to the insertion of the words "received by." He thought it too much to punish a person if a subpoena had been sent by post, which might never have reached him. It was easy to serve personally.

Mr. DRIVER hoped the Premier would not agree to this amendment. It would be very easy for a witness required to give evidence to evade the service of a subpoena. It was done almost every day, and witnesses kept out of the way. The officer of the House might be sent to a man's residence twenty or thirty times, and the answer always be "not at home," the man being in the house all the while. The summons might be given to his wife or some one in his

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establishment, and it would get to his hands nine times out of ten, but who was to prove it?

The amendment was negatived, and the clause as read was agreed to.

Clause 12. "False evidence."

Mr. DRIVER pointed out that the latter portion of this clause was unnecessary.

Mr. FARNELL agreed that the words were unnecessary, and moved their omission.

Mr. R. B. SMITH thought it would be better to retain the words, even though they might be superfluous.

The amendment was carried, and the clause as amended was agreed to.

Clause 13. "Penalty on witnesses refusing to answer questions."

Mr. HOSKINS would like to hear a definition of what was meant by "lawful questions."

Mr. FARNELL understood by "lawful questions" such questions as were lawful according to the law of evidence.

Mr. LEARY pointed out that the questions must be pertinent to the matter at issue.

Mr. ROSEBY said if men were compelled to answer irrelevant questions such as were sometimes put to witnesses in the Police Court it would be monstrous. No one knew that better than the hon. member for Windsor.

Mr. DRIVER said he had frequently heard irrelevant questions put, and irrelevant statements made by the Bench—or statements that some semi-reverend gentlemen might think irrelevant. He was sorry to see that in too many cases the magistrates knew so little of their duties that they allowed any questions to be put. He agreed with the definition of the Minister for Lands, and did not see how the clause could be amended to meet the desire of the hon. member for the Tumut. The law provides that questions shall be material to the question then before the Court, or the inquiry then being made.

Mr. DILLON did not think there could be any difficulty about this clause. Lawful questions were questions not prohibited by the Evidence Acts which would be applicable here as in Courts of law.

The clause was agreed to.

Clause 14. "Justice may issue warrant for apprehension of offenders."

Mr. DRIVER said that it was to be presumed that before any decision was to be arrived at by this House the fullest possible inquiry would be made. That being so, why should the case be sent to an inferior tribunal to be inquired into? The Attorney-General, having been instructed to prosecute, ought at once to file a bill for a trial before the Supreme Court.

Mr. FARNELL said that the intention of the clause was to enable the Attorney-General, before he filed his bill, to get all the preliminary evidence upon which to frame his indictment. It might be that the evidence would not justify the Attorney-General in filing a bill.

Mr. DRIVER said that the Attorney-General was the servant of Parliament, and was bound to act upon the resolution of the House. This clause provided that—"On production to any justice of the peace of a certificate under the hand of her Majesty's Attorney-General that either House has directed the prosecution by him of any person named in such certificate for an offence against the privileges of Parliament it shall be lawful for such justice to issue his warrant for the apprehension of such person, and to cause him to be brought before such or any other justice or justices to be dealt with according to law." He would rather see the bill thrown out than that the privileges of the House should be handed over to the justices to be dealt with. Before either branch of the Legislature would authorise a prosecution they would make inquiry and ascertain that there was cause for a prosecution. The Attorney-General could, before he filed his bill, consult with the officers of Parliament, the Speaker, or the Chairman of Committees, who would be in a position to inform him as to the nature of the evidence in support of the charge, and he could file his bill at once.

Mr. GREENWOOD thought the House would fail in its duty in guarding its own privileges and the privileges of the people it represented if it passed this clause. He could not acknowledge that an ordinary Court of Petty Sessions was the proper tribunal before which the privileges of Parliament were to be tried; and he thought that a greater contempt could not be passed upon Parliament than by referring its privileges to an ordinary Court such as was provided for here.

Mr. R. B. SMITH agreed with the hon. member for Windsor that this clause ought to be omitted. We ought not to delegate our functions to the lowest tribunal in the country; and we might rest assured that the Attorney-General would not institute proceedings unless fully warranted by the circumstances of the case.

Mr. FARNELL, having referred to clause 6 of the bill, concluded that this clause was not necessary.

Mr. WEBB addressed the committee, but very few of his remarks were audible in the gallery. He was understood to say that it would be found excessively inconvenient for the Attorney-General to file a bill unless some arrangement were made to collect the evidence which was to sustain the prosecution he initiated.

Mr. LEARY suggested that the 14th clause should be read in connection with clause 11, which related to penalties to be imposed for the non-attendance of witnesses.

Mr. DRIVER said that could not be, as the penalties would not be recoverable before justices.

Mr. JACOB said that the clause distinctly specified that the offence was against the privileges of Parliament. How were justices to know what were the immunities and privileges of the House of Commons? The clause was mere surplusage.

The clause was negatived.

The preamble was agreed to.

The bill was reported, with amendments, to the House, and the report was adopted.

PREVENTION OF GRAPE DISEASE.

The SPEAKER intimated to the House that he had received a message from the Legislative Council to the effect that the bill for prohibiting the importation of vines or vine cuttings into the colony had been agreed to without amendment.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

On the motion of Mr. FITZPATRICK the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider his resolution affirming the expediency of an address to his Excellency the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to recommend to this House the grant to the Agricultural Society of New South Wales of a sum of money (not to exceed £10,000) equal to the sums that may be advanced by the society for the like purpose, from its own sources or from private contributions, to enable the said society to make adequate provision for the holding in Sydney of an International Exhibition during the year 1879.

Mr. FITZPATRICK moved that an address in terms of the resolution be presented to his Excellency the Governor. He said that as the present was a matter very fully before the House on the previous day the committee would not, he trusted, consider him disrespectful if he did not initiate any discussion regarding it on the present occasion.

Mr. HUNGERFORD, believing that the grant to the Agricultural Society should be absolute, moved the omission of the following words from the resolution:—"Equal to the sums that may be advanced by the society for the like purpose from its own sources, or from private contributions."

Mr. ROSEBY submitted that if the amendment were agreed to the whole thing would be thrown into difficulties, and the efforts of those intending to contribute towards the success of the Exhibition would be paralysed. He would like to know if the amounts were not to be placed in the Treasury. [Mr. FITZPATRICK: Yes.]

Mr. F. B. SUTTOR said that if the House carried the amendment they would be voting away the money without any stipulation at all. It would make confusion worse confounded. He hoped the hon. gentlemen would leave well alone.

Mr. J. DAVIES was prepared to support the terms of the amendment. He was afraid private subscriptions towards the Exhibition would not rise to £10,000. If the House agreed to the proposition of the hon. gentleman, means, he thought, would be ensured for making the Exhibition a success.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said that if the amendment was carried, they would, perhaps, spend £5000 more than was necessary, and do away with the possibility of the public raising £10,000 amongst themselves. Not one man in the colony would give a farthing to the Exhibition if the motion was carried.

Mr. GREENWOOD asked whether the amendment was admissible. If he understood the resolution upon which the House had gone into committee, it was conditional, and the amendment would make it absolute. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. FITZPATRICK, on the point of order, thought it was not competent for the Committee to alter the character of the resolution.

Mr. HUNGERFORD expressed his willingness to withdraw the amendment, but he asked for the ruling of the Chairman respecting it.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said the best thing to do was to deal with the proposition submitted by the Government; and if more money were wanted at a future time, the matter could, when the occasion arose, again be considered.

Captain ONSLOW understood from what the hon. member for Mudgee said, that a further sum of money would be wanted at a future time. [Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: Hear, hear.] Then it would be well for the committee to know what the liabilities were likely to be. Any deficiencies connected with the Exhibition could not be made good by the Agricultural Society, and would have to be made good by the Exhibition Committee or by the Government.

Mr. BURNS, on the point of order, said it was as clear as possible that the committee had no power to increase the vote. [Mr. HOSKINS: You cannot alter the terms of the resolution.] There was no power to do away with the condition in the resolution with reference to the expenditure of the money.

Mr. CAMERON said that if the amendment of the hon. member for Northumberland proposed to increase the grant before the committee it would be clearly out of order; but the effect of the amendment would be simply to leave out the words "equal to the sums that may be advanced by the society for the like purpose from its own sources, or from private contributions." He thought the hon. member was perfectly in order in moving the amendment.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said he would refer the matter to the House. The contributions already obtained by the society amounted to £5000, and the grant from the Crown, according to that, would be £5000; but if the vote was to be £10,000, that amount would have to be given even if no more than £6000 was raised by the society. He moved that the Chairman leave the chair, and report the point of order to the House.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON thought the Chairman would see that he was in error. It was as clear as daylight the amendment would increase the amount submitted in the Governor's message. ("No" and "Yes.") Because the Governor's message limited the amount to pound for pound.

Mr. HOSKINS submitted that this committee could only consider the message referred by the House to the committee for its instruction—(Hear, hear)—that message being that a certain sum of money not exceeding £10,000 should be voted for a specific purpose to the Agricultural Society on certain conditions. The resolution could only be discussed, therefore, subject to those conditions—the conditions being part of the message. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. LEARY thought the hon. member for Tumut had put the matter very clearly. If the resolution were an order from the House to enable the committee to vote a particular sum of money to assist the Agricultural Society to hold an exhibition the committee might make the amount £10,000 or anything else; but the resolution was that the committee should consider the expediency of voting a sum not exceeding £10,000, but equal to the sum that might be advanced by the society for a like purpose.

Mr. W. DAVIES said that if the committee accepted the amendment they would really be in danger of exceeding or increasing the amount it was proposed by the resolution to vote.

Mr. LUCAS said the matter appeared very simple to him. The instruction to the committee was to vote a sum of money equal to that subscribed by the Agricultural Society, and by others whose subscriptions the society obtained. It would be a misappropriation of the money if the Government gave one shilling more than was subscribed.

The motion that the Chairman leave the chair and report the point of order to the House was passed.

The SPEAKER having taken the chair,

Mr. CAMERON said that during the consideration in Committee of the Whole House of a resolution anent the International Exhibition, couched in these words—"That an address be presented to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to recommend to this House the grant to the Agricultural Society of New South Wales of a sum of money (not to exceed £10,000) equal to the sums that may be advanced by the society for the like purpose, from its own sources or from private contributions, to enable the said society to make adequate provision for the holding in Sydney of an International Exhibition during the year 1879," an amendment was moved by the hon. member for Northumberland omitting from the resolution the words "equal to the sums that may be advanced by the society for the like purpose, from its own sources or from private contributions." A point of order was raised as to whether it would be competent for the hon. member to move any such motion as exceeding the resolution sent by the House to the Committee. He ruled that as the proposed amendment did not in any way increase the proposed amount granted to the International Exhibition, it was competent for the hon. member, no matter what the action of the committee might have been afterwards, to move an amendment. Upon that he was moved out of the chair with the view that the point of order might be referred to Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FITZPATRICK contended that the ruling of the Chairman was not consistent with the practice of the House in this regard that the effect of the amendment would be indirectly to increase the burdens on the people. The House had directed this committee, and the Crown had suggested to this House, the granting of a sum of money equal to what might be provided by the Agricultural Society and other private contributions, such sum not to exceed £10,000. Now it was a matter of fact within the knowledge of the advisers of the Crown, when this message was sent down, that the Agricultural Society had promised to advance towards this fund £1000. If therefore these words were struck out, the effect of the alteration would be to cast on the Crown the liability to make up the difference between what was sought by this message and what the amendment would make it. It was a matter of fact that £1000 had been promised from the resources of this society, and the message was intended to cover that by giving pound for pound as well as pound for pound for private subscriptions. Therefore he held that the alteration of the condition imposed by the Crown in its message was inconsistent with the practice of this House.

Mr. GREENWOOD contended that the proposed withdrawal of the condition in the resolution would make the grant of £10,000 absolute, and would thus go beyond the power the committee had. Therefore he wished for a decision on the point.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON held that the resolution overbore or overlooked the limit which the House had put upon the instructions given to the committee, as the sum of £10,000 was to be limited by the amount subscribed. The Chairman was not in order.

Mr. DILLON said that the amendment asked the committee to do a thing which was essentially different from that which the House had ordered them to do.

Mr. TERRY maintained that the Chairman of Committees was in order, as it appeared to him the amendment did not increase the amount, and might decrease it.

Mr. J. DAVIES contended that the amendment would give the Crown a discretionary power, and would not increase the amount. It was, in his opinion, in order.

Mr. HUNGERFORD also held that the amendment was in order.

Mr. DRIVER said that, if reference was made to page 385 of "May's Parliamentary Practice," it would be found that, when a resolution was proposed in committee, every amendment may be moved which might be moved to such resolution if proposed in the House itself." Well, he did not suppose that any one would venture to deny that this amendment could have been moved yesterday on the resolution in the House. That being so, how could it be contended that the motion or amendment of the hon. member for Northumberland was out of order. The spirit of the motion was not touched in any way by the amendment. The amendment did not ask that the amount should be placed on the Estimates, but simply requested that his Excellency would be pleased to recommend that an amount be granted to the Agricultural Society of New South Wales. The amount was not in any way to be touched.

Mr. BURNS said that the rule of "May" was not applicable in the way quoted by the hon. member for Windsor. The committee was considering a resolution submitted to it by the House, and an amendment eliminating the condition of the proposed money grant could not be moved.

Mr. HOSKINS contended that the amendment was contrary to the principle of the resolution. Notwithstanding what the hon. member for Windsor had said, as the House did not alter the resolution, he maintained that it was impossible for the committee so to depart from the instruction remitted to it by the House as to alter a resolution submitted to it by the House in its essence and meaning. If this resolution were amended as proposed, it would be a violation of the well-understood practice of Parliament established to prevent private members from adding to the burdens of the people. The resolution of the House provided that a sum of money, not to exceed £10,000, should be voted by the House for the Agricultural Society on certain specified conditions. The House was asked to vote that sum on condition that an equal amount was raised by contributions, or to empower the Government to give any proportionate amount of the £10,000 on the same terms. That was the proposition of the Crown which had the constitutional right to make it; but a private member had no right by the omission of words to increase the burdens of the people beyond what the Crown asked Parliament to consent to. If the amendment were carried, Parliament would be asked to vote £10,000 irrespective of what the public contributed.

Mr. LEARY quite agreed with the member for Windsor that the committee had the same power as the House to deal with an amendment; but if this proposition were made in the House it could not be accepted as an amendment because it would not be relevant.

Mr. SPEAKER said: The simple and clear rule of Parliament, as it appears to me, is this, that the committee can only consider those matters which have been remitted to them by the House. The question remitted by the House to the committee was:—"That an address to his Excellency the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to recommend to this House the grant to the 'Agricultural Society of New South Wales' of a sum of money (not to exceed £10,000) equal to the sums that may be advanced by the society for the like purpose, from its own sources or from private contributions, to enable the said society to make adequate provisions for the holding in Sydney of an International Exhibition during the year 1879." In other words the resolution amounted to this, that an address be presented to his Excellency praying that he will be pleased to recommend to be placed upon the estimates a sum of money equal to the amount contributed to the society, that sum not to exceed £10,000. It appears to me that the amendment which has been proposed goes beyond the resolution which has been remitted to the committee for their consideration, inasmuch as it would amount to an absolute grant of £10,000 to be paid to this society. For the very reason assigned by the hon. member for East Sydney (Mr. J. Davies) that the amendment enlarges the discretion of the Government to give or withhold the total amount without any condition whatever, it is, as it appeared to me, beyond the functions of the committee to make the alteration. I must hold that the resolution cannot be amended.

Mr. COPELAND said that it seemed to him a most singular thing that almost every hon. member who had spoken on this subject seemed to be firmly of opinion that the amount proposed was not more than a third or half enough. It was admitted that the money we were voting now would have to be supplemented to a considerable amount. He was much surprised that the Government did not recognise this as a fact, and it seemed to him that it would redound more to their credit if they would look the thing fairly in the face, and deal with it accordingly. In the adjoining colony we knew that they were prepared to spend £100,000 upon the building, and it was generally believed that Parliament would vote £50,000 more for expenses. The origin of the Exhibition arose altogether from jealousy of Victoria. [Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: Ours was first.] He believed the thing had been carried on simply out of opposition to Victoria. He had no objection to a feeling of emulation, but he had a strong objection, after emulation had been developed, that this colony should cave in, and be quietly left in the lurch. The area of our Exhibition was to be 74,000 superficial feet, while the Victorian Commissioners proposed to have 600,000 feet, and to give not less than 50,000 feet to machinery alone. Instead of our Exhibition redounding to the credit of the colony it would make New South Wales a laughing-stock in Europe and Victoria. If we could not hold as good an Exhibition as our neighbours, he would rather we had no Exhibition at all. He thought the Government, upon whose shoulders this matter rests, had perpetrated a swindle upon the people of Europe who are likely to send out exhibits to New South Wales. They naturally assume that we shall have some sort of an international exhibition, but they will find that they are coming to an exhibition of the most paltry character; they would have to send their goods to Victoria if they wish to have them exhibited in a reasonable manner. This exhibition would be only similar to that of last year; it would be only an intercolonial one. The prizes and awards, he believed, would be exactly the same as those of last year and previous years. [Mr. GREVILLE: They have been framed to meet this special occasion.] He must register his protest against this whole proceeding; it would be a complete breakdown, and would bring discredit upon us.

Mr. GREVILLE denied most emphatically the statement of the previous speaker that this exhibition had originated from a petty spite and a desire to rival Victoria. The idea of the exhibition in New South Wales was mooted long before it was entertained in Victoria. As the idea did not originate in any such unworthy motive, so did he deprecate the idea that such a statement should go forth to the sister colony. We had received the most cordial assurances of support from the Victorian commissioners, and our Exhibition committee have tendered the same to them. Mr. Munro, one of the Victorian commissioners, was here the other day, and was introduced to the Exhibition Committee, and he then stated that the warmest support that could possibly be given would be given by the Victorian Commission to make ours a success, and he begged us to return the same to them. Let it not go forth that New South Wales, in this movement, was guided by any such unworthy motive as that stated by the hon. member who spoke last. Whether it would be a fiasco or not, as the hon. member seemed to think, or whether we were perpetrating a swindle upon the European exhibitors, was another question. The honour of the country was in the hands of the House, and he thought the House had made a great mistake in the small sum it had given. (Hear, hear.) He thought it was outside the province of the Agricultural Society to initiate this Exhibition; and when it was brought under the notice of the first Government, if they had given due consideration to the subject, their answer would have been, "Gentlemen, this is outside your province; when this matter is taken up, it should be taken up by the Government with the consent of Parliament, and the whole resources of the colony should be taxed to make it a success." But that Government did not take this course, nor did the succeeding Governments. The present Government appeared to appreciate the difficulties more than their predecessors had done. He felt sure that the men of energy on that Exhibition Committee would expend this £10,000 judiciously and to the best interests of the colony.

Mr. GREENWOOD said it was rather difficult for hon. members to debate a question like this upon its merits, or to ascertain how the Government would prefer to have it debated. Of course it would have been wrong to have debated it upon the motion of Mr. Davies, or upon the motion of Mr. Copeland. The Colonial Secretary last night seemed to think that his motion should have been taken as a formal motion, and that the proper time to debate it would be to-night. But to-night the Colonial Secretary said that after the long debate of last night there was no necessity to debate it now. He, however, was not prepared to sanction it by a silent vote. What did they affirm by that resolution? If language meant anything it was that it is expedient that the sum of £10,000 should be granted for this purpose. Were they in a position to debate a question like that? Practically they had no choice, for all deliberation had been taken out of their hands. [Mr. FITZPATRICK: How?] By the action of the hon. member himself, by committing the colony by that notice in the *Government Gazette*. If the House negatived the resolution the whole Exhibition would fall through. The colony being placed in a position like that, it was practically useless to debate the question. If his opinion was asked upon this resolution he should most emphatically say he did not think it expedient that an International Exhibition should be held in Sydney next year, because there was no time to have one that would be creditable to the colony. Nor did he think that the Agricultural Society should be at any time entrusted with carrying out such an exhibition; still less was it expedient that the Parliament should be deprived of its control of the public purse. But he was not in a position to give effect to his opinion, inasmuch as he had agreed last night to go into committee on this question, and he did that because he saw no help for it. All he could do was to enter his protest against Parliament being placed in a position like this. If on the 7th February last when the Colonial Secretary issued that notice in the *Government Gazette*, and on the 27th February when that despatch of his Excellency was sent home; if the position of the Agricultural Society was such as to require him to send that notice home, he should have felt it his duty to do something more. He should have brought down a special estimate to cover the expense likely to be incurred by the Government. He could not deny that he had the opportunity to do that, because Parliament was in session about three months after that notification was issued. If the Colonial Secretary had taken proper constitutional action, Parliament could have said yes or no, without the disgrace to the colony that would occur if they said "no" now. The Colonial Secretary had given three reasons for the course they had taken. One was that the action he took eight or nine months ago did not commit the Government to the expenditure of any money from the Consolidated Revenue. Another was that the initiative had been taken by two preceding Governments; and the third was that he had officially taken no action committing the country to the enterprise. The Colonial Secretary said he was not aware that holding this Exhibition would entail any expense upon the Consolidated Revenue. Then he ought to have known that an International Exhibition to be worthy of the colony, with only three-quarters of a million of inhabitants, would require all the resources at the command of the Government, and only so would it have any prospect of being successfully accomplished. It had occurred to him instantly that the Agricultural Society was incompetent as a body to carry out such a thing as this. In America, in France, and in England these exhibitions are backed up by all the resources of the Government. Therefore the excuse given by the Colonial Secretary did not justify the action he took. And then whatever he might have done, he says, was in fact done by two previous Governments. He did not think it very courageous or manly for the Colonial Secretary to take refuge behind former Governments. Although of opinion that the action of the Government had been wrong in connection with the present matter, he was prepared to belie his judgment and vote in favour of the resolution. He understood the Colonial Secretary to say that he did nothing to commit the country to the undertaking, but his Excellency the Governor must have understood that it was intended to hold the Exhibition under the auspices of the Government, or he would not have penned the despatch referred to. When the Government issued the first notice, they became responsible, and if they had then introduced the subject to the House, there would have been some consistency in their actions. What the House had to do under the present circumstances was to consider what was best for the country. The opinion of a large number of members who voted for the hon. gentleman's resolution of the previous evening to go into committee was that, although wrong action had been taken in the matter it was, under the surrounding circumstances, necessary that the Exhibition should take place. It was difficult to decide how to make the best of the enterprise, and he did not see how the Government would expedite matters. Did the Government propose to have an estimate to make the money immediately available? If not, then they were not justified in changing their front. The Government had dallied with the matter since February without asking Parliament to express an opinion on, or to take any action regarding it, and still there would be some loss of time. He did not care what other Governments on the subject had done, the action of the present Government would cause greater inconvenience than the action of any of their predecessors. Reference had been made to the action of his Excellency the Governor in connection with the Exhibition movement. He thought the Governor deserved the best thanks of the country for doing his best for it, and for seeing that pledges the country had given should be honoured. It was no light matter for his Excellency to move as he did in connection with the English authorities, and all that was to be done was to support the action his Excellency had taken, and do the best to make the Exhibition a success. As to agencies for carrying out the project, he did not see that anything would be gained if it were taken out of the hands of the Agricultural Society, and he saw nothing for it but to leave it in the hands of that body. He was compelled, therefore, to give his vote for the Government, though protesting at the same time against the position in which the Government had placed the House.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said the hon. gentleman had got into the way of speaking in a very oracular manner, and into the habit of speaking arrant nonsense, and had re-opened the whole arguments of the rot of the previous night. There was not a syllable to justify the hon. gentleman's assertion that he was trying to shield himself behind the action of former Governments. He sought to evade no responsibility, neither did his colleagues. What they had done they were responsible for before the House and the country. With regard to the accusation that it was unmanly to say that those who blamed the Government were at one time prepared to do what the Government proposed; all the Government said was that they did what their predecessors did or promised to do. There was nothing unmanly in that. The second idle stupid argument was that he sought to curtail the right of debate in the House. By what means he would like to know. All he stated was that as there was a discussion on the subject during the previous night seemingly exhaustive, he would not enlarge upon it in the present instance. He could not stop any member speaking, nor did he seek to do so. All he did was to suggest that the debate should be taken once instead of twice. Then, as to the attempt to deprive the House of its rights—why he had gone through the necessary formalities, and the hon. gentleman had an opportunity to vote against the proposition if he chose to avail himself of it. The hon. gentleman knew better, and knew his constituents would not like him to do so. The fact stared them in the face that the country was pledged to the Exhibition, and that it would lose caste if it did not carry it out. That was what moved the House, and that was what moved his colleagues, and when the hon. gentleman said the Government were changing front he was talking rot. They had refused to accede to what they considered unfair proposals, but when a qualified proposition was made to them they agreed to it, and if hon. members said "don't do it" and it was not done, it would not break the hearts of Government.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said it was to be regretted that his hon. friend was so irate. [Sir HENRY PARKES: So insolent.] He would not say insolent, but he would certainly say that terms more suitable than those used might have been selected for the occasion. He maintained that no other Government had ever been in a position like the present one. Who would say that any other Government had given advice to his Excellency the Governor to communicate with the Secretary for State on such a subject as the present Government did. He was prepared to say that he did not approve of the Governor's speech regarding the Exhibition, and maintained that the fact of his Excellency going to the rooms of the society and affording information which should be given through other channels, and which his Excellency should have insisted should be laid before Parliament, was to be regretted. The Governor, it seemed to him, was advised to go to the society's meeting to say what the Government intended doing. He thought he would be wanting in his duty to the House and to the country if he did not point out that, in his opinion at any rate, it was to be regretted that if the Governor did not think the public properly informed on the matter he did not enforce his Ministers to lay the information they had regarding it before Parliament. When the hon. gentleman talked about rot in connection with a gentleman representing one of the largest constituencies of the colony—a gentleman very considerate in his dealings with every one in the Chamber—it was time some notice was taken of the fact. The Government might just as well have admitted that they made a mistake in not asking for this money before. As for what was said of their not changing front, they had changed front half-a-dozen times—(Hear, hear)—and they had made the mistake, which no other Government had ever made, of not asking supply, to enable them to carry out that which they had committed the country to.

Mr. F. SUTTOR said, with regard to what had been stated respecting the Government taking the same course in this matter as that intended by Sir John Robertson's Government and Sir Henry Parkes' Government, that as far as Sir Henry Parkes' Government was concerned the matter was only mentioned once in Cabinet, and the Government were never asked to vote a single shilling of money. (Hear, hear.) Nor did they promise any money. (Hear, hear.) So that the statement that the present Government had done precisely what Sir Henry Parkes' Government had done was not true. No answer was given by the Parkes Government to the society, and the matter was never discussed by the whole Cabinet. He never gave a more reluctant vote than he did in supporting the proposal to vote the money now asked for, and he gave his vote in favour of it only because we were now bound to go on with the Exhibition. There had been bungling from beginning to end, and the only thing we could do now was to make the best of a very bad bargain.

Mr. TERRY did not agree with the statement that the honour of the colony was pledged to this vote. He thought the sum of money insufficient, and that the Exhibition would be a disgraceful one, instead of a credit to the colony. But if the colony were pledged to this vote the honour of the colony was pledged to seeing the Exhibition carried out in a way that would do credit to the colony. The present Government had done what no other Government ever had done before in this colony—they had simply asked for an address to themselves. Why not come down and ask for a special appropriation? But they had cast all responsibility from themselves, and asked Parliament to bear the responsibility of the vote. The Government had no right to give a pledge without the sanction of Parliament. [Mr. FITZPATRICK: We gave no such pledge.] The hon. member caused a notice to be put in the *Government Gazette* pledging the country to the Exhibition, and the Governor was informed that the Government were prepared to give pound for pound of the money subscribed. The Governor made that statement at a meeting of the Agricultural Society. [Mr. FITZPATRICK: That was if Parliament voted it.] The hon. member knew he would get Parliament to vote it if he pledged the honour of the country to the Exhibition. If the hon. member went so far as that, his proper course was to come down to the House and ask a vote for a special appropriation. Instead of that he asked the House to send an address to the Governor, An ordinary member would do that, but during the whole time he (Mr. Terry) had been in Parliament he never knew a Government to take such a course. The whole thing, he thought, was unconstitutional. He disagreed with the vote asked for. He might be inclined to vote a large sum of money to do credit and honour to the country, but he did not see how credit and honour could be done to the country by voting £10,000, and he did not see how the society would get the £5000 they still had to obtain to make the other £10,000. They required to erect a building which would cost £17,000 or £18,000, and when the building was pulled down it would not realise more than £5000. Believing that the sum of money asked for would not be sufficient, and opposed to the unconstitutional manner in which this proposition was made, he was forced to record his vote against the proposition on every occasion that it came before the House.

Mr. M'ELHONE said he was opposed to the proposal in any shape. He felt quite certain that £10,000, even if the society obtained another £10,000, would be quite inadequate, and that the Exhibition, instead of being successful, would be a disgrace to the colony. He would do all he possibly could when the estimate was brought before the House to prevent it from being passed.

The resolution was carried on the following division:—

AYES, 34.

Farnell	Simson	Suttor F.
Cohen	Taylor	Beyers
Sutherland	Roseby	Thompson
Fitzpatrick	Hurley (Nar.)	Moses
Burns	Shepherd	Lynch
Leary	Smith T.	Teece
Greville	Bennett	M'Culloch
Davies J.	Greenwood	Smith R. B.
Suttor W.	Harris	Webb } Tellers.
Driver	Charles	Macintosh } Tellers.
Robertson	Lackey	
Hungerford	Murphy	

NOES, 7.

Coonan	Barbour	Day } Tellers.
Terry	Copeland	Dillon } Tellers.
M'Elhone		

The question that the Chairman leave the chair and report the resolution to the House, was put and agreed to.

The House having resumed, the question for the reception of the resolution was proposed.

Sir HENRY PARKES said he believed it was his duty to apologise to the House for having taken part in this discussion. He believed that the question of granting money to this Agricultural Society was as nothing compared to the manner in which this was sought to be brought about, and he regretted and took shame to himself that he did not see this matter in as forcible a light last night as he did now. It appeared to him very strange that, for the first time in our parliamentary history, a Minister of the Crown should come down and ask the Parliament to vote an address to the Crown for the expenditure of public money. Since last evening he had taken as much pains as he could, and as time permitted, and he had consulted those officers of the House who must have a better knowledge of these matters of detail than he could have, and as far as he could learn this was the first time when a Minister of the Crown on his own motion had moved Parliament to address the Crown to give the go bye to his responsibility in advising the Crown to recommend the expenditure of public money to Parliament. What was the responsibility of Ministers? Surely we were not so dead to a sense of our duties as not to bear in mind that the most serious of all their responsibilities was in advising the Crown to recommend expenditure from the consolidated revenue. It was that for which our forefathers struggled so hard, and many in our own time had scrupulously laboured to preserve this exclusive duty of Ministers of advising the expenditure of public money. If that were not so there would be no security whatever for the proper expenditure of the public revenues. It was so thoroughly understood that he could not imagine how the House, himself amongst the number, could have omitted to notice in a more pointed manner this great inroad upon our usage until now, except incidentally, as it had been alluded to by several members to-night. What was required by the constitution, what was required by the law, what was required by our uniform usage in accordance with the usage of England, was that no single penny of the public money should be recommended to Parliament unless advised by persons directly responsible to us for the advice they gave. But here were Ministers asking us to adopt resolutions requesting the Governor to send down this recommendation. And what possible gain was there in that? If the expenditure of this money were urgent, and if the passing of this resolution would give them the right to appropriate this money—if they could anticipate supply, why there might be some plausible show of serving a purpose. But when we have gone through all this melancholy farce, the estimate must be brought down after all. It came down now on the foundation of a resolution of this House, not on the simple, single advice given by Ministers that it should be so recommended. That was the difference. Ministers were supposed to be the leaders of Parliament, and to know what Parliament were likely to sanction. And whether they knew that or not, at all events it devolved upon them in a direct and distinct manner to recommend the expenditure of public money without the intervention of Parliament in the first place. Of course a private member, who had no standing as a member of the Executive, had no other means except to address the Crown when he required the expenditure of public money. But it was the Ministers' first and peculiar duty to advise when he believed the expenditure was necessary. Now we ought not to receive this resolution. It in no way affected the expenditure, because Ministers could bring down a special estimate for the expenditure just as readily, just as soon, as if this resolution were passed, but they would then be compelled to bring it down upon their own advice to the Crown. To come down there with a resolution of Parliament in their hands certainly laid them open to a clear attempt to shirk their proper responsibility. The only way they could get out of that was by admitting that it was an inadvertence, an inadvertence upon our ordinary usage. He did not know how far members were prepared to go in this kind of innovation upon the established usage, for most assuredly it was an innovation upon the established usage. [Sir J. ROBERTSON: Hear, hear.] Most assuredly it was a material innovation upon the established usage. It was not a matter with an imaginary importance attaching to it; but it had this importance attached to it that the Minister, instead of being directly responsible for his own advice on his own motion, allowed himself to be set in motion by that very Parliament which in the interests of the country ought to be a check upon his actions. Upon no cause was it the duty of Parliament to check a Minister so much as in the expenditure of public money. And if the Parliament allowed itself to be drawn into setting the Minister in motion in the exercise of this most important of all his duties—that of advising the Crown, then he should like to know where his responsibility was. Supposing the House should from any mistaken motive agree to receive this resolution, and proceed with it, which, as he had clearly shown, was useless, still the proper plan must be resorted to, and the Ministers must come down with a special estimate and with a message from the Crown. Of all the duties of this House there was none so clear, none so binding, none that ought to be held so important to the electors of the country as the duty of watching the public expenditure. (Cheers.) If the electors of this country once overlooked any dereliction of ours in keeping a close watch upon the Executive in the public expenditure, then it would be of little avail if they expected a punctual discharge of duty in any other particular. But what kind of position was the House now in? It had already committed itself before hand to the advice which, in that impaired form, the Ministers must offer to the Crown. It had already, instead of standing free to criticise the proposal of the Government, and to hold the Ministry to account upon the precise proposals submitted—instead of being in that free and unfettered position, the House would have its hands tied by having agreed, and necessarily agreed to a resolution before hand for this very expenditure. He thought he had clearly shown that the time of this House had been frittered away with the frittering away of this Ministerial responsibility. If there was one thing in the present Administration that really alarmed him, it was the manner in which the usages of Parliament were being crumpled at all points. There was hardly a single thing done in the regular and established way, and one needed to be constantly on the watch to guard against the innovations which were continually being introduced. He saw the gentleman who was at the head of this Administration smile. He did not think that this was a thing that any representative of the people ought to smile at. It could not be gainsaid, denied, or modified that this resolution was useless and unnecessary, that it was unprecedented. The time, if time was of any value to Ministers, and he did not suppose it was, had been entirely wasted at their instance, because they could not get this money except by submitting an estimate, as other Governments had always done, and they might just as well have had this discussion in the usual way, as have had it now in this very improper and most unusual way. He therefore trusted that hon. members would think twice before they proceeded with this farcical resolution; farcical in itself, but much more serious because it abridged their authority. It did abridge our authority, for it would fetter our hands, when we considered this estimate, without in any degree lessening the Minister's reponsibility of advising the Crown to recommend the expenditure of public money. For this reason he should vote against the reception of the resolution, and in doing so he could in no way be accused of inconsistency, because the estimate must still be brought down, and the vote which he intended to give to-night was to affirm that the resolution was useless and detrimental to the manner in which the business of Parliament ought to be conducted. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. FITZPATRICK said that the hon. member's deliverance afforded him more gratification than the hon. member intended he should derive. It must have been patent to every member of the House that the hon. gentleman had been bottling up his wrath for a considerable time, and we ought to be exceedingly relieved that the hon. member had nothing more to hurl at our heads than this. He left the country to judge whether the hon. member or he most deserved the accusation of shurking responsibility. The hon. member voted for the resolution last night, paired off on it to-night, and now with a mind invigorated with five minutes contemplation, the hon. member came to raise this objection. Last night he explained to the House how it was that the Government came to adopt this course. Gentlemen who had undertaken the heavy responsibility of carrying out this exhibition, found themselves very much hampered by uncertainty as to whether they could get this money or not. They could not even make a beginning until they knew whether they were going to get it; and they also knew that once this House passed a resolution of this kind, they would not recede from it—that the money would be as sure as if it were in the Bank of England. The hon. member talked about our coming down with a special estimate, but the hon. member knew we could not submit such an estimate until after the financial statement was made, and that it would not be possible to deal with the matter in that form in time to be of any value. The hon. member was simply attempting to throw dust in the eyes of the people. For forty-eight hours the hon. member, with the assistance of the officers of the House, had been searching for precedents; but had the hon. member found anything to condemn us? If so we should have heard it. Had we made any inroad upon the Constitution? If so he had not shown it. The fact was we had magnified our responsibility. We had made more numerous the occasions upon which the House could bring us to book, and enforce our responsibility. For the sake of gaining time we had exposed ourselves to these repeated discussions. In what sense had hon. members' hands been tied?

Sir HENRY PARKES: The hon. member has said that if the resolution were passed the rest would follow as a matter of course. Was not that tying our hands?

Mr. FITZPATRICK: The hon. member was becoming facetious; and it became him as little, perhaps not so much, as if an elephant were to attempt to dance. He asked in all seriousness how the hands of hon. members were tied when they had the whole of two nights to discuss this matter? We told the society that we would put this money on the estimates, and our promise was made public, so that there was no evasion of responsibility; but the promoters of this Exhibition said that we should help them much if we took this vote in the House at once. When he came down to move this resolution, he was as much responsible to the House as if he were the bearer of a message from the Governor. We had not sought to escape responsibility in any way, and the hon. member was at liberty to put that to the test in any way he pleased. What a farce it was to talk in these grandiose terms about an inroad into the constitution for which our fathers bled! What arrant rot it was! What right was impaired? We had followed the course laid down by the practice of Parliament in obtaining this vote. Had he not the undoubted right as a member of this House, apart from his position as a Minister, to move for this address? But he had not acted without the concurrence of his colleagues, or from inadvertence. It was no part of his creed to escape responsibility on the plea of inadvertence. If he did wrong by inadvertence he would first pay the penalty and plead inadvertence afterwards. The hon. member asserted a little too much when he said the Government would come down all the same with this estimate. It was just possible the hon. member was counting his chickens before they were hatched. Then it was said we had turned Parliament into a machine—that hon. members' hands would be tied if they voted for this resolution; but, if hon. members passed the resolution, they did it with their eyes open; and was it not a fact that every estimate contained items placed there by resolution of the House?

Sir HENRY PARKES: Not by Ministers.

Mr. BURNS: Yes; for mail services.

Mr. FITZPATRICK: How could hon. members regard their hands as being tied when they had the power to refuse to vote any amount they pleased? Hon. members had voted against items so placed on the estimates before, and if they conscientiously objected to this they could do the same again. The whole thing was a fallacy, and he was at a loss to understand what had prompted the hon. member to take the extraordinary course of refusing to receive a resolution which he was a party to carry. The last assertion was, that the usages of Parliament had been crumpled up. The expression was exceedingly emphatic, but the hon. member had not told us what usages, and he confessed he did not know what the hon. member meant. Every single step taken here was in accordance with the usages of Parliament; and if the course taken was unprecedented, for that he pleaded the special urgency of the case. If any of our usages had been crumpled up the Speaker would have been quick to point out the infraction. We did not care to evade our responsibility. Government was not such a bed of roses that a man should sacrifice character and honour to retain it. He did not think that his colleagues had any disposition to do that more than those who had preceded them. If our evasion of responsibility were such as to lead the House to believe we were not fit to govern, we knew how to meet that ultimatum. The good repute of the colony was at stake, and it was that which had led the Parliament to support, and the Government to propose, the course which had been taken in supporting this proposed Exhibition in a large degree against their conscientious convictions. The question here was whether the good name of the colony was to be sullied, or whether an institution out of doors should prosper with their undertaking and make a decent Exhibition.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON was unwilling this discussion should be concluded without saying a few words to explain the course he purposed taking. He could not accept the statements of the Colonial Secretary that the course he had pursued had been one taken to save time. The hon. member in this his last address said that he had given the Parliament more opportunities to discuss the matter than it would otherwise have had. That was the hon. member's defence against the charge of shirking responsibility. If the House had more opportunites than was usual, surely that implied that the Colonial Secretary had not done all he could to save time in regard to this proposition. That hon. gentleman might have come down yesterday with a message from the Governor, and have obtained to-day a final determination from the House, instead of wasting the public time by causing the debate in the House yesterday, and the debate in committee to-day. He concurred with the hon. member for Canterbury that there had never been a case of this kind in the history of the colony. There had never been a case where a responsible Minister moved an address to the Crown; it was an entire change in our customs, and it was an unwarrantable one. Let them see what the position now was. On all hands it would be admitted that after the invitation to foreign nations to join in this Exhibition we could not abandon it without disgrace to the colony. He was not disposed to abandon it, for all along, from the very first he had been willing to have this Exhibition; he had never doubted that it was a desirable thing. But, if he had been in office, he would not have wasted nine months and then come down with a new-fangled mode of proceeding. The Colonial Secretary made no attempt to justify the course he took except upon the ground of urgency. But what was the cause of that urgency? It was the failure of duty on the part of the hon. member in not coming there last session to ask for this supply. The hon. member, in his own justification, was relying upon his own wrong doing. But as members of that House, and representatives of the people, whatever might be their opinion of the capacity of hon. gentlemen in the Government, they ought to have a strong anxiety that the honour of the country must be upheld. They ought to see that when the Governor spoke to outside countries they should not let it be lightly cast aside, especially when it has been known to the Parliament for the last nine months that this action had been taken by the Government. If any man there was of opinion that this Exhibition ought not to be carried out, that man was more blameworthy than the Government that he did not take action before. They all knew that this information had been scattered broadcast throughout other lands. If that were so, what man among them could now refuse to find the money to carry this project out, after having for so long failed to bring forward a resolution condemning the course the Government had taken. He would take no such course as that, though he condemned the Government for endeavouring to cast the blame upon their predecessors. No action of their predecessors had been communicated to the public in any way, and this Government could have dealt with it in any way they pleased, to go on with or not. And now, at this time of day, the attempt to shirk their responsibility, by casting the blame upon him, was pitiable in the highest degree. He should feel bound to vote for this motion for the reason that he believed that if they rejected it the gentlemen who had engaged upon these duties with the sanction of the Government, and with the apparent approval of that Chamber, would give the whole thing up, and decline to go on with it. (Hear, hear.) He should expect to find that the attempt to get any further subscriptions would be extremely unlikely. He had believed the thing to be right from the beginning, and that the idea was a good one. Having held that opinion all through, he was not disposed, by his vote, to give the death-blow to the project, especially when the honour of the country was so deeply involved in its being carried out.

Sir HENRY PARKES asked the indulgence of the House for one word of explanation. The Colonial Secretary had repeatedly quoted as his words, words that were not his, and made him speak of an inroad upon the Constitution. What he did say was, an inroad upon our established usages. The Colonial Secretary also quoted, as if it had been his language, that he talked of the Government shirking their responsibilities. He had qualified it as the responsibility of advising the Crown to recommend expenditure, and he should be entirely misunderstood if he had not confined his observations entirely to that one act, which he characterised as one of the most important.

The resolution was received, read the second time, and adopted.

TONNAGE RATES AND PUBLIC WHARFS AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. COHEN moved the second reading of the Tonnage Rates and Public Wharfs Amendment Bill. This bill was to provide for the payment of certain tonnage dues by vessels coming to the port of Sydney. The necessity for it arose in this way:—Up to the middle of 1877 it had been the custom that when a vessel came alongside a public wharf simply to load cargo, she was not allowed any free lay days, which means that from the moment she came alongside the wharf, not having previously discharged cargo, she had to pay dues. In 1877, a ship called the Ann Duthie came to the Circular Quay, having discharged at a private wharf, and the agents of the ship then raised the point that she was entitled under the existing law to thirty-five free lay days, and the Supreme Court held that this opinion was correct. Now since that time vessels have taken advantage of this, and the consequence has been a large falling off in the revenue received from the Circular Quay. From a return moved for by Mr. Watson, it must be obvious what the effect of this change had been as regards the revenue. In 1875 the revenue received from the Circular Quay was £6991; in 1876, it was £5366; in 1877—in June that year the change took place—it fell to £3269; whilst in the first half of 1878 it only reached £1252. Hon. members would see from that what a serious change this was. The bill was not only pressed on him by officers of the department, but by several gentlemen of the city, while a deputation waited on him and urged him to bring in a measure to legalize the usages of 1875. It was proposed by the bill that when a vessel went alongside to discharge cargo she should according to her registered tonnage be entitled to certain free lay days. If she only discharged a portion of her cargo, the portion would be taken as of her registered tonnage for the purpose of granting her free lay days. If she went alongside not to discharge, but merely to load, then it was provided that she should not be entitled to free lay days at all. The lay days were to be less in number than those under existing arrangements, because agents were quicker in their movements than formerly, and present appliances secured speedier dispatch. The schedule provided lay days in the same manner as that in Melbourne, and was likely to meet the exigencies of the case. A ship of 500 tons would be entitled to twelve days exclusive of Sundays, and vessels of over that tonnage would be allowed one day for every 100 tons above the 500. He might as well refer hon. members to the saving clause of the bill, which reserved rights to ships they were entitled to under existing arrangements at the time of the passing of the bill. He begged to move that the bill be read a second time.

The motion was agreed to, and the House went into committee to consider the details of the bill.

The preamble was postponed and clause 1, "Partial repeal of 8 Vic. No. 16, and 10 Vic. No. 11," was agreed to. Clause 2, "Tonnage rates and free lay days."

Mr. MACINTOSH took exception to the measure, because its provisions would not properly regulate wharfage rates, which at present were levied in the most unfair manner.

Mr. COHEN was sensible of the inconvenience the mercantile community laboured under with respect to an unfair system of wharfage rates. The question of arranging a judicious system of wharfage charges required more consideration than so far he had been able to give it. He was not up to the present time satisfied as to a schedule he thought would work well. When he dealt with the present large schedule he would endeavour to do away with it, and substitute in its place a principle based upon the weight or measurement of goods.

Mr. W. DAVIES also regretted that the hon gentleman had not had time to deal with the laws relating to wharfs. He thought, however, that the provisions of the present bill were excellent, and would be quickly agreed with. In one or two instances the phraseology might be made more decisive.

Mr. J. DAVIES said he thought the bill would pass and prove of great service to all concerned. He drew attention to the want of proper wharf accommodation here. Every Government had failed to make proper provision in regard to the construction of a public wharf and jetties at the Circular Quay, and the sooner the present Government gave their attention to the construction of a proper public wharf, and thereby prevent private enterprise from affording better accommodation than the Government provided at the Circular Quay, the sooner would there be secured a large revenue, which was now lost.

Mr. COHEN said that although the words suggested by the hon. member for Argyle (Mr. W. Davies) might be more emphatic, there was not the slightest danger of the rates not being collected; and with reference to the improvement of the Circular Quay, a question on the subject was put to the Government early in the session, and the answer given was that the Government would lay the plans on the table of the House immediately the extension of the railway to the harbour was determined.

The clause was passed.

Clause 3, "Saving clause;" clause 4, "Short title;" and the schedule, were passed without discussion or amendment. The preamble was amended by omitting in lines 2 and 3 the words "and also at private sufferance wharfs;" and then passed; and the title of the bill was amended in accordance with the preamble.

The bill was reported to the House with amendments and the report was adopted.

SYDNEY CORPORATION BILL.

The House went into Committee of the Whole for the further consideration of the Sydney Corporation Bill.

Clause 83. "Dangerous buildings to be taken down or repaired at owners' expense."

Mr. DRIVER pointed out the absurdity of going on with the bill at that time of night, and urged the propriety of adjourning.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said he did not wish to force the bill on at an inconvenient time, and he was willing to adjourn if hon. members desired.

Mr. DRIVER said that, as the law at present stands, before the Corporation could have a ruinous or dangerous building pulled down, the City Surveyor was compelled to exhibit an information, and have the case tried before two justices of the peace. He did not desire to curtail the powers of the Corporation; but this clause proposed a complete change, and authorised the Corporation to pull down any dangerous premises, and compel the owner to pay the cost of it. He was prepared to admit that the Corporation required greater powers than they at present possessed, but he thought this was going too far. The wiser course would be to allow the law to remain in its present state, and give a person the right to appeal to one at least of our Courts of justice before his building was pulled down.

Mr. W. DAVIES thought it was a very arbitrary proceeding to call upon a tenant to pay the expense of pulling the house down over his head.

On the motion of Mr. FITZPATRICK, the Chairman left the chair, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Wednesday next.

The House, at eleven minutes to 11 o'clock, adjourned till 4 p.m. on the following day.

PALACE GATES FOR THE KING OF TONGA.—At the works of Messrs. Masefield and Co., Auckland, a set of massive gates of cast-iron have been made by that firm to the order of Messrs. M'Arthur and Co., for the King of Tonga, to be erected as entrance-gates to his palace. The New Zealand *Herald*, October 10, states that they are a splendid piece of workmanship, and we have seen nothing in the Southern Hemisphere to equal them in construction, design, or size. The centre gates are in two castings, weighing 18 cwt. each, measuring together 14 feet wide and 9 feet high. These are supported by 18-inch square pillars on either side, cast in eight pieces weighing 8 cwt. each, and bolted together, a cap-piece fitting over the top, and the feet resting in square flanged step-castings, 10 cwt. each, which will be sunk five feet into the ground, the four sides forming the square pillars fitting into the same. The gates open on rollers running upon a quadrant base, and when closed are fastened by a lock ingeniously fixed in the frame casting of the gate. Upon the cap piece of each of the pillars is bolted the king's coat of arms, which has been cast from a first-class carving by Mr. Batts, of Ponsonby, consisting of allegorical devices. These have a very majestic appearance, standing out as they do in bold relief over the gates themselves. Upon either side of the main entrance are also smaller gates, 4½ feet wide and 5½ feet high, supported on shorter pillars of similar design and construction as the centre ones. The whole will enclose an entrance of 30 feet, and will weigh in all over 8 tons.

Among the Babylonian tablets comprised in the Egibi series is one which has lately been discovered which will be of interest to all students of Greco-Persian history. It is dated in the 24th year of Darius Hystaspis, B.C. 516, and contains a long inventory of arms, stores, and other war material deposited in the temple of the war god Nergal, in Babylon. It is important to notice that this is about the period when Darius would have been preparing for his expedition to Greece.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—October 24.

Agnes Irving (s.), 333 tons, Captain Magee, from Richmond River 22nd instant. Passengers—5 in the steerage. C. and R. R. S. N. Co., agents.

Kerangie (s.), 770 tons, Captain M'Petrie, from Melbourne 21st instant. Passengers—5 in the steerage. Cowlishaw, Brothers, agents.

Alexandra (s.), 1000 tons, Captain Finlayson, from Brisbane 22nd instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. M'Connell, Miss M'Connell, Masters (2) M'Connell, Miss Shelebain, Mr. and Mrs. Lang and daughter, Miss Huntley, Messrs. J. Abrams, J. Hipwood, W. Mooney, J. Carroll, T. W. Evans, R. Adair, A. J. Stewart, W. Forest, W. Georgeson, D. C. M'Connell, J. Reid, — Gaden, Master Gaden, W. Williams, E. W. Gurgeson, J. Mathieson, L. Harding, and 30 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Diamantina (s.), 239 tons, Captain Herron, from the Manning River 23rd instant. Passengers—Mrs. M'Qurken, Miss Jordan Misses Gardner (2), Miss Hair, Miss Wetheral, Rev. W. Bannatin, Mr. Donnely, Masters M'Beath and Tisdale. M. R. S. Co., agents.

Black Hawk, ship, 1126 tons, Captain Howland, from Melbourne, 19th instant. Passenger—Mrs. Howland. Lorimer, Rome, and Co., agents.

Somerset (s.), 700 tons, Captain Pockley, from Melbourne 21st instant. Passengers—Mrs. Bennett, Misses Bennett (2). Messrs. Bennett, Rowley, Wilkinson, and 1 Chinaman. Bright, Brothers, and Co., agents.

Bonnie Dundee (s.), 121 tons, Captain Stewart, from the Richmond River 22nd instant. G. and R. Nicholl, agents.

New England (s.), 400 tons, Captain Mann, from Grafton 23rd instant. Passengers—Mrs. Pashley, Miss Cameron, Messrs. Moran, Davis, Fordred, Roper, Layton, Garrard, and 13 in the steerage. C. and N. E. S. N. Co., agents.

Barrabool (s.), 588 tons, Captain J. R. Clark, from Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. G. Howell, Mrs. Jason Howard, Mrs. J. A. Wilson, Mrs. Phippard, Mrs. Fawcett, Mrs. Hanson, Miss Amy Horton, Miss Bayley, Miss E. C. N. C. Granahan, Mrs. E. Fama, Miss Janet Fama, Miss Julia Fama, Messrs. G. Howell, W. P. Evans, R. Jackson, R. Baird, John Tate, A. Walker, A. von Darvaris, Walter Stewart, and 20 in the steerage. W. H. Smith, agent.

Platypus (s.), 300 tons, Captain Gowans, from the Richmond River 22nd instant. Passengers—4 in the steerage. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

DEPARTURE.—October 24.

Menmuir (s.), for Hongkong.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—October 25.

Minnie Lowe, for Port Moresby; Gazelle, for South Sea Islands; Elamang (s.), Edina (s.), for Brisbane; James Paterson (s.), for Rockhampton; Cheviot (s.), for Melbourne; Nineveh, for London; Isabella, for South Sea Islands.

CLEARANCES.—October 24.

Menmuir (s.), 1247 tons, Captain Darke, for Hongkong via Cooktown and Thursday Island. Passengers—For Hongkong: Messrs. John Prince and C. A. Sharp. For Thursday Island: 46 natives.

Isabella, brig, 256 tons, Captain Evers, for South Sea Islands. Passengers—Messrs. Sun Hing Loong, Sum Lee, Ah Sum, and Ah Tiy.

Nineveh, ship, 1174 tons, Captain Lawson, for London. Passenger—Mr. Samuel Moreton Peto Eyre.

COASTERS INWARDS.—October 24.

Maitland (s.), from Morpeth, with 221 bales wool, 270 bales hay, 8 bags potatoes, 32 bags pumpkins, 53 bags tin ore, 9 bags maize, 28 bags bacon, 50 bags coke, 30 cases eggs, 34 cases oranges, 9 cases wine, 10 coops poultry, 73 hides, 7 calves, 53 pigs, 162 sheep; Saxonia (s.), from Newcastle, with 200 tons coal; Merksworth (s.), and Woniora (s.), from Bulli, with 550 tons coal; Ne Oblie (s.), from Coal Cliff, with 200 tons coal; Havilah (s.), and Little Pet, from Wollongong with 440 tons coal; Emily Ann, Planet, and Summer Rose, from Port Macquarie, with 70,000 feet timber, 48 bags oysters; Novelty, Mystery, and Shamrock, from Brisbane Water, with 31,000 feet timber, 14 logs, 6000 palings, 6500 laths, 1200 spokes; Sea Breeze, from Cape Hawke, with 123 girders, 2500 palings, 14 hides; Emmeline, from Camden Haven, with 20,000 feet timber.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—October 24.

Duckinfield (s.) and Industry, for Newcastle; Merksworth (s.) and Woniora, for Bulli; Havilah (s.) and Little Pet, for Wollongong; Ne Oblie (s.), for Coal Cliff; Emily Ann, Planet, and Summer Rose, for Port Macquarie; Novelty, Shamrock, and Mystery, for Brisbane Water; Saucy Jack, for Richmond River; Kate (s.), for Broken Bay; Sea Breeze, for Cape Hawke.

IMPORTS.—October 24.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements in this column.]

Kerangie (s.), from Melbourne: 409 casks currants, 30 plates iron, 580 pieces timber, 1062 bags potatoes, 120 bags tin ore, and sundries.

Black Hawk, from New York: 919 packages castor oil, 5000 cases kerosene, 47 organs, 45 bundles oakum.

New England (s.), from Grafton: 333 bags maize, 9 cases eggs, 4 coops fowls, 1 bale wool, 413 bags tin ore, 91 hides, 4 hogsheads tallow, 22 bundles sheepskins, 231 cases meat, 200 bags bone dust, 1 bag hair, 7 bags bones 5 bags horns, 145 mats sugar, 16 pigs, 4 bales sheepskins, 1 garden roller, 2 bags wool, 2 drums oil.

Barrabool (s.), from Melbourne: 860 bags flour, 195 bags potatoes, 110 bags rice, 50 bags onions, 200 bundles wire, 195 cases fruit, 5 cases sunlights, 1 package indiarubber, 2 tanks malt, 1 package wheels, 2 cases leather, 1 case felt hats, 4 sash frames, 1 package sashes, 2 packages sash doors, 9 pieces iron railing, 9 cases biscuits, 3 cases cakes, 2 cases cheese, 5 bales hay, 1 case boots, 5 cases varnish, 1 case samples, 5 bales woolpacks, 6 cases castings, 20 casks hardware, 27 casks tallow, 1 crate and 16 cases ferns, 1 chaffcutter, 18 packages wood work, 55 sash weights, 6 casks shot, 4 casks compo. tube, 2 reaping machines, 1 cask hardware, 29 tierces and 25 cases tobacco, 2 packages boots, 105 barrels currants, 70 bags bran, 1 case books, 20 casks butter, a quantity of empty cases, and 55 packages.

Ex Chimborazo: 1 tank figs, small boxes—W. H. Ariell.

Ex City of Melbourne: 40 cases Swallow and Ariell's celebrated prize biscuits—W. H. Ariell.

Ex Blengfell: 128 packages merchandise—D. Regan, Tamworth.

Ex Duchess of Argyle: 8 packages merchandise—D. Regan, Tamworth.

Ex William Duthie: 12 packages merchandise—D. Regan, Tamworth.

Ex Chimborazo: 6 cases electroplate clocks, &c.—Hardy, Brothers, 13, Hunter-street.

Ex Cimba, Blengfell, and Duke of Abercorn: Plate iron; bolts and nuts; sofa springs; butchers' knives; iron bedsteads; iron safes; sad irons; red lead; genuine white lead; olive and colza oils; knifeboards; manila bags; lustres; B. M. teapots; B. P. dressers; kerosene lamps; marble chimneypieces—C. Wright.

Ex Duke of Abercorn: 47 cases stationery, viz:—Alex. Pirie and Sons' note papers and envelopes, various; extra satin, cream, and tinted linear repp papers and envelopes, to match square albert and 8vo.; royal and imperial cartridges, Marcus Ward's tinted repp note papers and envelopes; Marcus Ward's tinted repp papeteries, 8vo. and albert; Marcus Ward's Christmas cards and valentines, valentines from various makers, Walkden's black cottage inks, Blackwood's 8d and 1s cylinder gum, black sealing wax, Indian ink; Field's non-corrosive ink, half-pints, pints, and quarts; lawyers' bodkins, ladies' pearl &c., card cases, penholders for M. B. pens; bottles—Winsor and Newton's bottles Chinese white and liquid Indian ink; Rowney's colour boxes and pencils, Camden whist markers, cloth labels, carpenters' pencils, mathematical instruments, Lowe's pens, Collins' post progressive copybooks, Penny's metallics and insets, metal paper weights, Perry's elastic bands, purses, Stephen's blue-black ink, Stephen's coloured inks, crystal inks, spring reporters' inks, pen-cleaners, date cases, imperial tinted crayon paper, Sagar's tracing cloth (36 inches), Whatman's hand-made cream wove, ditto medium bank, Whatman's hand-made cream-laid large post (20 lbs. flat), Faber's ink and pencil erasers (small size), Faber's red and blue pencils (hexagon, first and second quality), Dickenson's envelopes, copying presses, white and coloured double-demy printings—George Robertson.

EXPORTS.—October 23.

Rotorua (s.), for Auckland and New Zealand ports: 164 packages wines and spirits, 874 bags, 350 gunnies, 150 pockets 1 case sugar, 119 cases oil, 23 packages cigars, 1373 packages tea, 600 bags rice, 15 barrels coffee, 7 cases chicory, 85 boxes candles, 24 cases pickles, 6 packages opium, 11 baskets ginger, 80 packages cordage, 14 bales paper, 1 case diving gear, 110 rolls matting, 2 cases furniture, 2 bales leather, 950 spokes, 100 cases maizena, 4 bars iron, 3 kegs rivets, 10 bundles wire, 12 cases starch, 4 casks currants, 5 cases preserved fruits, 35 cases salmon, 13 casks 1 case vinegar, 2 cases cocoa, 2 cases sago, 2 boxes raisins, 2 packages apples, 10 cases matches, 3 cases drapery, 3 bales paperhangings, 7 cases periodicals, 6 cases machinery, 2 patent logs, 12 casks mineral waters, 48 ingots tin, 1 bale canvas, 3 packages nails, 7 cases chutney, 4 cases curry, 20 packages books, 8 hogsheads treacle, 2 cases pianos, 1 case plants, 1 buggy and pole, 13 bags nuts, 1865 cases fruit, and sundries.

Balclutha (s.), for Brisbane and Maryborough: 65 packages wines and spirits, 6 packages beer, 14 packages tobacco, 6 cases confectionery, 1 tank malt, 3 bales bags, 7 cases paint, 3 lengths 1 cask chain, 7 trunks boots, 5 cases oil, 17 packages drapery, 10 ingots copper, 48 bars and bundles steel, 90 bars iron, 6 packages woodwork, 155 bags wheat, 11 anchors, 57 kegs butter, 1 case guns, 17 cases drugs, 3 bales corks, 3 cases coffee, 2 cases cheese, 17 bales fibre, 2 packages glass, 24 stones, 5 horses, 40 cases acid, 6 bags nuts, 198 cases fruit, and sundries.

October 24.

Nineveh, ship, for London: 3289 bales wool, 1116 hides, 156 casks tallow, 150 bales leather, 310 bales basils, 1069 cases meats, 1348 bags copra, 248 bags regulus, 3781 ingots tin, 2047 ingots and 552 cakes copper, 104 cases glue, 45 bags nuts, 95 bags bones, 5 cases tortoiseshell, 6 casks sweepings, 1 bale skins, 30 bales rags, 1 quarter-cask wine, a quantity of horns and hoofs, and 19 packages sundries.

Menmuir (s.), for Hongkong via Cooktown and Thursday Island: 1 keg rum, 2 cases wine, 2 packages tobacco, 48 bags rice, 1 case sugar, 7 cases jam, 2 boxes raisins, 54 cases meat, 29 tierces beef, 325 bags flour, 24 cases potatoes, 2 cases onions, 14 bales 52 bags fungus, 498 bags beche-de-mer, 9 bags shark fins, 4 bundles metal, 12 casks biscuits, 10 packages tea, 5 kegs nails, 16 oars, 2 drums tar, 6 bars 10 bundles iron, 5 packages rope, 16 boards, 1 length chain, 6 anchors, 90 packages P. S. cases, 1 box sovereigns (£1239), and sundries.

Isabella, brig, for South Sea Islands: 277 cases geneva, 15 cases champagne, 5 cases brandy, 15 cases port, 58 packages tobacco, 120 bags rice, 2 cases coffee, 7 cases oil, 1 cask hams, 47 pockets sugar, 3 cases salmon, 6 packages apples, 2 cases sardines, 8 packages hardware, 8 boxes pipes, 2 casks tinware, 7 packages drapery, 6 tins flour, 21 tins biscuits, 4 cases meats, 4 packages tea, 2 cases pickles, 5 packages beer, 6 cases guns, 4 boxes sporting powder, and sundries.

Custom House.—Entered Outwards. October 24:—Cheviot (s.), 754 tons, Captain Stanford, for Melbourne via Newcastle; Wentworth (s.), 650 tons, Captain Saunders, for Levuka; Edina (s.), 266 tons, Captain South, for Brisbane and Maryborough; Prospector, barque, 235 tons, Captain Lewis, for Kaipara, via Newcastle; Duke of Edinburgh (s.), 244 tons, Captain Lessing, for Port Adelaide.

The Kerangie (s.) left Port Phillip Heads at 7.45 p.m. on 21st; passed Gabo Island at 12.30 a.m. on 23rd, entering Sydney Heads at 4 a.m. on 24th. Had light airs and calms, with fine weather, as far as Twofold Bay; thence to arrival strong N.N.E. winds and sea.

The Platypus (s.), from the Richmond, brings up 1900 bags maize, 915 bags sugar, 10 hides, 5 cases eggs, 2 coops fowls, 5 casks tallow, 9 pigs, 20 packages sundries. She cleared the Richmond River bar at 5.30 p.m., Tuesday, and arrived in Sydney at 6.30 p.m. Thursday. Experienced strong southerly breeze and head sea to Smoky Cape; from thence to Newcastle moderate N.W.; thence to arrival strong S.E. breeze, and heavy head sea.

The Bonnie Dundee (s.), from Richmond River, crossed the Bar at 6.30 p.m., 22nd instant, experienced strong southerly winds and heavy rain with thunder and lightning to South Solitary, thence to Smoky Cape moderate and fine; passed Smoky at 2 p.m. on 23rd, from hence to Port Stephens light northerly winds and fine weather, after passing Broken Bay strong southerly winds to port; entered the Heads at 3 p.m. 24th instant. Her cargo consists of 40,000 feet pine logs, 10 cases eggs, 500 bags maize, 1200 feet sawn timber, 2 coops fowls, 400 bags sugar, 126 cedar boards, 50 hides, and sundries.

The E. and A. M. S. Bowen left Port Darwin, for Sydney, via Cooktown, on the 23rd instant.

The American ship Blackhawk, which arrived last evening from Melbourne, is originally from New York, and brings on the balance of her cargo, which includes a quantity of kerosene.

The Diamantina (s.) crossed the Manning bar at 4 p.m. October 23, and arrived in Sydney at 1 p.m. on the 24th. She experienced light north-easterly winds and fine weather to Broken Bay; from thence to Sydney strong southerly wind and rain. Cargo—700 bags maize, 90 bags oysters, 50 hides, 90 pigs, 40 cases eggs, 12 coops fowls, 1 cow and calf, 4 kegs butter, 2 ploughs, and sundries.

The E. and A. Mail Co.'s s.s. Somerset, from Melbourne, cast off from Sandridge Pier at 4.35 p.m. on the 21st; on the 22nd, at 9.35 a.m., rounded Wilson's Promontory; on the 23rd, at 8.25 a.m., passed Gabo Island, and entered Sydney Heads at 4.10 p.m. on the 24th. From Port Phillip Heads to Wilson's Promontory experienced variable winds and fine weather; from Wilson's Promontory to Cape Dromedary had light northerly winds and hazy weather; thence to Cape St. George strong northerly winds and heavy head sea, and from thence to port light westerly winds and rainy weather.

The Agnes Irving (s.) crossed the Richmond Bar on Tuesday, at 6 p.m.; arrived in Sydney on Thursday, at 8.15 a.m. Experienced southerly wind to Smoky Cape, and variable the remainder of the passage. Was detained seven days at Ballina, owing to the shallow state of the bar and crossing. Cargo: 1280 bags maize, 907 mats sugar, 54 hides, 1 coop fowls, 10 cases eggs, and sundries.

The P. M. S. Australia, from San Francisco via Auckland, left the latter port for Sydney at 5 a.m. 23rd instant. She has on board 100 flasks quicksilver and 4000 cases salmon, but no breadstuffs.

Among the vessels now on the berth for London is the fine ship Hawkesbury. She is receiving a good share of freight at the Cosmopolitan Wharf, and will leave in ample time to catch the February sales.

The splendid steamship Chimborazo, of the Orient line, is now discharging her inward cargo at the A. S. N. Co.'s new wharf, it is being landed in beautiful order. She sails again on the homeward voyage on the 16th November.

The Alexandra (s.), Captain Finlayson, left the company's wharf, Brisbane, on the 22nd October, at 2.15 p.m., cleared Cape Moreton at 7 p.m., passed Smoky Cape on the 23rd, at 7 p.m., entered Sydney Heads on the 24th, at 1.45 p.m., arriving at the company's wharf at 2.30 p.m. Experienced strong southerly winds and head sea, with cloudy weather, to the South Solitary; thence to arrival moderate N.E. and west and strong southerly winds with rainy weather.

The New England (s.) left Grafton at 8 a.m. on the 23rd, crossed the bar at 4.30 p.m. same day, arrived at Sydney at 11 p.m. the 24th, having experienced variable breezes and fine weather to Port Stephens, thence to Sydney strong southerly breeze and head sea and squally weather.

The Barrabool (s.) cleared Port Phillip Heads at 6.45 p.m. on the 22nd instant, rounded Wilson's Promontory at 4.45 a.m. on the 23rd, passed Gabo Island at 11 p.m. on the same day, passed Cape St. George at 2.30 p.m. on the 24th, and entered Sydney Heads at 11 p.m. Experienced light variable winds to Montague Island, thence moderate S.E. winds and hazy weather to arrival.

The Loss of the Onward.—We have received from Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co., owners of the abovenamed vessel, the following report of her loss, as related by Mr. Bryant, late chief officer, and forwarded to Captain Hixson, President of the Marine Board:—"Sir,—I have the honour to report as follows of the wreck of the barque Onward, of which vessel I was chief officer:—On the 15th September, at about half-past 8 p.m., whilst running with the wind aft, steering W.N.W., saw Bond's reef close to ship, put helm to port to bring her to the wind, but before she had time to come to the ship struck heavily on the reef, as she was going through the water at about seven knots an hour. I sounded the pumps and found five feet of water, with rudder broken off and lying on the rocks, and vessel almost lying on her side. Put out the lead, and found twelve feet of water on the port side. Finding it impossible to do anything with the hull, clewed all the sails up, and stopped on board till daylight, when we saw an island about two and a half miles N.N.W., which the captain took to be Surprise Island. I had the two lee boats lowered and manned and sent away for safety, fearing that the strain of the masts, &c., leaning so much would tear away the deck, and in falling destroy the boats. After clearing four more boats with provisions from the ship I called the captain, who was below, and told him if he intended leaving the ship he had better get his things into his boat and clear away from the ship, which he did. There were five boats altogether, the captain having with him three white men and about eight kanakas, my own boat having five whites and seven kanakas; the other three had only one white man each, the remainder being natives. We crossed the reef and landed on an island, said by the captain to be Surprise Island, but which I told him I believed to be the North Huon; he, however, maintained it was Surprise Island. On the 17th September I went back to the ship and got some things out of her. She was then surging very heavily on the reef. Returned to the island, and on the 18th went back to the ship, which was rolling very much owing to the heavy sea. Got some more things and returned to the island, where the captain remained all the time. On the 19th Captain Harris came to the conclusion that he would take all the men away and steer for Huon Island. I argued against this procedure, as I thought it would be better that only one boat's crew should go and find the Huon first, as the remaining men would be better where they were, with plenty of provisions, which they could get from the ship; and as the island was evidently an oil station (a house being there with a tank of water), it was most likely the proprietors would return to the island and take away the oil that was there. As the captain persisted in all the men leaving, and as I was apparently the only objector, I went with him. On the 20th we had breakfast at 7 o'clock, went to the beach, launched and provisioned the boats, and made a start; course given by the captain to steer N.W. The five boats all starting together, we ran all day till 5 o'clock; the other boats, still in sight, about 3½ miles behind our's. I hauled to the wind and tried to cut the other boats off; not succeeding in this, I took sail in, and pulled to windward till daylight next day, when we could see nothing of the other boats—nothing but water all around could be seen. Stood to S.S.W. about six hours that day (21st); tacked and stood to the eastward till sundown, when we stood to the southward and westward all night. Daylight, next day, nothing in sight but water; ran N.W. again to pick up, if possible, any of the boats. At noon I stood north; at 4 o'clock kept her up N.E., shortened sail, and steered that way all night. At daylight, of the 23rd, nothing in sight; so came to the conclusion that I had better do something to save myself and boat's crew, and bore up for Bampton Shoal, but, having nothing to take the declination from, I missed it, and so thought it best to run for the 'Queensland coast. Steering W.S.W., till I made the Barrier Reef, on the 1st October, and Swan Reef on 2nd October, and at 10 o'clock same day sighted High Peak, No 3 Percy, where I anchored for the night. In the morning I went ashore expecting to see some people there, as there were fires on the island, but finding no one, we filled our water kegs and started southward and eastward again for Rockhampton. When we got as far as the Perforated Rocks we encountered a heavy S.E. breeze, and had to bear up and run for Port Mackay. At daylight next morning (6th) we were close to a island on the starboard bow. As the natives with me were very weak, I landed to see if I could get them anything to eat, and stopped there till the 10th October, when the steamer Yaralla came past from Broadsound, and from signals made by us the captain of the steamer sent a boat and took us on board, all very weak from the long exposure and want of good provisions, our biscuits having been soaked by the salt water (not having casks to put them in). During the whole time we were in the boat we had to keep almost continually baffling. On the 1st October we arrived at Port Mackay, where I reported the loss of the ship to the Collector of Customs. I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant, W. Bryant.—P.S. Having this morning seen Mr. Coombe, who erected a house, tanks, and tryworks on North Huon Island, which I identified as being on the island on which we were wrecked, there can be no doubt we were on North Huon, and not Surprise Island.—W. B."

On the occasion of the late regatta at Dalkey an unfortunate man named Dunne was blown overboard and killed by the premature discharge of a gun while a salute was being fired from the Alexandra. Immediately on the cry of "A man overboard" being heard, Commander Edward M. Dayrell, inspecting commander of Coastguard at Kingstown, plunged after Dunne, together with a sailor named Joseph Killeen, and it was by the unhesitating pluck displayed by Commander Dayrell and this sailor the saving of Dunne's life was made possible, had not the injuries he received from the explosion proved fatal. This is the second occasion on which Commander Dayrell has distinguished himself to save life from drowning, the former one being when he was serving on the Australian station, and saved the life of a marine by jumping overboard at night from H.M.S. Herald. Possibly these combined acts may be deemed deserving of notice and reward by the Royal Humane Society.—*United Service Gazette*

[By Electric Telegraph.]

Melbourne.—Arrivals: October 23, Suffolk, from Newcastle; Cassiope, from Liverpool; Thyatira, from London.

Newcastle.—Arrivals: October 24, Annie Bow, Lunarin, Phoebe, Maria, from Sydney; Turtle, Agnes, from Lake Macquarie. Departures: October 24, Shannon, Adela, for Melbourne; Adelphoi, for Lyttleton; Waterwitch, for Maryborough.

Ballina.—Arrivals: October 23, Lillie Davis, Neptune, from Sydney. Departure: October 24, Monarch, for Sydney.

Clarence Heads.—Arrivals: October 24, City of Grafton (s.), Fiona (s.), from Sydney.

SYDNEY HEADS.

Date.	Time.	Wind.	Remarks.
October 24.	8.30 a.m.	S.W.	Cloudy.
	Noon.	South	Ditto.
	5 p.m.	S.E.	Ditto.

High Water at Port Denison, October 25, 7.13 a.m., 7.38 p.m.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—October 24.

South Australia: Southerly winds on the coast; barometers rising. Inland: weather fine and clear, wind N.W. Victoria: Cloudy generally, and raining on the coast; strong westerly gale blowing at Cape Otway and Wilson's Promontory, and S.W. at Portland. Rain at Cape Otway, 0·05; Wilson's Promontory, 0·27. New South Wales: Very fine at Northern stations, others cloudy; on the coast, southerly wind and threatening weather. Raining at Cape George, with strong southerly; sea smooth. Port Macquarie line at 9 a.m. interrupted. 3 p.m. Observations in the map. Queensland: Brisbane, fine, clear; Cape Moreton, fine, clear, swell from N.E. 3 p.m.—Victoria: Strong westerly gale on the coast, with rough sea; Melbourne, S.W., 13, cloudy; Cape Otway, W., 48, gloomy, rough sea; Portland, W.S.W., 34, cloudy, smooth sea; Wilson's Promontory, W., 40, gloomy, showery, rough sea. New South Wales: Wentworth, S., fine; Deniliquin, S.W., fine; Goulburn, W., fine; Eden, S.W., 30, fine, sea smooth; Cape George, S.S.E., 10, cloudy, sea smooth; Sydney, showery during forenoon, barometer steady, wind S.S.E., 20, sea smooth; Newcastle, S.S.W., strong, cloudy, sea smooth; Port Macquarie, N.E., 20, fine, sea smooth; Clarence River, N.E., 20, fine, sea smooth.

Astronomical Memoranda for October 25.—Sun rises at 5.9, sets at 6.20; moon rises at 4.17 a.m., sets at 5.17 p.m.; Mercury, 5.17 a.m., 6.18 p.m.; Venus, 4.50 a.m., 5.25 p.m.; Mars, 4.40 a.m., 5.15 p.m.; Jupiter, 10.55 p.m., 12.53 a.m.; Saturn, 3.31 p.m., 3.44 a.m. Full moon, 11th; new moon, 26th.

THE MAILS.

The mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Melbourne.—Overland, daily (Friday excepted), at 6 p.m.

For Adelaide.—Overland, via Melbourne, daily (Friday excepted), at 6 p.m.

For Hobart Town and Launceston.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, daily (Friday excepted), at 6 p.m.

For Ulladulla and Clyde.—By the Hunter (s.), this day, at 8.15 a.m.

For Melbourne, Adelaide, Hobart Town, and Launceston.—By the Cheviot (s.), this day, at 1 p.m.

For Brisbane and Maryborough.—By the Edina (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.

For Brisbane.—By the Elamang (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.

For Rockhampton.—By the James Paterson (s.), this day, at 4 p.m.

For Manning River.—By the Diamantina, this day, at 4 p.m.

For Richmond River.—By the Platypus (s.), on Saturday, at 9 a.m.

For Melbourne.—By the City of Adelaide (s.), on Saturday, at noon.

For Grafton.—By the New England (s.), on Saturday, at 8 p.m.

For Brisbane, and all Northern Ports.—By the Alexandra, (s.), on Monday, at 3.30 p.m.

DISPATCH OF MAILS VIA GALLE PER TANJORE FROM MELBOURNE.

Mails, containing letters, packets, and newspapers, will be made up at this Office, and forwarded per Avoca (s.), to Melbourne, on Tuesday, October 29. Mails will close as follows:—

Registered letters at 9.30 a.m.

Unregistered letters at 10 a.m.

Newspapers and packets at 9 a.m.

Late letters for the United Kingdom, via Brindisi only, will be received at the General Post Office up to 11 a.m. Late fee, 6d.

General Post Office, Sydney, October 24, 1878.

M. Paul de Cassagnac delivered a violent speech to his constituents against the existing Government of France. In this utterance, he accuses the Republican party with being a mass of greedy place hunters, who are refusing liberty to the people, as is evidenced by their conduct in annulling so many of the late elections. He foretold the speedy coming of the fourth Napoleon, and said that although France had driven kings from the throne, it had never ceased to care for Imperialism. He concluded by drawing a most gloomy picture of the dying and death-throes of the Republic.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Thursday Evening.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Spirits	1124	15	2
Wine (still)	89	0	8
Wine (sparkling)	5	18	2
Tobacco and snuff	52	8	0
Cigars	61	8	9
Tea	96	9	6
Coffee and chicory	80	10	0
Sugar (refined)	10	1	10
—— (unrefined)	15	0	0
Opium	22	15	0
Rice	29	14	8
Dried fruits	100	9	2
Nuts	9	0	10
Malt	97	10	0
Hops	1	5	4
Specific duty	632	1	5
Pilotage	32	13	4
Harbour and light dues	24	2	0
Total	£2455	5	5

The Nineveh has cleared for London with 3289 bales wool, 3781 ingots tin, 552 cakes 2047 ingots copper, 248 bags regulus, 1348 bags copra, 1069 cases meats, 156 casks tallow, 150 bales leather, 30 bales basils, 1116 hides, 104 cases glue, 95 bags shanks and tips, 45 bags nuts, 5 cases tortoiseshell, 1 quarter-cask wine, 1 bale skins, 6 casks sweepings, 30 bales rags, 19 packages sundries, and a quantity of horns and hoofs.

The Stock and Share market continues in a state of stagnation. The only sale reported to-day, and the first since Monday, was a parcel of City Bank at 10½, sellers at 2s. 6d. less, buyers at 10¼; Commercial offered at 97½: Joint Stock had buyers at 13⅜, sellers at 10½; Mercantile, buyers at 5¼, sellers at 5½, new issue offered at 3½: New South Wales wanted at 48, offered at 49½; New Zealand had buyers at 23¼, sellers at 23⅝; National of Queensland, buyers at 6¼, sellers at 6½. Debentures unchanged. New South Wales fours and Interminables are still scarce. Insurance shares maintain their price. Australian Fire held for 6s. 3d., City wanted at 2s., and Mercantile at 2s. 4d., with sellers at 2s. 6d. New South Wales offered at 37s. 6d., Pacific wanted at 37s.; Sydney Fire, buyers at 73s., sellers at 76s.; Sydney Marine offered at 23s., and United at 31s.; Gaslight, fully paid, had sellers at 13, and new issue at 6. Wallsend Coal firmer, holders asking 15¾; Waratah offered at 7, Bulli at 13½.

No indications of an improvement were visible in the Import markets. There was a limited inquiry for trade lines at late rates. A large shipment of currants arrived from Melbourne this morning, and this supply is likely to prevent prices going any higher. Bottled ale is in active request, 11s. paid for small lots of best brands. Candles are moving slowly at up to 9d. for five-medal. A few articles of oilmen's stores are rather light in stock, and for the moment command extreme prices. The brandy market is very strong, and some holders are asking advanced quotations; Hennessy's case, on the spot, has been sold at 33s. Late news from Mauritius has had a weakening tendency upon sugars. Colonial is offering freely, and as the trade are not disposed to pay late rates, there is a quantity of Queensland grown in stock. The Melbourne market is also weaker; a shipment of 12,000 packages Mauritius was pushed off by auction on Monday, at a fall of 15s. on whites and brewers' crystals.

The sales of wool held to-day by Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, and Messrs. Maiden, Hill, and Clark, attracted a full attendance of buyers. The biddings for well-conditioned lots were brisk, but burry and seedy parcels were neglected. Only a few lots of fleece were sold at 17¾d. to 20¾d.; greasy brought 6½d. to 11¼d.; inferior scoured, 9½d. to 14¼d. Sheepskins sold readily at 5d. to 7d. for full-woolled, 2¾d. to 4½d. for pelts and short. The bellies of the R over Murril Creek clip, sold yesterday, brought 7½d.

Messrs. R. Goldsbrough and Co. report by telegram from Melbourne:—

"We catalogued 6100 bales to-day, and have sold 5200. Brisk competition, and prices firm at last week's rates. Greasy sold at 8d. to 13d.; washed, 15d. to 22d. Latter price for 250 bales, from Netley, River Darling."

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

Melbourne, Thursday.

The following were the market quotations for to-day:—Flour, £10; wheat, 4s. 10d. to 5s.; maize, 4s. 7d.; malt, 11s. 9d. to 12s.

Adelaide, Thursday.

Sales have been reported as follows:—Town flour, £11 15s.; country flour, £10 15s. to £10 17s. 6d.; wheat, 5s.

STOCK SALE.

G. M. Pitt and Son report having sold 100 bullocks (Messrs. T. and S. Learmonth's), from Groongal, averaging £9; also, 138 bullocks, delivered on the Lachlan, at £7 12s. 6d.; and 12 cows, at £5 10s.

MINING MANAGERS' REPORTS.

Beyers and Holtermann's G. M. Co.—"Hill End, October 21. The work in the mine continues as usual, the back stope north on Paxton's vein, at the 90-feet level, has been put in 5 feet, making present length 16 feet. The stope south has been extended 4 feet, making total length 21 feet. Vein remains unchanged. Stone raised this week, 2 tons, making total at grass 6 tons."

Long Tunnel G. M. Co.—The Mining Manager on 21st instant reports:—"During the last week the works have been carried on as usual without much change. The ground is still hard and bad for blasting, consequently the progress is slow. There is now every appearance of a change for the better—the ground is broken up and a number of veins appear on the rock, added to which we are now getting water in the face, all of which indicate a change of country for the better. Four feet were driven during the week, making the tunnel now 979 feet."

Carroll and Beard's G. M. Co.—"Hill End, 22nd October:—Back-stoping No. 1 vein north from shaft at 140-feet level. Back-stoping No. 2 vein south of shaft at 180-feet level. 3 tons of quartz raised this week; it shows a little gold. 8 tons of stone at surface."

Krohmann's G. M. Co.—"Back-stoping No. 1 vein south of shaft at 100-feet level. Back-stoping No. 2 vein north from shaft at 140-feet level. 3 tons of quartz raised this week; it shows a little gold. 8 tons of stone at surface."

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

O. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.

DENT and HOSKIN.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at 10, Wood.

F. L. BARKER.—At his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, American Buggies, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow.

S. PROCTER.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Mart, at 12, Pigs, Calves, Fruit, &c.; at 2, Dairy Produce, Hides, Tallow, Skins, &c.

ELLIS and CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; a Depot, at 11.30, Calves, Lambs, &c.; at 12.30, Dairy Produce at 4, Hides, Tallow, &c.

WELLS and SMITH.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at 10, Wood; at Yards, at 12.30, Pigs, Calves, &c.; at 1.30, Dairy Produce; at 2, Fruit, Potatoes, &c.

SAYERS and CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at 12, Wood; at Yards, at 2, Poultry, Groceries, &c., Dairy Produce, &c.

HALL, PRINCE, and CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow; at 3, Hair, &c.

MORT and CO.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow; at 3, Horns, &c.

G. COULTER.—At the Corporation Yards, at 11.30, Pigs, Calves.

W. INGLIS.—At his Mart, at 11, Calves, Lambs, &c.; at 11.30, Poultry, &c.; at 1, Dairy Produce.

J. BRIDGE.—At his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c. at 2.30, Tallow.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN.—At their Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, Pearl; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 11, Fat Lambs.

H. S. GIBSON.—At his Bazaar, at 10.30, Horses, Vehicles, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN.—At their Rooms, at 11, Watches, Gimlets, Pistols, Cruets, Pipes, Opera Glasses, Herrings, Fencing Wire, Canvas, &c.

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Important Sale of superior household furniture, Erard pianoforte, glass, china, plate, kitchen utensils, &c., at the residence of Mr. Forrester, Verulam, Moore Park Road, opposite Rifle Butts.—Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, auctioneers. Spring and O'Connell streets

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Special Advertisements.

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at the temporary offices, 59, Little Collins-street West; or to
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.,
Exchange-buildings,
Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF VICTORIA, 19th September, 1878.
Before their Honors the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Barry.
WOLFE versus HART,
upon appeal, an INJUNCTION granted by his Honor Mr. Justice MOLESWORTH was sustained by the Court with £20,000 penalty, against the defendant HART, restraining him from selling a compound which he called IMPERIAL SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, in bottles with labels imitated from those of UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.
All persons selling such imitations will be forthwith proceeded against

LEICHHARDT.—Dr. ALEXANDER PATERSON. Hill Crest, STANMORE ROAD, opp. the Wesleyan Church

MR. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL, DENTIST, CONSULTS DAILY. 6, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square. Caution—Not connected with any other person.

NOTICE.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY, OCTOBER 28th, Mr. JOHN SPENCER, Dentist, will practice his profession at his new premises, 44, Wynyard-square North.

REMOVAL.—The undersigned have Removed to their New Warehouse, Moore-street, off Pitt-street.
YOUNG and LARK.

HORTICULTURE IS NOW REGARDED AS ONE of the favourite pursuits for those having a little spare time and a little space of ground. Cases are not rare even where lovers of the plants and flowers, not having much time in daylight, spend many a happy hour in their little garden and conservatories by lamp or candle light. For the purpose of assisting amateur gardeners, special articles and directions appear week by week in the columns of the SYDNEY MAIL. Subscription, 6s 6d per quarter. Hunter-street, Sydney.

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receive monthly shipments from their Hamburg House, and always have in bond a very large and varied Stock. Samples may be seen at their office, 179, Pitt-street.

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LADIES and GENTLEMEN are respectfully invited to inspect our magnificent display of BOOTS and SHOES just opened. S. WHIDDON, 139, Oxford-street.

KEROSENE.—Devoe's BRILLIANT, ex Black Hawk, now on the way from Melbourne.
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CANDLES.—Goudas, now landing.
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BIRDSEYE TOBACCO, EXCELLENT QUALITY. two shillings per pound, at T. SAYWELL'S, 4, Park-street.

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THE SYDNEY MAIL, NOW PUBLISHING, CONTAINS:
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Tales—Within the Precincts, by Mrs. Oliphant; Mrs. Ord, by Ariel
My Recollections on and off the Stage, by F. Belton
Literature — Vagabond Politicians
Edinburgh Reviewers
Headquarters of the M. R. Club
Ingenious Ruses
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Cure for Drunkenness
Lord Beaconsfield and the Two Cherry Stones
The Health of the Pope
Select Poetry—Tender Memory
Ladies—Charleyism — Fashion Talk—Latest Fashions
A Chapter on Children—Our Fair Contributors
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Young Folks—Aunt Rachel's Story—Little Jokes
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The Late Mr. Justice Keogh
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A Malay House in the Philippines
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The Morbid Anatomy of Pleuro-Pneumonia — Australian Grapes — Poultry Notes—Sheep Brands and Ear Marks—Ticks in Animals
Horticulture—The Garden
Scientific—Labour-saving Machines at the Paris Exhibition
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The Late Mr. Justice Keogh
Scene near the Magdala Company's Mine, Stawell
Iron Shipbuilding
Vertical and Horizontal Boring Machines

SUMMARY OF NEWS FOR EUROPE.

The summary of Colonial news for transmission to Europe via Galle by the Royal mail steamship Tanjore will be published in this journal on Monday, the 28th instant. Orders for extra copies should be lodged with the clerk of the counter on Saturday. Our friends in the country are reminded that orders to post for England will be too late after Monday morning's mail.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1878.

In the Legislative Council, yesterday,

In answer to questions by Sir Alfred Stephen, it was stated by Mr. Marks that the Government intended to act on the suggestion contained in Mr. Alfred Roberts's memorandum of the 5th May last, as to the keeping of accounts by hospitals, which receive pecuniary aid from the Treasury, and the making by them of a prescribed annual statistical return, but the suggested rules could hardly take effect at so early a date as was proposed.

Mr. Marks, also in reply to Sir Alfred Stephen, said a reformatory school had been established under the Reformatory Schools Act of 1866, namely the reformatory school for females at Biloela. The Vernon was an industrial school under the Act of 1866. The establishment of a reformatory school for boys was under consideration.

Sir Alfred Stephen moved the adjournment of the House with a view to urge the importance of establishing a reformatory school for boys, and the expediency of having accounts kept by hospitals as a check to injudicious expenditure.

The motion for adjournment was negatived.

Mr. Foster laid on the table copies of the correspondence passed between the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Government, touching the appointment of an additional Judge of the Supreme Court.

The President explained the inexpediency of dealing formally with motions for the restoration of lapsed business and the resumption of the proceedings at the point at which they were interrupted for want of a quorum, and suggested some alteration in the practice.

Sir Alfred Stephen having obtained leave, brought in a bill to enable the trustees of the will of William G. Moore to sell and lease certain lands, and to make provision for the disposal and investment of the proceeds.

The Grape Vines and Grapes Importation Prohibition Bill passed its final stages, and was forwarded to the Assembly for its concurrence.

Mr. Thornton moved that the proceedings in reference to the Impounding Act Amendment Bill be now resumed at the point where they were interrupted for want of a quorum on the 10th instant.

The motion was agreed to on the casting vote of the President. The bill was read the second time, and the recommittal of the bill fixed an order of the day for next Thursday week.

Sir Alfred Stephen moved, and it was agreed, that the proceedings in reference to the Adulteration of Food Prevention Bill, be now resumed at the point where they were interrupted for want of a quorum on the 17th instant.

The motion was agreed to, and the House went into committee on the bill. Clauses 1 to 7 were agreed to without dissent, and the committee proceeded with the consideration of several new clauses intended to deal with the injurious effects of liquors containing fusel oil. The first of these had been amended and agreed to, when progress was reported and leave was obtained to sit again on Wednesday.

Mr. Foster moved the third reading of the Islanders Shipping Engagement Bill.

Sir George Innes moved the recommittal of the bill to reconsider the second clause and the schedule, with a view to afford some protection to islanders engaging outside the colony.

The House went into committee, but no progress was made before the House resumed, and leave was obtained to sit again.

The House adjourned at half-past 7 o'clock till Wednesday next.

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday,

Questions were asked by Messrs. Hoskins, Taylor, and Captain Onslow.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. S. C. Brown and Hungerford.

On the motion of Mr. Fitzpatrick, a Committee of the Whole was agreed to, for next Wednesday, respecting a bill for transferring to the general registry certain registers of marriages, births, and deaths.

On Mr. Greville's motion (for Mr. Shepherd) leave was given to bring in a bill to amend the law relating to bills of sale.

Mr. Farnell moved the second reading of the Parliamentary Privileges Bill. It would confer all the privileges possessed by the British House of Commons so far as consistent with clause 3 of the Constitution Act. The precincts of the Houses were defined, and people outside who might offend would be tried by the Supreme Court at the instance of the Attorney-General. Provision was made for th examination of witnesses before the House similar to those previously proposed by Sir John Robertson.

Sir John Robertson had expected the debate on the Exhibition resolution to take precedence that night. This bill was very much like the one passed by the House last session over the head of the Government. Members ought, however, to have an opportunity of studying it carefully, and he hoped the Premier would only go into committee *pro forma*.

Mr. Fitzpatrick said his colleagues meant to go on with the bill because he thought it met the views of the House. Still Ministers would agree, if necessary, to go into committee only *pro forma*.

Captain Onslow hoped the Government would go on with the bill. The House was in a mood for work, and should have the opportunity.

Mr. Hungerford congratulated the Government on its change of views on this subject, but hoped they would not go on that night.

Mr. Dillon saw no need for postponing the bill till after the Exhibition discussion an hour or two afterwards. It was what the House wanted, and was ready to go on with.

Mr. Greenwood also desired to congratulate the Government on its change of front, and was prepared to go on with the bill, though he could not resist the request of the leader of the Opposition, if reason were shown for it.

Mr. Charles had some little difficulty in recognising a leader, but hoped the Government would go on with the bill.

Mr. Driver would agree to an hour's adjournment if that was necessary, but not to a postponement of the order of the day.

Mr. Lucas begged Ministers to go on at once.

Mr. Lynch thoroughly approved the measure, and would support it.

The bill was read a second time without division, and the House went into committee to consider it in detail. After debate, in which Messrs. Farnell, Day, R. B. Smith, Jacob, Lynch, Greenwood, Dillon, F. B. Suttor, Hungerford, Sir John Robertson, Messrs. M'Culloch, Driver, Hoskins, Leary, Rosbery, and Webb, several of the clauses were amended, the bill was reported to the House, and a third reading appointed for to-day.

On the motion of Mr. Fitzpatrick the House went into Committee of the Whole to consider the resolution in favour of a grant of £10,000 for the International Exhibition next year. He did not think he needed to say much after the debate of last night.

Mr. Hungerford moved an amendment making the grant of £10,000 unconditional.

After debate by Messrs. Macintosh, Rosbery, F. B. Suttor, J. Davies, Fitzpatrick, Hungerford, Greenwood, Sir John Robertson, Captain Onslow, Messrs. Burns, Hoskins, Leary, W. Davies, and Lucas took part, a point of order was raised by Mr. Greenwood as to whether the amendment was admissible as it made a conditional grant absolute.

On the motion of Mr. Fitzpatrick the point of order was referred to the House, the Chairman having decided that the amendment was admissible. The point of order taken was reported by the Chairman, and debated by Messrs. Fitzpatrick, Greenwood, Sir John Robertson, Messrs. Dillon, Terry, J. Davies, Hungerford, Driver, Burns, Hoskins, and Leary.

The Speaker ruled that the amendment was inadmissible.

The debate in committee on the resolution was continued by Messrs. Copeland, Greville, Greenwood, Fitzpatrick, Sir John Robertson, Messrs. F. Suttor, Terry, and M'Elhone, the committee divided, the resolution was affirmed by 34 to 7, and the House resumed.

On the question that the resolution be received, Sir Henry Parkes was compelled to take exception to the action of Ministers in proposing an address to the Governor for an expenditure of public money. It was an inroad upon the established usage. They were themselves responsible for recommending the expenditure, but now the estimate would come down upon a resolution of the House, not upon the responsible advice of Government. They House should not receive the resolution. How could the House properly control public expenditure after having its hands tied beforehand? He warned honorable members against the innovations upon British and all Parliamentary precedents which were now of daily occurrence.

Mr. Fitzpatrick was relieved that no heavier charge could be brought against Ministers. The hon. member himself had evaded his responsibility by not voting. The resolution was brought in to save time and enable the preparations for the Exhibition to be proceeded with. Where was the inroad on the Constitution. The House had been able two or three times to express its opinion, and could do so again. The whole question had been discussed *usque ad nauseam*. Were not resolutions constantly being passed for items to be placed on the Estimates? Government had sought merely to save the good name of the colony.

Sir John Robertson said the Colonial Secretary had partly evaded the point raised and partly proved. If several opportunities had been given the House for debating the point, clearly there had been a waste of time. Why did they not bring down an estimate, and have only one debate? It was entirely new for a responsible Minister to address his Excellency the Governor by resolution instead of advising on matters of public expenditure. Then where was the urgency? It was due to the tardy, hesitating action of Ministers.

The resolution was received, and agreed to without division.

Mr. Cohen moved the second reading of the Public and Private Sufferance Wharfs Bill. His proposition was to levy a rate of one-halfpenny per ton of register measurement per diem on all vessels loading, unloading, or refitting at any public wharf in the colony; but vessels discharging the whole of their inward cargo would be entitled to "free lay days" from three to twelve, according to their tonnage up to 500 tons, and an additional day for each 100 tons beyond that. The second reading was agreed to, the bill was committed, and, after discussion by Messrs. Macintosh, Cohen, W. Davies, J. Davies, and Webb, the clauses were passed, the preamble and title amended, the bill reported to the House, and the third reading made an order of the day for to-day.

The Sydney Corporation Bill was further considered in committee, and, after debate by Messrs. Fitzpatrick, Driver, W. Davies, and F. Suttor, its further consideration was postponed till Wednesday next.

The House adjourned at eleven minutes before 11, until 4 o'clock to-day.

The trial of Hungerford for the shooting of Michael M'Grath, which was held at the Maitland Circuit Court last week, is one of the most important that has come under our notice for some time past. The leading points of the case may be summed up as follows. It appears that a few months ago M'Grath was tried for an assault on Hungerford, and was convicted and fined ten shillings and the costs of the Court. On the conclusion of the trial, and while in the Court, M'Grath, who was a neighbour of Hungerford's, declared that he would have him off the land on which he lived, and made some other remarks of a threatening character, which led the presiding justice to insist on his keeping order. After this, Hungerford, apprehending personal danger from M'Grath's violence, went to a store in West Maitland and purchased a revolver, with two hundred cartridges. M'Grath, who while Hungerford was purchasing the revolver had proceeded towards his residence, turned round and stopped in front of Hungerford's flower garden, and, according to one of the witnesses, sang out "Where's that Hungerford? Where's that Hungerford? I want to see that Hungerford." Mrs. Hungerford said "he is not at home, he has gone to the sale yards." To this the man replied "You tell that Hungerford from me that whenever I meet him I'll do for him, and not only him but the whole of the family, if I'm hung for it." Leaving the locality of Hungerford's house, M'Grath proceeded in a direction in which he met Mr. Hungerford, who was nearing his home, leading a horse with his two children on it. M'Grath jumped out of the dray in which he was riding and rushed at Hungerford. The latter tried to get round a corner with a view of effecting an escape, but his assailant, who it appears was a powerful man, while Hungerford was a delicate one, stopped him by going in front of him. M'Grath, according to the evidence, had a large stone raised in his right hand, and was seeking to grasp Hungerford with his left hand, the two men being within arm's length at the time. Hungerford warned M'Grath that he had firearms in his possession, and that he would be compelled to use them unless he was left alone. It seems, however, that the infuriated man persisted in his attack, and Hungerford in self-defence shot him in the breast. The shot proved fatal, M'Grath having died a short time afterwards. The result of the affray was that Hungerford was committed by a Coroner's jury to take his trial for manslaughter. The trial, as we have already stated, took place last week, when the jury, after deliberating for twenty minutes, returned into Court with a verdict of not guilty.

The verdict of the jury will probably be sustained by those who have looked carefully into the details of the case, which we have briefly epitomised. It seems difficult to decide at what particular stage of personal danger a man may take the law into his own hand by meeting violence with violence. This is a point on which lawyers themselves widely differ if we may judge from the detailed report of the trial which appeared in the *Maitland Mercury*. By the counsel for the defence, for example, it was argued that there was no need to show any immediate fear of death to justify a man taking violent means of self-protection, and that there was sufficient for this if there was reason to apprehend injury to life and limb. A case was quoted in which a person being attacked in a house was declared to be under no necessity of beating a retreat, and another in which a man and his servant having insisted on taking corn from a prisoner's barn the prisoner resisted, and in the struggle was struck on the breast. The prisoner then picked up a stone and threw it at one of the thieves and killed him. In this case the conviction failed because the prisoner had a right to defend her property, and to use force to repel force. The Attorney-General contended that the law was incorrectly laid down by the counsel for the defence. He admitted that a person was at liberty to repress force by force, and that if the assailant increased his force the person assailed was entitled to use increased force to repel the attack, but that he was not to take life unless he thought his own would suffer. "A person," the Attorney-General said, "must retreat as far as he could conveniently do, and, if impossible to retreat further, he could use the necessary force, and even take the life of his assailant to protect his life or himself from great bodily harm. But before he could avail himself of this defence in the use of weapons, they must be satisfied that he did all that he could to avoid such means, and that they were necessary to protect himself from death or great bodily harm, his life being at the time in immediate danger." The presiding Judge pointed out that a great

laal of the law which had been referred to on both sides was inapplicable to the case in hand. The law as laid down by his Honor was that a person was justified in killing his assailant when he was apprehensive of receiving such serious injuries as might result in his death. In regard to the case under trial his Honor pointed out that if the jury were satisfied from the evidence that the prisoner had reasonable apprehension of receiving bodily harm from the deceased man, and that to protect himself it was necessary to shoot him they should acquit him. The jury as we have intimated took this view of the case and acquitted the prisoner accordingly, the ground on which this was done being that at the moment the shot was fired by HUNGERFORD his life was in immediate peril from the fact that the deceased was seeking to throw a huge stone with one hand and to grasp his victim with the other, the prisoner, therefore, having no reasonable hope of escape. In one of his books CARLYLE has enlarged on the value of the pistol as a means of enabling the weak to protect themselves against the strong. It is a weapon, the great sage declares, which the world has reaped large benefit from, and which it could ill do without. In ruder states of society, and in lawless countries generally, the pistol has been a great destroyer, and in some instances perhaps the only available reformer. In countries like ours, however, it is a dangerous remedy for social abuses, and in the excitement of fear or of hatred is one which is more liable to be used for evil than for good. It may be confidently stated that no man has a right to use firearms to protect himself while an opportunity remains to place himself under the power of the law by binding over his assailant to keep the peace. The jury at Maitland the other day decided that no such opportunity remained to HUNGERFORD. The question which was left for them to decide was whether the responsibility for the act submitted to them rested with the person who received the pistol shot or with the one who fired it. Their decision was that it rested with the former, and as we have already said, it is difficult to see how, if the evidence is to be believed, it could have been otherwise.

It is not, however, with a view of merely bringing under the notice of our readers the circumstances under which the life of one man may be taken by another that we have directed attention to this case, but with also that of again referring to one of the most serious defects in our criminal trials. In commencing his address for the defence, Mr. BUTLER pointed out the misfortune to the prisoner that neither himself nor his wife was enabled to give an account of the occurrence. It may be added that such a circumstance is also a misfortune to society. It is impossible to feel that in a large number of our criminal cases the evidence given is most imperfect from the fact that the persons who alone are in a position to give an accurate and a full account of what has happened are just those whose mouths are closed, and that on this account there is often, in regard to such cases, a wavering public sentiment where there ought to be an unhesitating acquiescence. No one can carefully read the report of our criminal cases without observing that much of the evidence on which the lives of persons are made to depend is given by persons who are, if not untrustworthy, at least most incompetent, and that if prisoners were permitted to tell their own story, they might reveal particulars which would alter the whole aspect of the case. No doubt it may be argued that the story of the prisoner, in the absence of that of the person whose life he has taken, would be but an *ex parte* statement; but it is in the power of a cross-examiner to fully destroy any advantage of this kind which one side might have over another, if the prisoner were allowed to give evidence in his own case. It has been argued, on the other hand, that to permit the accused to be examined, although it might in many instances prevent a miscarriage of justice, would in others lead to the condemnation of innocent people who, through trepidation, confusion of mind, imperfect speech faculty, or the bullying of an opposition counsel, might be led to criminate themselves. That such drawbacks might, in some cases, attend an alteration of the law is possible enough, but the gain to the cause of justice, and the increased security to the interests of society that would follow the change in our criminal jurisprudence, can hardly be questioned. The object of a legal trial is the getting at truth, and the making of law as much as possible like justice. To this end it is necessary that those who best know the facts should have an opportunity of giving their version of them. One of the resolutions in the procedure in criminal trials, proposed in the bill introduced in the English Parliament by the Attorney-General a few months ago, was, that prisoners should be allowed to make statements in the course of their trial, and be cross-examined on their statements. We have on several occasions pointed out the improvement which such a change would be almost sure to effect in Criminal procedure in this colony, and the case that was tried at the Maitland Circuit Court last week furnishes, as it seems to us, a fresh illustration of the need for a change. If the change described were made, the end of such cases would often be, if not more in harmony with justice, more intelligible and more satisfactory to the parties immediately concerned and to society generally.

MR. WESTGARTH's circular of August last gives the supposed reasons for the depression in colonial securities. One reason is the rise in the value of money, the bank rate having advanced to 5 per cent. Another reason is that August is in the middle of the holiday season, when there is very little business doing. But the chief cause is said to be the greatly enlarged borrowing upon which the colonies have mostly resolved. The amounts that he mentions are wrong, but the mistake does not materially affect his reasoning. He remarks, "there is great danger in these colonies depending altogether on the sale at this side of amounts so unusually large. In the present state of the market neither colony could sell its proposed £3,000,000, and still less, if possible, could the two loans go off. The negotiation would fail, not on a question of price, but of the complete indisposition of the market to add at present to its liabilities. When the Victorian loan is brought forward, the fact that about twice its amount more is still waiting behind, will render the negotiation a matter of some difficulty."

It would no doubt have greatly strengthened the borrowing powers of these colonies in London, if we had continuously negotiated part of our debt in the colony itself. Such a policy could not be suddenly and largely adopted now, because the rate of interest is high and money is scarce, but the time has been when it might have been adopted with great advantage, and that time will come again, and to a small extent it might be adopted even now. It would be a judicious thing if, of every fresh loan raised, a suitable portion were to be set apart to be gradually negotiated in the colony and added to the funded stock debt. The state of the bank deposits sufficiently shows that there is a large amount of accumulated wealth seeking investment, and the holders of which are prepared to take a moderate amount of interest. If a larger amount of the public indebtedness had been negotiated in the colony some of the money which now figures as bank deposit would doubtless have been represented in the form of funded stock.

It has often been argued that it is not advantageous for the Government to absorb into a dead investment money which in the hands of the banks could be used to fertilise industry. But this argument rests upon two assumptions which are not in accordance with fact. In the first place, the money invested by the Government in railways is not a dead investment, but a productive one. A railway is a commercial machine in constant operation, and its direct effect is to facilitate trade and stimulate production. In the second place, as matters now stand with us, the practical effect of the combination of our bank system and land system is to lock up capital in dead investments; it has been to stimulate unnaturally the purchase of land, and every acre that is bought when it might have been leased to greater profit absorbs money that could have been better laid out in other ways. If the money had gone to making railways by the mile instead of selling acres by the million, it would have been more usefully spent, so far as the increase of the country's wealth is concerned; and, so far, it is clear that the country would have been better off if the money had been lent to the Government instead of to the banks. And had the Government been thus able to avail itself of local resources, it would have been less obliged to appeal to the London money market, and if it had done so, its position would have been very much stronger. There are very few parts of the world where capital has been more rapidly collected than in these colonies, but the profit has come off the soil. The value of the land has tempted a larger amount of investment in purchase than the conditions of profitable occupation justify, and as fast as the national wealth has accumulated it has been invested in the soil. There is no better investment where it is really and intrinsically profitable; but where it is not profitable, the money is simply locked up without interest, or with less than the current rate of interest, and in that case there is an annual loss. A good deal of the capital of the colony has been locked up in this way, it has gone to purchase what are, for the present, unremunerative properties, and it would have been better for them and better for the colony if the Government had absorbed in the construction of railways the capital which has been lent to pastoral lessees to enable them to purchase land.

At the same time we think that the sensitiveness of the London money market about Australian indebtedness is not only excessive but rather ridiculous. When we look at the indebtness of the Continental countries, and at the rate which they can still borrow, and think of the rapidly growing resources of these colonies, our indebtedness is comparatively small. The number of tax-payers with us increases rapidly year by year, while the works for which the money is borrowed, are to a large extent remunerative, and the pressure of the debt is only the margin of their short-coming. The money borrowed is not wasted in war, but employed in opening up to occupation a vast territory. There is no purpose to which the surplus capital of the mother country can be more appropriately directed than that of constructing well-planned railways in the colonies, and colonial debts incurred for that purpose are generally pretty well represented by a substantial asset.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE tenor of the cable news we publish this morning is not by any means pacific. The statement that everything indicates that Russia is resolved to act in Roumelia, without regard to the Berlin Treaty, is rendered additionally ominous by the misgivings which appear to be entertained by the British Government, if the Chancellor of the Exchequer is a true exponent of the views of his colleagues. His opinion is that Europe cannot yet be considered safe from a revival of the late war, because of the obstacles still remaining to be surmounted in carrying into execution the stipulations of the Berlin Treaty. He does not, or rather the telegram does not, suggest by whom those obstacles are interposed; but we are led to believe from previous telegrams that Russia is at the bottom of the troubled state of affairs. Possibly Australians are not the only people who are in the dark as to the meaning of the movements of Russian troops south of the Balkans. Under the Treaty of Berlin, the country which is again the scene of Russian activity, if not intrigue, is constituted a province, under the name of Eastern Roumelia. It is to remain under the direct military and political authority of the Sultan, subject to certain conditions of administrative autonomy, but it is to have a Christian governor. The Sublime Porte has the appointment of this functionary, with the assent of the Powers. We have not, however, yet heard of his appointment. The 22nd article of the Treaty permits Russia to keep an army of occupation in Eastern Roumelia for the space of nine months, and to use the port of Bourgas for maintaining communication between the troops and Russia. But the "great advance" referred to is evidently a movement altogether beyond the Treaty stipulations. The affairs of Bulgaria seem to have gone on more smoothly. General Ignatieff has been nominated as chief of the new principality by the commission appointed for that purpose. According to Article 3 of the Treaty the Prince of Bulgaria is to be freely elected by the people, and his election is subject to confirmation by the Porte with the assent of the other Powers. We have no further news of the Afghan difficulty. More victims of the Glasgow Bank frauds are announced; James Morton and Co., of Glasgow, who have failed with liabilities estimated at two millions and a half sterling. Shortly before we went to press this morning, we were informed by the Telegraph Department that the overland line was interrupted north of Government Gums.

SIR JOHN ROBERTSON has given notice of his intention to move in the Legislative Assembly, on the 26th November, "That leave of absence for the remainder of the present session be granted to the hon. member for East Sydney, Mr. Stuart; the hon. member for Camden, Mr. Garrett; and the hon. member for Orange, Mr. Combes."

YESTERDAY, in the Legislative Assembly, Captain Onslow gave notice of his intention to ask the Colonial Treasurer, on the 25th October, the following questions: "1. What are the names of the trustees and auditors of the Savings Bank, and the dates of their appointment? 2. Are any of the trustees or auditors of the Savings Bank directors or auditors of any other bank or banks? 3. If so, what are their names, and with what banks are they connected? 4. Has any money of the Savings Bank been lent on fixed deposit, or otherwise, to other banks? 5. If so, what is the amount lent to each bank, at what rate of interest, and for what period? 6. What sum of money is there in the Savings Bank for investment?"

WE learn that the Hon. W. H. Suttor, Minister for Mines, has transmitted to Mr. Bruce, the Chief Inspector of Stock, the following reply to the petition presented to him a few days ago by a deputation that waited upon him in reference to the removal of the prohibition upon the importation of stock:—"The Cabinet is not prepared to accede to the views of the petitioners, and is of opinion that cattle and sheep may be introduced under the strict quarantine regulations now in force."

IN reply to a question put by Sir Alfred Stephen, in the Legislative Council, yesterday, Mr. Marks said that it was the intention of the Government to remove the Reformatory School for females from Biloela to Watson's Bay where a more suitable site had been obtained. The hon. gentleman also stated that the question of establishing a Reformatory School for boys was under the consideration of the Government.

THE usual fortnightly meeting of the Animals' Protection Society was held yesterday afternoon, at No. 5, Spring-street. There were present—Mr. B. Cocks (in the chair), and Messrs. Weston, Myles (hon. secretary and treasurer), Dickinson, and Captain Fox. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. Mr. Kershaw's resignation was received and accepted. Mr. E. Fosbery was unanimously elected chairman of the committee. After some little discussion as to the rough state of the metal recently laid in George-street, and the intense suffering and injury caused to the horses compelled to travel over it, it was resolved that the hon. secretary should write to the City Council and urge upon them the great necessity of their adopting some measures to reduce this evil.

THE want of a complete and correct list of the magistrates of the colony has long been felt, but the difficulty of obtaining one has been almost insuperable. The Government records were not readily accessible, and the lists lately published were incomplete. With a view, therefore, to afford full information to the public, a complete catalogue has been compiled, the first instalment of which is published in this week's number of the "Sydney Mail." In its preparation no trouble has been spared, and it may be taken as authoritative. The number of magistrates is very large, and the names occupy six columns of the paper, although the list is only brought down to the initial K. The list will be continued in subsequent issues of the "Mail," and as a record it will be peculiarly valuable, and as such will doubtless be preserved for reference.

A SPECIAL meeting of the City Council is to be held at 11 o'clock this morning for the purpose of considering the advisability of rescinding a resolution of Council in favour of the election of the Mayor of Sydney by the citizens, and for petitioning the Legislature not to pass any Act embodying that principle, and praying that the Mayor may be elected by the votes of the aldermen.

THE Sydney Municipal Council held a committee meeting yesterday afternoon. The business was of a formal character, and related principally to passing accounts and reading correspondence to be submitted to the next fortnightly meeting.

A THOROUGH change was experienced in the weather in Sydney yesterday. The day commenced with a bright clear sky and very little wind, but during the latter portion of the morning a strong southerly wind sprang up, and by 12 o'clock the sky was completely overcast. A good shower of rain fell a little before 1 o'clock, and from that time until evening it continued dull and cloudy, occasional showers falling during the whole of the time. At midnight the clouds were dispersing.

A TERRIBLE fatal accident occurred yesterday evening, at Petersham. A lad named Henry Ross, 12 years of age, was riding on a dray loaded with clay, in Crystal-street, when his foot slipped, and he was precipitated between one of the wheels and the body of the dray. The unfortunate boy, in falling, gave a scream, but before the dray could be stopped he was crushed to death. The body was fearfully mangled, and so jammed between the dray and axle that the wheel had to be removed to extricate his remains, which were subsequently taken to his parents by Constable Tippett. The deceased resided with his parents, in Charles-street, Petersham. An inquest will be held this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the Petersham Inn.

A MAN named John Mead was admitted into the Infirmary last evening, suffering from an extensive knife wound on the lower part of the chest, from which he had lost a good deal of blood. It is thought that the injury was caused in a domestic quarrel.—William Wilson, a driver in the employ of the Sydney Tramway and Omnibus Company, was standing beside his omnibus at the Redfern stand yesterday afternoon, when the horses took fright, on hearing a clap of thunder, and bolted down Wellington-street. Wilson, who had hold of the reins, kept up with the 'bus for some distance and endeavoured to bring the horses to a standstill. He was, however, knocked down and run over, receiving injuries to his stomach which necessitated his removal to the Infirmary.

A MEETING of those interested in the fund for the benefit of the widow and family of the late Mr. Andrews, comedian, was held yesterday afternoon, at the Oxford Hotel. Accounts were gone into and it was found there was a total result from the recent dramatic performances in aid of the object in view of about £312. This includes subscriptions, but is independent of what may be received from Victoria, Adelaide, New Zealand, and other places.

MRS. CONSTABLE (nee Miss Joey Gougenheim) is announced to deliver a lecture at the Masonic Hall, this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. The subject is "Who is our slanderer?" and it is advertised that the lady lecturer will refute the "statements and slanders" of ex-priest Chiniquy.

A FORGED note of the Bank of Australasia was brought to this office yesterday by a gentleman who had been victimised by it. The counterfeit had been produced by photography; and so well done (that is from an artistic point of view) that few persons not thoroughly acquainted with the notes of the various banking companies, could detect the fraud. To a casual observer there appears no difference between the real note and the imitation, but by examining closely it will be seen that the honest note is of a deeper colour than the imitation, which also exhibits a tendency to split.

THE excursion to Clontarf yesterday, arranged by the Nimrod Club, was extensively patronised, and but for the somewhat unfavourable weather during the afternoon would have been a matter of thorough enjoyment. The first steamer with excursionists left Circular Quay soon after 10 o'clock, and returned about noon for a second lot. On arriving at Clontarf all parties dispersed to enjoy rural games, arranged for their delectation until they adjourned to excellently furnished dinner tables. The good things on these received due attention, and shortly afterwards sports were renewed and kept up with enthusiasm. The Naval Brigade band was in attendance, and greatly enlivened the proceedings, while the arrangements throughout reflected great credit on the promoters and managers of the affair.

THE item of £2000 proposed as a subsidy to steamers trading between Western Australia and Port Adelaide, and calling at least once a month at two South Australian ports en route, has been struck off the South Australian estimates. It appears that the Western Australian Government have not been able to satisfactorily conclude the arrangements which they entered into for a mail and general steam service.

DURING the past week the Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars of Australasia has been instituted in Sydney, forming the most important epoch in the annals of the I. O. G. T. in New South Wales since its first introduction in 1872. The Worthy Grand Lodge henceforth has sole and supreme control of all legislation throughout the Australian colonies, and will receive all the revenue derived from local taxation. The intercolonial delegates were present at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on Monday last, at 10 a.m., when the W. G. Lodge was formally opened. After the examination of credentials the election of officers took place with the following result: Worthy Grand Templar, Rev. E. F. Kingdon, South Australia; Worthy Grand Counsellor, Hugh Bennett, New Zealand; Worthy Grand Vice-Templar, Rev. W. Bradley, New South Wales; Worthy Grand Secretary, H. G. Rudd, Victoria; Worthy Grand Treasurer, F. G. Dunn, Victoria; Worthy Grand Chaplain, G. Arnold, Tasmania; Worthy Grand Marshal, E. A. Jones, New South Wales; Worthy Grand Guard, P. Facy, Tasmania; Worthy Grand Sentinel, J. H. Brown, New South Wales; Worthy Grand Deputy Marshal, Alfred Allen, New South Wales; Worthy Superintendent of Juvenile Temples, W. V. Lambert, Victoria. The Rev. William Poole was, by unanimous vote, appointed Past Worthy Grand Templar, with a seat in the Executive. The officers were then duly installed into their respective positions by Brother Hon. J. Munro, M.L.A., Victoria, assisted by Brothers Rev. J. W. Simmons, Tasmania, and Simeon Brown, New South Wales. The principal business during the session was the formation of a uniform grand and subordinate lodge constitution, which each Grand Lodge would be recommended to adopt. It was decided that the W. G. Lodge of Australasia should meet bi-ennially, and that the next session held would be at Dunedin, New Zealand. A formal vote of regret was passed at the unavoidable absence of Brother P. M'Lean, M.L.A., the representative of Queensland; and at the absence of representatives from Western Australia. Fraternal telegrams were received during the session from P. M'Lean, M.L.A., G. W. S. of Queensland; and T. S. Perryman, G. W. S. of South Australia, on behalf of their respective Grand Lodges. On Monday evening the W. G. Lodge was reduced to the sub-lodge degree to admit visitors from subordinate lodges, and about four hundred were present. There were members present from Bathurst, Newcastle, Maitland, Grafton, Wickham, and Lambton. On Tuesday evening a public meeting was held at the Temperance Hall, the Rev. E. F. Kingdon, W. G. T., presided. The hall was comfortably filled, but, owing to the number of meetings elsewhere, the attendance was not so large as was anticipated. Addresses were delivered by the chairman, and by Brothers J. Munro, M.L.A., Rev. R. Rogers, H. Bennett, F. G. Dunn, and A. Allen. During the week most of the delegates visited the Dayspring, Hope of Sydney, and Alexandria lodges, and on Thursday evening some of them took part in the opening of a new lodge—the Loyal Gladstone, No. 77, at St. Peter's schoolroom, Woolloomooloo. On Saturday a picnic was held at Pearl Bay, and about 600 were present. The weather was all that could possibly be desired, and a most enjoyable day was passed. The I. O. G. T. brass band of the Good Intent Lodge No. 66, under the able leadership of Brother T. Brooker, considerably enhanced the pleasure of the day's proceedings. The weekly United Lodge meeting, at the Protestant Hall, on Saturday evening, was crowded, the seats being insufficient to accommodate all the members. Brother E. A. Jones, G. W. C. T. of New South Wales, presided, all the other G. L. officers being present. A hearty vote of thanks was passed to the delegates from the other colonies for their kindness in selecting Sydney as the place for opening the W. G. Lodge, and for the help and assistance derived from their visit. Brothers Munro, M. L. A., Rev. J. Simmons, Arnold, and Lambert responded. After some excellent singing by Sister M. Wiley and Brothers Furness, Arnold, Tewkesbury, Allen, and White, the close of the meeting brought to a conclusion the proceedings in connection with the Worthy Grand Lodge of Australasia.

THE anniversary services of the Petersham Congregational Sunday school were held on Sunday last. The Rev. W. Mathison, of Marrickville, preaching in the morning, the Rev. A. G. Fry, of Balmain, in the afternoon, and the Rev. S. Savage, the pastor of the church, in the evening. The services were rendered very attractive by the beautiful singing of the children, who had been carefully and efficiently trained by Mr. S. Skerratt. The afternoon service was especially interesting from the circumstances that a number of prizes were given to scholars who had written an essay on the "Life of Christ." All the services were greatly crowded, and the collections were very liberal. On Wednesday, the 23rd, the scholars and their friends went on their annual excursion to Pearl Bay. About 250 scholars, and nearly an equal number of friends were present. The weather was all that could be desired. Ample provision was made for the young people, both for satisfying their appetites and for their sports; about forty prizes were carried off by successful competitors in the games. By half-past 5 the good ship Quandong landed all in safety at the Circular Quay, were a number of omnibuses were in waiting to carry the young folks to Petersham, where all arrived safely, after spending a joyous and happy day.

A SPECIAL and numerously-attended general meeting was held in the rooms of the Scandinavian Association, on Wednesday afternoon, for the purpose of taking steps to form a Scandinavian Court in the forthcoming International Exhibition, in Sydney. Mr. A. Tange, Consul for Denmark, occupied the chair. Mr. A. Hilder, Consul for Sweden and Norway, was unable to attend through illness. After some introductory remarks from the chairman, Mr. Larsen, in an eloquent address, proposed the following resolutions:—"1. That we, the members of the Scandinavian Association of New South Wales, having learnt that is the intention to hold an International Exhibition in Sydney, during the year 1879, beg to offer the council our best wishes for its success; to use our united endeavours and all the influence in our power, with a view to induce our countrymen to exhibit specimens of their manufactures and produce at the forthcoming Exhibition—feeling sure, that this step will be beneficial to the commerce and well-being as well of our native lands as to the colony of which we are now citizens. 2. That with the view of obtaining the best possible result, a committee be elected by the members of this association, such committee to take the necessary steps and commence operations at once. 3. That such committee consist of—Consul A. Tange, Consul A. Hilder, Messrs. Bossen, F. Horn, Dr. Riedewalt, Messrs. A. Wilson, C. Horn, F. Gronvald, G. Larsen, and E. Gjedsted. Mr. Gjedsted, in seconding the same, said that he thought it the duty of every good colonist, and particularly of every foreigner enjoying the rights and privileges of British rule, to support this national undertaking. After some discussion as to ways and means, the resolutions were passed unanimously. A committee meeting was subsequently held, when Consul A. Tange was elected chairman; Consul A. Hilder, vice-chairman; Mr. F. Gronvald, hon. treasurer; and Messrs. Larsen and Gjedsted, joint hon. secretaries. Resolutions, with the view of opening communication with the Agricultural Society, and also with the Minister for Foreign Affairs in Denmark were then passed, and the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE united picnic in connection with Crown-street, Waterloo, Forest Lodge, and Woollahra Primitive Methodist Sabbath Schools, came off on Wednesday, at Clontarf. At 9 o'clock the steamer Manly left crowded with the scholars, and two subsequent trips conveyed a great number of relatives and friends. The children were amply supplied on three occasions with a variety of good things, and throughout the day all on the grounds had plenty of enjoyable exercise.

PROPOSED NEW MAIL SERVICE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

In committee of the Assembly, to-night, the Treasurer moved a motion in reference to the mail service. He said the time had arrived when they should assert their geographical position, and show Victoria that they could and would do without her. A bold policy would be the true policy for South Australia. No offer had been made, or a contract entered into, but the Government had made inquiries, and were possessed of information showing that the following services could be carried out by a firm whose steamships were already on the line. The term would be not less than five, nor more than eight years, and the cost not to exceed £40,000, any postages received to go in reduction of that amount. There would be a monthly service—that is twelve instead of thirteen trips in the year—to start from a port in England and some port in the Mediterranean to be fixed hereafter, through the Canal, via Aden and West Australia, a direct service from England in forty-four to forty-six days, delivering letters in thirty-four to thirty-six days. The Treasurer added that if South Australia entered into this contract, it would checkmate Victoria and punish her for her breach of faith.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

Both Houses have authorised the Government to enter into a contract for a direct mail services.

The Admiralty have issued a fresh order impressing on commanding officers of training ships the absolute necessity for carrying out most strictly the regulations in 1869 for instructing boys in swimming.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM.

(FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.)

RUSSIA AND ROUMELIA.

LONDON, OCT. 23.

Everything indicates that Russia is resolved to act in Roumelia without regard to the Berlin Treaty.

THE BULGARIAN THRONE.

LONDON, OCT. 23.

The Bulgarian Committee appointed to select a candidate for the throne have nominated General Ignatieff.

ANOTHER GREAT FAILURE.

LONDON, OCT. 23.

The failure of Messrs. James Morton and Co., of Glasgow, is announced. It is reported that the total liabilities amount to £2,500,000; but it is said that the assets due will possibly be sufficient to meet them.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ADVANCE OF RUSSIAN TROOPS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 22.

There is a great advance of Russian troops taking place at the present time southward of the Balkan ranges.

IMPORTANT SPEECH OF SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE.

LONDON, OCT. 22.

In a second speech which Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has made on the present aspect of affairs, he stated this afternoon that Europe could not yet be considered safe from a revival of the late war, because of the obstacles still remaining to be surmounted in carrying into execution the stipulations of the Treaty of Berlin.

ANOTHER FAILURE.

LONDON, OCT. 22.

James Morton and Co., of Glasgow, have suspended payment. Their liabilities are estimated at £2,500,000, chiefly owing to the Bank of Glasgow.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

WEST MAITLAND.

THURSDAY.

Shortly after Pastor Chiniquy commenced his lecture here last night, on "Nuns and Nunneries," eggs were thrown through the window by some persons. This caused alarm, and stayed proceedings for a few minutes. The windows of the Presbyterian chapel were broken. The lecturer was well received and frequently applauded.

BATHURST.

THURSDAY.

At the Circuit Court to-day, Denis M'Gee, charged with false pretences at Carcoar, was remanded till next Bathurst Assizes, in consequence of the absence of a material witness. John Slaven, charged with wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment in Bathurst gaol. This prisoner is 80 years of age, and received an excellent character. Alexander Boswald Armstrong pleaded guilty to another charge of appropriating Government money to his own use, and was sentenced in each case to eighteen months' imprisonment in Bathurst gaol, sentences to be concurrent. On the Civil side the following cases of interest were in the list:—Parker v. Wilcox, an action for slander; damages laid at £500; verdict, by consent, for £2 and costs. Keszy v. Moffat and Mitchell, an action for trespass, £1000 damages being claimed; verdict for £30, in addition to £2 paid into Court. This concluded the business of the sittings.

A man named Bunyan employed on a farm at Kelso, while cutting out hay, was in the act of ascending a ladder which slipped, and he fell to the ground. At the time he was carrying a hay needle which entered his right side at the upper point of the chest, and penetrated to the lungs. Death was almost instantaneous, the deceased being only able to withdraw the needle when he fell back and died. At the inquest, a verdict of accidental death was returned.

YOUNG.

THURSDAY.

At the request of the Progress Committee, the Police Magistrate convened a public meeting to consider the advisability of petitioning Parliament to construct a railway connecting Murrumburrah with the Western line. A large concourse assembled, and after waiting nearly an hour for the Police Magistrate the meeting dissolved. The Progress Committee will now convene a meeting.

WAGGA WAGGA.

THURSDAY.

The body of a man, perfectly naked, was found in the river to-day, about a mile below the town. An inquest was held this afternoon, but no evidence was forthcoming as to identification. On the supposition that the man was bathing, search was made for the clothing but the police have not succeeded in finding any. The body bore no marks of violence. A verdict of found drowned was returned.

TUMUT.

THURSDAY.

The foundation-stone of the new post and telegraph offices was laid to-day by Mr. Montague Marks, J.P., in the presence of about forty spectators, sufficient notice not having been given to ensure a larger attendance.

MURRURUNDI.

THURSDAY.

Mrs. Hales, wife of the foreman at the ballast hole, near Warrah, was run over by four loaded trucks yesterday morning, and died last night from the injuries she received. She was attempting to pass between the trucks when they moved on. Both her legs were crushed, and the left arm was nearly severed at the wrist. The flesh was torn off almost to the armpit. Two medical men were immediately in attendance. Deceased was sensible during the day after the accident, but her sufferings must have been terrible. An inquest was held by Mr. Boyce, the coroner, this morning, when the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

TUMBERUMBA.

THURSDAY.

The Bishop of Goulburn, Archdeacon Pownall, and the Rev. W. White, have arrived in Tumberumba from Oberne and Carabost. To-morrow there will be a confirmation service and a public meeting afterwards.

ULLADULLA.

THURSDAY.

A lodge of Freemasons, to be called the Milton Lodge, under the Grand Lodge of New South Wales, of which the Hon. James Squire Farnell is Grand Master, was inaugurated here yesterday with great eclat. Past Master Henry Gordon Morton, from Shoalhaven, under a commission from the Grand Master, and assisted by J. S. Allcorn, Master of Peabody Lodge, Major's Creek, inaugurated and constituted the lodge in form, and installed the Master. The officers are: Thomas Hobbs, Master; James Warden and William Gruer, wardens. Everything having gone off satisfactorily, the brethren closed the day's work by a banquet in the hall of the School of Arts.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, THURSDAY.

Mr. Griffith, referring to articles in the "Courier" and "Bulletin" in reference to the probability of his joining Mr. M'Ilraith, indignantly repudiates any intention of deserting his party, and accuses a late member of the Opposition of originating the report.

Peterson was charged, at the Police Court to-day, with having feloniously uttered, offered, and disposed of certain forged certificates of title. Prisoner, who was undefended, was further remanded.

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

The Reform Conference had another sitting to-day and adjourned till Tuesday. In the Assembly, to-day, several members referred to the secret character of the Conference, and thought there should be a record of the proceedings. The Speaker said that was for the discretion of the committee.

The Bankers' Books Evidence Bill was dealt with in the Assembly to-day, and the Rabbit Nuisance Suppression Bill was further considered in committee. There was a long discussion over the proposal to strike a rate for the expenses of extermination. After passing the bill the House adjourned, to-night being the date of the return ball to the Mayor in the Town Hall.

An extraordinary attempt at murder was made this morning by a farmer named William Hussey. He went into the paddock of a neighbour named Newton, armed with a double-barrelled gun. He fired at Newton and just missed hitting him. After a desperate struggle Hussey was secured, and it was then found that he had a six-chambered revolver, loaded, in his pocket. He became unconscious, was taken to the hospital, and died twenty minutes afterwards. It is said he drank a quart of gin that morning before the occurrence. He had the sum of £9000 in his possession.

The Sapphire will remain here about a fortnight.

QUEENSCLIFF, THURSDAY.

ARRIVED: Copernicus, German ship, from Gefle; North American ship, from London.

SAILED: At 5 p.m., Ly-ee-Moon, for Sydney.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

In the Assembly, on consideration of the Suppression of the Rabbit Nuisance Bill, the maximum rate of 2d. in the pound was reduced to 1d., but a proposal to substitute 1s. in the pound on the assessed value of runs, was defeated.

A juryman who attended the County Court to-day was fined £10, or in default, to be imprisoned for a month, for asking two Court officials to put him on the next case. It is believed that his object was to serve a friend.

SAILED: Ly-ee-Moon (s.), for Sydney.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

The ship Hesperus has arrived with 500 immigrants.

SPORTING.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES.

[BY CABLE.]

(FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCT. 23.

The race for the Cambridgeshire Stakes took place to-day with the following result:—

Mr. F. Gretton's b c Isonomy, by Sterling 1
Lord Rosebery's br c Touchett, by Lord Lyon .. 2
Mr. Johnston's ch c Melville, by Lord Clifden .. 3

Thirty-eight horses started, and the race was won by two lengths.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SAN FRANCISCO, OCT. 23.

The Australian cricketers arrived here yesterday, and leave by the outgoing mail steamer for New Zealand and Australia on the 28th instant.

CRICKET.

The players selected for practice in view of the match against the Australian team are doing satisfactory work. On Monday fourteen out of nineteen were present on the Association Ground, but on Wednesday, in consequence of club matches, only seven players were present on the Domain, namely, Powell, Allen, Player, J. Davis, Rigg, Tindall, and Dummett. The batting on the whole was good, and Player and Tindall were in fair bowling form. J. Davis, a member of the East Sydney Club, and one of the promising "colts" of last season, played an excellent innings, and will no doubt be found worthy of a place in the list of New South Wales representatives for the coming contest. The following attractive programme is announced by the trustees of the new ground for the present season, namely, Australian Eleven v. New South Wales; the Gentlemen of England v. New South Wales (two matches); the Melbourne University v. Sydney University, and the Highland Gathering. These are the principal events to take place between November and the end of January, and as by that time the Australian team will be disbanded, the club matches for the remaining months of the season ought to prove interesting. We would suggest to the Selection Committee for the match against the Australian team, that the name of Bayley, of the Albert Club, might with advantage be added to the list of New South Wales players.

ALBERTS V. SOUTH SYDNEY.

A match between the first elevens of the above clubs was played on the Association Cricket Ground on Wednesday afternoon last, which resulted in an easy victory for the Alberts by 104 runs on the first innings.

Mr. G. Morgan captained the Alberts, and Mr. J. Hall did similar duty for the South Sydney. The South Sydney captain won the toss, and sent his men to the wickets, to the bowling of A. Docker and N. Thompson. Duncan was the only man who got into double figures, and he put his 29 together in a free style. All the other batsmen succumbed to the bowling of A. Docker and A. Crane, Docker having the fine result of 9 wickets for 30. The fielding of the Alberts was good; not a chance was missed. T. Docker made two very fine catches, and H. Moses also made a brilliant catch in the slips.

Massie and Thompson commenced the batting for the Alberts, and off Farnsworth's first ball Nat was well caught by Waters. G. Murdock went in next, and he and Massie punished the bowling severely; and when the next wicket fell, the board showed 2 wickets for 62. After this the bowling was completely mastered, Massie and Bayley hitting to all parts of the field. Massie retired after making 63 in grand style. Bayley's 29 was a well-played innings, and Morgan and T. Docker also got into double figures, with fair cricket. The fielding of South Sydney was bad, several easy catches were missed. The following are the detailed scores:—

SOUTH SYDNEY.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Farnsworth, c T. Docker, b A. Docker	4	not out	[illegible]
Newcombe, c Moses, b A. Docker ...	4	st Wood, b Murdock	11
Hall, J., b A. Docker...	5		
Elliott, b Crane	6	c Bayley, b Wood	10
Kelly, b A. Docker	0	not out	9
Hannigan, b A. Docker	2	l b w, b Wood ...	15
M'Kern, b A. Docker	0		
Duncan, b A. Docker	29	b Moses	12
Urquhart, c Crane, b A. Docker ...	2	c T. Docker, b Wood	6
Waters, C., not out	1	c Thompson, b Wood	2
Waters, F., c T. Docker, b A. Docker	8		
Total	61	For 6 wickets... ...	66

ALBERTS.

First Innings.

Thompson, c Waters, b Farnsworth	0	Wood, c Farnsworth, b Duncan	2
Massie, b Duncan	63	Morgan, c and b Elliott ...	21
Murdock, c Waters, b Duncan	14	Docker, A., b Duncan ...	6
Bayley, c Waters, b Elliott	29	Docker, E. B., not out ...	0
Moses, c Farnsworth, b Duncan	3	Byes	4
Docker, T., b Elliott ...	11	Wide	1
Crane, c M'Kern, b Elliott	11		165

At a meeting of the Toxteth Football Club, held last night at Harwood's Oxford Hotel, King-street, the chairman (Mr. W. T. J. Curtis) presented Mr. Mullarky, on behalf of the club, with a handsomely framed collection of portraits of the first team, in recognition of the ability and zeal displayed by that gentleman as secretary for several seasons past in promoting the interests of the club. Mr. Mullarky having warmly returned thanks for the presentation, announced that two "caps of honour" had been forwarded to him by a lady who desired that they should be given to the players who had specially distinguished themselves during the season. He selected Messrs. Jacobs and Oatley as most deserving, and the recipients having returned thanks to the unknown donor for the compliment, the meeting terminated.

REGENERATION OF ASIA MINOR. — The *Journal des Débats* publishes an article in which, after protesting that Frenchmen are not animated by the somewhat petty jealousy which Englishmen have sometimes entertained towards France, it proceeds to point out the obstacle which England will encounter in the task of regeneration she has undertaken in Asia Minor. It bases its arguments upon an ethnographical analysis of the population and the various customs and interests of the Turks or Osmanlis, Armenians and Greeks, the Mohammedan Arabs inhabiting Irak, Yemen, Syria, and a portion of Africa, the Yuruks, Kurds, Anseyries, Metralies, &c. It dwells upon the difficulty of ameliorating the lot of the population without wounding the interests of the avaricious class of functionaries whom England has up to the present sought to conciliate. It then refers to the increased and antagonistic influence of Russia, and, after alluding to the French, Syrian, and Armenian schools, the article concludes as follows:—"If we mention the fact that England will need our co-operation in Syria and Armenia, it certainly is not with a view to pointing out an additional obstacle to the accomplishment of her task. We shall never seek to hinder the self-imposed mission of the British Government. Ready, on the contrary, to second its efforts in order to restore Asia Minor to civilisation, we shall show again on this occasion that we know how to forget any little clashing with our *amour propre* in order to merge our individual interest in the interests of right, justice, and the European community."

WESTERN SUBURBS HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

This flourishing little society held an exhibition yesterday at St. John's Schoolroom, Ashfield, when the speciality was the collection of roses, for which the suburbs of Ashfield and Burwood are so remarkable. Although the exhibition was advertised as a "Rose show," the society's schedule offered prizes for other exhibits, and, indeed, the competition was keener in verbenas and pansies than it was in roses. Many of the leading florists exhibited many non-competitive collections of plants, and the result was that the room was very fairly filled with some excellent specimens of horticulture. The attendance, which was limited in the afternoon, owing to the threatening aspect of the weather, considerably improved in the evening, and Mr. Underwood, sen., with a laudable desire to assist the funds, had, with the assistance of the ladies of his family, prepared a number of charming bouquets, which were raffled for the society's benefit, and caused a good deal of interest as well as amusement. The season might have been rather more favourable for the rose show. Latterly the dry westerly winds, which, a few days ago, blew pretty boisterously in the suburbs, knocked the bushes about a good deal, and many of the white varieties being bruised in the bud did not exhibit such a brilliant bloom as they would have done under more favourable circumstances. Apart from this, the season being rather advanced for the spring varieties, many of the flowers were rather too full blown. Mr. F. H. Underwood, jun., had no competitor in the two first classes on the schedule, for the best collection of twenty-four and eighteen varieties respectively, and under any circumstances he would have been a formidable competitor. Amongst the most noticeable in these two collections were some magnificent flowers; Charles Lefebvre, Beauty of Waltham, Gloire de Dijon, Perle de Panaches, and Camille de Rohan figuring conspicuously. Mr. Commins, of Wagga Wagga, who had sent a collection of a non-competitive kind, would probably have run pretty hard, if not defeated Mr. Underwood in the next section of twelve cut roses; but the flowers had been badly packed, and one or two, notably two magnificent specimens of Maréchal Neil and Lefebvre, were so battered about as to be thoroughly spoilt. This was a matter of much regret, as if these roses are to be taken as specimens of what can be grown in Wagga Wagga, the florists of Sydney would have all they could do to hold their own in competition with them. Mr. J. M. Pearce had a fair collection, but he seemed to have suffered more from "weather staining" in his exhibits than any other exhibitor.

The pelargoniums were not particularly good, though in Mr. Ralston's collection are two seedlings from the Fimbriata specially worthy of notice from their perfect symmetry and the delicate pencilling of the petals. Mr. Chipperfield's collection were very well grown flowers, but the varieties were not particularly novel. In Amaryllis, Mr. Catlett and Mr. Burton Bradley were the only two exhibitors, and the latter did not compete, perhaps to Mr. Catlett's advantage, as upon the score of growth Mr. Bradley had much the best of it. Both the collections were, however, very fine.

The collection of verbenas was remarkably good, though the competition was but limited, and Mr. Underwood, jun., and Mr. Chipperfield divided the honours. Two varities, however, shown by Mr. Gelding, who did not compete, viz., La Princess and the Woman in Red, were remarkably fine, both as regards the size of the flower and the brilliancy of hue.

Pansies were only moderately represented; but the collections were remarkably good, especially that of Mr. Ralston, which showed clear and defined colour with perfect symmetry. As pansies are invariably selected for show from seedlings, they come under the category of ignoti, so far as nomenclature is concerned.

Mr. Catlett and Mr. Underwood had competition between them for the 24 cut flowers. The latter had his collection badly arranged, and his varieties were hardly as choice as Mr. Catlett's; but amongst them were a very fine Strelitzia and an excellent Philadelphus, while Mr. Catlett exhibited in his collection an exquisite Amaryllis. In Mr. Underwood's collection, by the way, was a very fine bunch of Sweet Williams, of remarkable varieties.

Amongst the non-competitive exhibits was an excellent collection of Mr. A. J. Watt's, in which were some splendid azaleas, two very fine specimens of the Arabella fuchsia and two admirable pelargoniums, the Claribel and Brilliant. Mr. Burton Bradley had a nice collection of roses, which were also non-competitive; particularly and in it a very fine flower of the Beauty of Waltham, and a very good one of that prince of climbers Maréchal Neil, though this last was inferior to that exhibited by Mr. Commins. Mr. Gelding, as usual, had a capital selection of assorted varieties. Three very fine coleus, the Florence, Pictus, and Charmer, being specially admired. Amongst the same collection were that fine croton Hendersonius, dracæna Cooperi, and a splendid Aurora. Mr. Catlett had a grand collection of palms, which richly deserved the reward of merit it obtained. There were some very fine azaleas exhibited, but the schedule contained no prize for them.

There are some magnificent bouquets. The taste displayed in their arrangement being exquisite, notably one by Miss Alice Underwood, of the bridal character, composed of rosebuds, forget-me-nots, and candy tuft, which was a perfect little gem, if the term can be applied to flowers. The fine clusters of roses, beautifully arranged by Mrs. Underwood, which set off so well the prize bouquet, dwarfed the little beauty under notice, and quantity got the best of quality.

Taken as a whole this exhibition was certainly one of the best the society has yet held, and was in every way most successful. Mr. R. Arnold, Mr. Walter Campbell, and Mr. Gelding acted as judges, and in every case appeared to have given complete satisfaction.

Subjoined is the prize list:—

For twenty-four cut roses, distinct varieties, open to all comers; first prize, £1; second prize, 10s.—Mr. F. H. Underwood, jun., only competitor. For eighteen cut roses, distinct varieties, for amateurs only; first prize, 10s.; second prize, 5s.—Mr. F. H. Underwood, jun., only competitor. For twelve cut roses, distinct varieties, for amateurs only; first prize, 7s. 6d.; second prize, 2s. 6d.—Mr. F. H. Underwood 1, Mr. J. M. Pearce 2. For twelve show pelargoniums, cut flowers, distinct varieties, for amateurs only; first prize, 10s.; second prize, 5s.—Mr. J. T. Ralston 1, Mr. F. H. Underwood, jun. 2. For six amaryllis, cut flowers, distinct varieties, for amateurs only; first prize, 10s.; second prize, 5s.—Mr. W. H. Catlett, only competitor. For twelve verbenas, cut flowers, distinct varieties, for amateurs only, first prize, 5s.; second prize, 2s. 6d.—Mr. F. H. Underwood, jun. 1, Mr. W. Chipperfield 2. For six pansies, cut flowers, distinct varieties, for amateurs only; first prize, 5s.; second prize, 2s. 6d.—Mr. J. T. Ralston, only competitor. For twenty-four cut flowers, distinct species, for amateurs only; first prize, 10s.; second prize, 5s.—Mr. W. H. Catlett 1, Mr. F. H. Underwood 2. For bouquet, arranged by a lady, member of the family of an amateur; first prize, 5s; second prize, 2s. 6d.—Mrs. Underwood 1, Miss Alice Underwood 2. For six pot plants in flower, distinct species; open to all comers; first prize, 10s; second prize, 5s.—Mr. W. H. Catlett, only competitor. Mr. Catlett was awarded certificate of merit for palms, and Mr. A. J. Watt for pot plants and cut flowers; Mr. H. B. Bradley was specially commended for bulb plants and cut flowers; Messrs. Gelding, Brothers, for pot plants and cut flowers; Mr. G. W. Commins for collection of roses, and Mr. W. Friend for cut flowers.

THE SYDNEY CORPORATION BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to the discussion in the Assembly upon the bribery sections—51 and 52,—by your excellent comments in yesterday's leader. As that bill is to a large extent copied from the Consolidation Bill I drafted for Sir J. Robertson's Government, and which was in the main adopted by Sir Henry Parkes' Government, I have compared the three bills in reference to those sections; and, in the interests of the public, I trust you will allow me space for a few practical suggestions, as the only mode of bringing them at the eleventh hour before honorable members for consideration.

Section 51 is copied from the bribery section in the Electoral Act, as that is again a copy of the old English Parliamentary Electoral Act, since repealed. That repeal was extorted from Parliament, in consequence of the frightful disclosures before Election Committees of the extent of corrupt practices at elections, reported in many volumes of Electoral law. Those cases of disputed elections conclusively proved that every cunning device, however degrading, was resorted to by the agents of candidates, with and without their knowledge, to "get the weather side" of that bribery section. Undisguised presents of £5-notes, and promises of appointments in the Customs, were superseded by the more vulgar expedient of buying a pair of boots or a hat for £10 or so; which, in their turn, gave place to refreshment rooms open to their supporters before the election, and invitations to dinners and balls afterwards, enclosing £2 therewith to pay for conveying the voter's family to the entertainment. And, very recently, a benevolent candidate for the next Parliament (whilst the moribund Parliament was dragging out its miserable existance) sent round a bag of coals as a present to every elector on the roll—rich and poor alike!

All these cases I carefully studied, and remembering in my own experience, as a candidate petitioning against the return of a member for "treating" (who admitted that he had in my presence invited an entire meeting to follow him to the bar and "drink his health") how impossible it was to prove, that this compliment and others of "that ilk" were paid "with a view to influence their votes," I not only carefully excluded those words, but I inserted in the next section—for making void elections—the words that "the commission of any of the aforesaid acts of bribery shall be held to have been for the purpose of influencing the votes of electors;" and I prepared another section (54 in Sir H. Parkes's bill) to protect the less wealthy or more conscientious candidates from the crushing influences of an opponent's wealth; which are developed into refreshments in committee rooms—keeping public-houses open, with the candidate's name placarded therein—his scrutineers bringing drink into or near polling booths, and giving entertainments after the election, "except at his own residence." As a further protection against "corrupt practices," I added to the "oath of office" section (No. 46 in Mr. Fitzpatrick's bill, and No. 46 of Sir Henry Parkes') the following declaration:—"And I further solemnly declare that I have not during the election, either by myself or my agent, or through any friend, been guilty knowingly of any conduct which by the Sydney Corporation Act of 187- is declared to be an act of bribery."

Every candidate for civic or parliamentary honours, and every right-thinking citizen, must see the moral importance of each and all of these provisions; and yet, as if for the purpose of upholding and perpetuating all these flagrant modes of tampering with voters, the provisions I have cited are all studiously eliminated from sections approved by two successive Governments, and with that exception copied *verbatim* by the present draftsman in the Corporation Bill now before Parliament. I had fondly hoped that the days of King "Grog" were numbered; but bribery is a still mightier foe to be crushed; and as a citizen I have done my duty in pointing out what I believed, and still believe, to be a most effectual mode of consummating such a blessed result. G. MILNER STEPHEN.

Chambers, Elizabeth-street, October 23.

COUNTRY NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ARMIDALE, Oct. 19.

Since the opening of the railway to Tamworth we have received our Sydney mails at 9 o'clock in the morning, in place of 1 o'clock p.m.; and the return mail leaves at 9 o'clock at night, instead of 7 o'clock in the morning. So that we have just twelve hours to answer letters; and passengers can now reach Sydney from Armidale in thirty-three hours, just fourteen hours less than the time previously occupied by the journey. The present mail arrangements are by far the most convenient for the public we have ever had; and people enjoy immensely receiving their papers and correspondence the first thing in the morning.

I notice that our Municipal Council have voted £400 for additions and repairs to the Town-hall, which are very much required, as in its present state it is simply a disgrace to the Council. £1000 would be well spent in erecting a new hall suitable to the requirements and importance of the town. I am pleased to see that several of the aldermen intend going in for an entirely new building, as I am sure a large majority of the ratepayers would heartily endorse their action in doing so. Now is considered a most favourable time for the undertaking, as they have some £400 or £500 of a credit balance, and there are no other public works urgently required at present; and owing partly to the natural formation and position of the town, the streets are in a first-class state of repair.

Cameron's Creek is about twelve miles to the north-east of Armidale, and three or four men, backed up by our townsman, Mr. Alexander Gallagher, have been working at a gold reef there for several years with the greatest perseverance in the face of innumerable difficulties, and I am glad to say that they are at last likely to be rewarded, as they have just finished crushing about thirty tons of stone, which I hear has yielded over an ounce and a half to the ton; and on the strength of this they are now putting on more men. They also intend to remove the machinery to the creek, as want of water has been their greatest drawback; and they have come to the conclusion that it is better to cart the stone a mile further to the river than to be kept weeks, and sometimes months, waiting for water.

We have had fine Spring days during the week, but unfortunately a couple of sharp frosts have cut down nearly all the early potatoes and other vegetables, but I don't think they were sufficiently severe to have injured the young fruit much. The splendid appearance of the crops, together with the large stocks on hand, have reduced the price of wheat to 4s. 6d. per bushel—only 6d. more than half the price it has been all the season. This is the first time for many years that prices have fallen towards the end of the year, as it has always been the other way. I know several farmers who, six months ago, refused 8s. per bushel for their wheat, but would now gladly sell at 5s. per bushel.

While giving the Hon. John Richardson, M.L.C., every credit for the best intentions, the general feeling here is that the time selected by him, and the mode of bringing the railway question again before the House, and under the notice of the Minister for Works, have tended very much to damage the cause and to destroy whatever chance we may have had of getting the line brought close to the town.

Now that tenders have been called for the erection of a new hospital a tremendous outcry is being raised by the public, who think the site selected is too near the centre of the town, and situated so that the prevalent westerly winds must carry any infectious vapours right into the heart of the city. I must say the public, as usual, are right in this matter, and as there are many far more suitable sites obtainable on the beautiful slopes to the north and south of the town, I hope the committee will give the subject their serious consideration before finally deciding on the site.

On last Sunday, the mortal remains of Mr. Richard Pearson, of Violet Dale, were followed to the graveyard by the largest number of people ever seen at a funeral in Armidale. The deceased was almost the oldest resident in the district, being 85 years of age, and one of the few remaining links which connect the past with the present century. It is worth recording that I have heard that his children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren number over eighty all told.

While talking of longevity, I might mention that we have two men in our district who are considerably over 100 years of age. The younger lad of the two is about 105 years old, and quite active in his habits, and may be seen any day going into his paddock, catching and saddling his horse, and riding off like a youth of 18. The other one is rather feeble, and his age is not definitely known, as unfortunately the correct count was lost many years ago, when he was only 99 years of age. So much for the climate of New England.

DENILIQUIN, Oct. 19.

Rough boisterous weather prevailed during the early part of the week, and on Monday evening a violent storm of wind passed over, doing some slight damage. The weather is now mild and genial, with no signs of rain. The river Edward has been very high, but is now falling.

Shearing is drawing to a close; the wool arrivals again showing a decrease, the total for the week being only a little over a 1000 bales. The wool harvest has not given that impetus to trade which was anticipated, as there is scarcely any perceptible change in business transactions. Even to the publicans, who in days gone by used to come in for the lion's share of the shearers' earnings, a shearer bent on spending his cheque is, if I may be allowed the expression, a *rara avis*. The old type of shearer, with his recklessness and rowdyism, is now almost entirely replaced by a steadier class who come annually from Victoria, and return thither with their earnings to put them to a better use than dissipating them for the benefit of publicans and miscellaneous loafers; and consequently no more of their money is circulated here than what may be expended in the purchase of actual necessaries.

There have been no transactions in local stock market this week worth mentioning, sales being limited to local supply. Next Monday about 3000 sheep and 400 lambs, belonging to various owners, will be trucked here for Melbourne, and about 2000 sheep, from Bendock station, are close at hand, but it is uncertain whether they will go by rail or travel. On Tuesday three trucks of cattle, from Jerilderie (Cahill's), will also load here for Melbourne.

The Circuit Court opened this morning before his Honor Sir William Manning. Mr. G. B. Simson was Crown Prosecutor, and Mr. Coutts, barrister, was also in attendance. William Daniels pleaded guilty to stealing a horse, the property of Henry Darlot, of Bundyulumblah station; and also to a second charge of stealing a saddle and a bridle. He was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment for the first, and to six months, to be concurrent, for the second offence. Michael Chapman and Frederick Lindsay, who were indicted on two charges of forgery at Deniliquin, pleaded guilty, and received the lowest sentence allowed by law, two years with hard labour, but a recommendation was added to the sentence that they should be released at the expiration of eighteen months. Ann Sterne, a respectable middle aged woman, pleaded not guilty to the charge of attempting to commit suicide by drowning herself in the Edward River. The case rested chiefly on the evidence of a man named Jones, who stated that he saw the woman run down the steep bank of the river and throw herself in head-forwmost; that he rescued her, and then gave information to the police. The woman's defence was that she fell in while endeavouring to get a drink. It transpired that she had been engaged as a domestic servant at Warbreccan, and left there voluntarily, receiving £16 as balance of wages due; that she was afterwards drinking in the town, and when arrested had no money left. In passing sentence, his Honor said that he had no doubt that the woman, while suffering from the effects of drink, and probably concern for the loss of her money, attempted to destroy her life. He sentenced her to imprisonment in Deniliquin gaol for a period of one month. Christopher Maguire was charged with stealing a horse, the property of Mrs. Hopkins, of the Quandong Hotel, near Hay. The prisoner had borrowed the horse from the prosecutrix, and sold it to a butcher at Hay, named Donohoe, for £8. The case was a very clear one, and the jury, after a very short deliberation, found a verdict of guilty. Sentence was reserved pending the hearing of another charge against the prisoner. The Court then adjourned to Monday next at 10 o'clock.

The conditional purchases taken up on Thursday were:—William Fetherston, 500 acres, Warbreccan; Richard Warren, 183 acres, Belmore; Thomas Hanson, jun., 640 acres, Kerranatroon. At the land sale on Wednesday last, 7215 acres 3 roods were sold at the upset price to Crown lessees interested.

MUDGEE, Oct. 22.

The summer is coming in fast during the past few days, the weather being exceedingly warm. The country around Mudgee is looking first-class, better than it has done for several years past. Good accounts of the outside country are also to hand from all quarters. From Mr. Langloh Parker, who came direct from Walgett by the mail which arrived in Mudgee on last Saturday, I learn that the country outside, all the way from there to here, looks splendid. Lambing is nearly finished at most of the stations; and, as far as I can learn, the yield this year, taken all round, will be a very good one. From Mr. C. P. Bayly (superintendent of Mr. C. W. Lawson's Premer station), who paid a flying visit to Mudgee during the past week, I learn that 3050 lambs were obtained from 3260 ewes. This is close up to 100 per cent., and one of the best yields I have heard of for the season. From Mr. Bayly I further learnt that the lambing generally at the portion of Liverpool Plains where he resides has been very good this season, and that, though a little more rain would do good at some places, the country as a whole bears a greatly improved appearance to what it did a few months back. About Mudgee the farmers are busily engaged putting in the corn crop, and haymaking will commence in many places in a few weeks.

Mr. Dwyer, Inspector of Schools, is at present engaged at and has nearly completed the usual annual inspection of the different schools in the town and district. As far as I can learn, these examinations have been generally satisfactory.

This morning the usual annual inspection of the Mudgee Volunteer Rifles took place on the Market-square. The inspection was made by Major Baynes, of Sydney, the volunteers being officered by Captain Davidson and Lieutenant Woods. There was a strong muster of the force on the occasion, a good many of the public being also present in the capacity of onlookers.

There has been a good deal of talk during the past few days of inviting Sir Hercules Robinson to pay a visit to this district before his departure from the colony. His Excellency having visited most of the chief centres of population of the colony, the Mudgee folks not unnaturally think they have no right to be left out in the cold. The matter is likely to result in a public meeting being called, with the object of inviting the Governor to visit the Mudgee district before he departs from New South Wales. Should he accept the invitation he will be certain of a hearty welcome, being, and having always been, personally popular here.

Now that the summer is approaching, there is again talk of steps being taken to secure a supply of pure water for use by the inhabitants; but whether this talk, as heretofore, will end in nothing remains to be seen. Every year, during the summer season, there is a considerable amount of infant mortality which the medical men in our midst say is chiefly caused through the use of impure water. This same water question is one which seems to agitate most centres of population in the interior, and requires dealing with by some comprehensive scheme. Not only is money required, but also competent professional opinion, in order to lead to a successful solution of the difficulty.

Alderman Hall has given notice of the following motion to be moved by him at the next meeting of the Mudgee Borough Council, which takes place on Wednesday:—"That application be made to his Excellency the Governor for permission to borrow £3000, in accordance with section 190 of the Municipalities Act of 1867; the said loan to be solely applied to the building of a new town hall for the borough of Mudgee." This looks as though practicable efforts were about being made with the object of building the new town hall.

During the past week a splendid Leicester lamb was on view in Mr. Lane's butcher's shop, in Market-street. This lamb was only fifteen months old when killed, and weighed, exclusive of the caul fat, 68 lbs.

A large number of wool teams, chiefly from the outside districts, passed through town during the past week, en route for Wallerawang, from whence the wool will be conveyed by rail to Sydney.

The following have been the Mudgee stock passings:—1790 fat wethers (Murray's), from Milroad station, Castlereagh, for Sydney, Abel Jupp in charge; 180 fat cattle (Maher's), for Sydney, Abbott in charge; 210 fat cattle (Eagan, Brothers), for Sydney, Haynes in charge.

No business worth naming has been done in station properties during the week. The fat cattle market has been heavily supplied, chiefly with very good quality, and prices are easier. Best beef may be quoted from 19s to 20s per 100 lbs., with other qualities from 15s to 18s. The highest average realized during the week was for 60 head prime, from Mr. D. Watt's Pine Ridge paddocks, which averaged all round £7 3s a head. The fat sheep market has been very dull. Good shorn wethers fetch from 7s to 8s. The demand for store stock is not so good as anticipated, considering the favourable season. Good-framed bullocks sell fairly well, but young mixed cattle are both dull and low in price. In store sheep the chief demand is for well-grown store wethers. Good horses, both draught and saddle, sell tolerably well, but inferior animals could hardly be quitted at any price.

NEWCASTLE, Oct. 21.

The amount of attention that has of late years been devoted to the perfecting of appliances for ensuring a perfect system of railway brake capable of immediate and continuous effect, indicates to a considerable extent the importance with which the subject is evidently viewed by scientific classes. The effect of all this has become noticeable in the various schemes that have been brought to light with a view of arriving at the desired end, and amongst these is the recent patent circular friction brake, the invention of Mr. August Gross, telegraphic engineer, a clever mechanician of this city. Mr. Gross has apparently devoted a good deal of his attention to the perfecting of railway appliances, and some short time since produced a simple and effectual means of preventing the jarring of carriage windows, for which a patent has been obtained. Since then he has turned his attention towards devising a means of producing a universally recognised want in the shape of a railway brake, intended to supersede in efficacy any of the systems at present in use, and the inventor as the result of his labours has now produced a scheme which he claims possesses that recommendation. In maturing his plans, Mr. Gross has departed from the principles hitherto adopted, inasmuch as he has devoted his attention to the improvement of the brake itself, instead of aiming at the providing of additional motive power in applying the existing brake-block. And in following out this idea he has proved by experience and actual inspection that the present systems of applying the power to the brakes as it is done laterally causes a certain amount of friction and the gradual wearing away of the bearings on the side nearest which the axle is forced by the pressure. Mr. Gross's brake consists of a band of wrought iron encircling the upper portion of the wheel to half its circumference. This brake is worked by vertical pressure, instead of being applied laterally, to avoid friction. He contends that any of the existing motive powers may be employed with equal facility to his brake, and that it can be worked by steam, hydraulics, or compressed air from the engine to any number of carriages; that it saves the continual fitting of brake blocks, and the taking out of the brasses when worn and replacing them; and that with very slight alteration the brake can be accommodated to any of the existing appliances, as most of the ironwork now used is applicable to the new invention. A coal waggon is now being fitted at Mr. J. Rodgers's foundry with Gross's patent circular friction brake, and the permission of the Commissioner for Railways obtained for a trial to be made on the steep gradient of the new coal staiths. The result of the trial is anxiously looked forward to by a large number of persons interested in railway and engineering matters.

The chief excitement of the past week was, of course, the opening of the Great Northern Railway to Tamworth, with the accompanying attractions of a vice-regal and Ministerial visit on the occasion. His Excellency the Governor returned from the Tamworth festivities on Friday last by special train at 2 o'clock, and proceeded at once on board the steamer City of Brisbane; and, after partaking of luncheon, resumed his voyage to Sydney, in the face of a strong south-easter and rather heavy sea.

A shocking accident happened on the Bullock Island railway line, at Wickham, about 5 o'clock this afternoon. A number of children, according to a popular but dangerous custom, were playing inside the railway fences about the hour named, when two lads named respectively Wells and Hammond, perceiving a train a little distance away standing still, ran and clambered upon the hind buffers. Shortly after a train of empty waggons, with the engine behind, came along the parallel line from the Bullock Island Wharf. As it approached near the standing train the two lads jumped off, but in endeavouring to get out of the way of the approaching train both were knocked down, the wheels passing over the boy Hammond, and completely severing his head and one of his arms from the body. The other boy, Wells, fell in the fore-foot, and had the sense to remain still until the whole train passed over him, when he got up, having miraculously escaped uninjured. Deceased was about nine years of age. His parents reside in Wickham.

PARKES, Oct. 22.

It has been blowing "great guns" (as the sailors say) nearly all last week; we have not had such boisterous weather for several years; the cold winds have now given place to intense heat; the thermometer was at 91 in the shade to-day. The country is looking magnificent. The luxurious grass and herbage and abundant crops tell what the soil of this district can produce with a fair amount of wet.

Our repeated request for a daily mail has at length been granted; a telegram has been received from our indefatigable member, Mr. Coonan, intimating that the Postmaster-General has consented to a daily mail from Orange to Parkes via Molong, and that tenders would immediately be called for.

Mr. Hugh Sutherland's tender for erection of post and telegraph offices has been accepted.

On Thursday last three miners, Tullock, Ackroyd, and Stewart, working on the North Lead, about No. 20, brought to light an uninteresting nugget. They had been working another shaft for about a fortnight, and upon going back to their old shaft one of the men was lowered down the shaft, about 59 feet, and came upon what appeared to be a miner's swag. Heave up, was the word, you have a treasure there. When lo! to their horror and indignation, it was discovered to be the body of an infant wrapped up in bagging. An inquest upon the body was held at the courthouse on Friday before Mr. W. Austin, coroner; and before the proceedings had far advanced, Mary Wilson, a young widow, was placed in the court by sergeant M'Namunny, having been arrested on a charge of wilful murder. Dr. O'Connell deposed as follows:—The child, if washed, had been carelessly washed; the toes were deformed; there were no marks of violence discernible sufficient to have caused death; the body had arrived at the full term of birth; I made a post mortem examination; I found that respiration had been completely established; no food of any kind had been administered to the child; I am of opinion the child had been born alive, and met its death by suffocation; this day, by order of the police, I examined the prisoner; I found that she had been recently confined of a child; I have been attending prisoner for some time professionally; I saw her on Sunday last; I consider she must have been previously delivered; she never consulted me in the matter of her confinement; she told me that Dr. Dick, a Chinese doctor, and a doctor in Orange had been attending her for a tumour; from her history and statements, I believed she was suffering from a uterine disease. Other evidence having been taken, Edward Gilling deposed: I am a blacksmith; have known prisoner since last December; have been paying my addresses to her; I visited prisoner the night after she left Nolan's; I cannot say what we were talking about; she complained of being sick; on the Wednesday night that prisoner left Nolan's I did not stop or sleep in any house; I camped out; I decline to say whether I was in prisoner's house on Thursday, Friday, or Saturday nights succeeding her leaving Nolan's; I saw the body of a child at the lockup; I swear I did not carry that body from prisoner's house; I did not know that it was removed; I did not know that the prisoner was delivered of a child; I did not go to Currajong the night I camped out. Other corroborative witnesses were examined, and after half an hour's deliberation the following verdict was agreed to:—"That the male child found in a shaft No. 20, North Lead, on 17th instant, was wilfully murdered, but there is not sufficient evidence to show by whom the murder was committed." During the investigation of the case the prisoner in every instance refused to ask questions. Prisoner was remanded to next sitting of Court, on Friday, the 25th instant.

A meeting of the Parkes Jockey Club was held on the 21st instant; Mr. J. Moss in the chair. The following resolutions were determined:—"That the entrance for the Maiden Plate remain open until the night of the general entry, 5th November." "That all horses under three years old that may have won a race shall be considered maiden horses." "That Mr. John Ward be judge; Mr. W. A. Tawing, starter; Mr. E. M'Gee, clerk of the course."

The escort left Parkes on Saturday last with over 500 oz. No. 1 North, on Bonnie Dundee—Janeen party—is shaping fairly. 147 tons yielded 1 oz. per ton crushed at the Dayspring Battery, being a carriage of three miles. The cost of carting and crushing amounts to 14s. per ton. There are abundance of reefs that would pay with cheaper crushing, and a crusher at Lowe's dam would find plenty of work, and prove a good speculation. Prospecting in Wood's selection is progressing, with some hope of success; they are in deeper ground, with excellent wash and dipping, with strong colour.

SCONE, Oct. 21.

A little of the excitement consequent upon that important event—the opening of the railway to Tamworth—has been felt here; and all who conveniently could took advantage of the means placed at their disposal for seeing Tamworth "on the cheap." The Ministerial train passed through here on its way up "like a streak of lightning," as a friend observed, not staying even the customary five minutes.

The weather has been very trying to our tempers lately—strong gales blowing from various points, for several days successively. A gentleman who has lately taken up his residence here had begun to form the idea that these gales are a regular institution with us, and was greatly relieved on hearing the opinion expressed that the equinoctial gales were severe this year. The crops are, however, looking splendid, and harvesting is expected to commence in about a month.

Snake stories seem to have become plentiful rather early this season. A few days since a Mrs. Butler of this town left her baby in its cradle, and went to attend to some domestic duties. After some little time she heard another child crying out in the room where she had left the baby, and, on going in, she was horrified to see a large—I'm just a little doubtful about the large—snake, coiled up on the sleeping baby. True to her womanly instincts she screamed out, and her husband, who happened to be near, ran in, and at once snatched up the child. The snake then made off, and succeeded in getting away with a whole skin. The child fortunately was uninjured. A few days after a snake was dispatched on the Public school premises. It was first seen by one of the school boys, apparently trying to effect an entrance under the back door of the master's residence. He gave the alarm, and the master, after repressing a tendency on the part of the pupils to rise *en masse*, went to the rescue, and his snakeship met his fate in the shape of a stout stick. It was one of the lead coloured species, and measured about 4 feet.

The Invermein estate near Scone has changed owners, the purchasers being the Parbury Brothers, late of England. The agents were Messrs. Brunker, Wolfe, and Badgery, of Maitland. The stock was sold separately by public auction, part being sent to Maitland, and the whole realised good marketable prices. The land in the Invermein estate, comprising 10,000 acres of fine level country, has greatly deteriorated in value within the last few years, through being nearly overrun by that terrible nuisance, the prickly pear. Though this plant is becoming a serious evil in this district, and costs a considerable sum yearly in trying to keep it down, the apathy displayed on the subject would seem incomprehensible, if it were not for the fact that an appeal for legislation on such matters is considered waste of time. The efforts made by landed proprietors to eradicate it are rendered nearly futile by it being allowed to grow on Crown lands, and if some steps are not soon taken to prevent it, vast tracks of land will become almost irreclaimable. If I were allowed to choose a site on which to hold the next Parliamentary picnic I would certainly choose a spot where this nuisance grows to perfection. The "scene" that would follow would be as lively as any the house could furnish, and would form a practicable illustration of the difficulty of the task of eradication.

TUMUT, Oct. 21.

Messrs. Williams and Co., the proprietors of the quartz claim at Tarrabandra, from which the rich specimens recently exhibited in Tumut were obtained, propose to form a company to be called the Tarrabandra Gold-mining Company, for the purpose of working the reef and providing the necessary plant for crushing operations. According to the prospectus issued, Messrs. M. Marks, M. Tuohy, R. M'Kay, and W. L. Fell have been appointed directors, and Mr. E. Caspersonn acting manager, to the proposed company. The claim intended to be worked is a three-acre lease, situate at Stony Creek, about 14 miles from Tumut. A shaft has been sunk on the crown of the hill, following the reef to a depth of 75 feet, at which level the reef is upwards of 12 feet in width. Near the boundary of the claim at the foot of the hill a cutting has been put in, about three chains distant from the shaft, where the stone shows gold as freely as the quartz in the shaft. Several crushings from this claim, amounting in all to about 319 tons, have already taken place, averaging 1 oz. 4 dwts. per ton. The proprietors have hitherto had to cart their quartz to a distant machine, where £1 per ton was charged for crushing, the cost of carriage being 10s. per ton, hence the desire of the proprietors to form a company and obtain a crushing plant. It is proposed to raise the necessary capital by offering to the public 150 shares at £10 each, £500 to be deducted by the proprietors, leaving the balance of £1300 for the purchase of the necessary machinery and preliminary expenses. The large blocks of stone on view in this town, from the above claim, are of such a rich character that if the same had been shown here some six years ago the populace would have been driven wild with excitement; as it is, our resident's gage upon them with the utmost indifference.

About 12 miles from Tumut, in the neighbourhood of Sandy Creek, is situated the claim of the Great Britain Gold and Tin Mining Co. Mr. E. A. Fitzgerald, the manager of the company, has for some years past, in the face of many obstacles, patiently laboured to perfect the works necessary ere sluicing operations could be commenced. A tail race about three-quarters of a mile in length, cut through the solid rock, is now completed; and, should the prospects turn out as payable as it is confidently expected they will, the shareholders will find the claim a profitable investment for many years to come.

The Lord Bishop of Goulburn, who is on a tour through his diocese, is to arrive here on Saturday afternoon next. On Sunday morning and evening his lordship preaches in All Saints' Church; in the afternoon of the same day he officiates at Adelong. On Monday there is to be a tea meeting at Blowering, and the Bishop will lay the foundation-stone of a new church there. On Tuesday the rite of confirmation is to be administered in All Saints', Tumut, and in the evening of that day it is intended that a tea and public meeting in connection with the Anglican Church shall be held.

The contractors for the new post and telegraph office have been greatly delayed in carrying out their works by the prolonged absence of the inspector of public buildings. However, in consequence of representations made in Sydney by Mr. James Hoskins, Mr. Thorne, the foreman of public works, arrived upon the scene this morning, and marked out the site for the proposed building, whereupon the contractors at once put on a large staff of labourers to excavate for the foundations.

At the first meeting in the insolvent estate of P. M'Namara, of Tumut, contractor, held before Mr. F. W. Vyner, six debts were proved. Mr. W. B. Marks, a creditor, examined the insolvent at great length, eliciting the following facts:—That this was the second time insolvent had gone into the court; about three months ago insolvent received £162 from Government, £25 of which is still to credit in the bank; he could not tell how he spent the balance; the butts of cheques were in the hands of the official assignee; he had never been perfectly solvent since he came to Tumut; had paid off about £20 of his old debts; he attributed his present misfortunes to an accident he met with while erecting the Tumut Catholic church. Mr. Marks opposed insolvent's application to retain his furniture, which, however, is valued at only a nominal sum.

Mr. E. G. Brown, on Thursday last, sold by auction about 100 head of mixed cattle; there was a fair attendance of buyers, but rates ruled very low. 45 two-year-old steers fetched £2 6s 9d; cows from £2 to £3; cows with calves, in good condition, from £3 to £3 10s; two-year-old heifers, from £1 10s to £2 per head.

WAGGA WAGGA, Oct. 22.

The weather for the greater part of the past week has been fine and warm, the first two days giving us a continuation of the stormy and wet weather of the previous week. Yesterday was oppressively sultry, and a thunderstorm seemed impending, but towards morning all signs of rain had passed over us, leaving the atmosphere, however, considerably cleared. The recent rain has had the effect of retarding the shearing very much, so that the sheds, which were in full swing in this neighbourhood, will not be cut out for some weeks yet.

The Junee-Narandera Railway question and the proposed route south of the Murrumbidgee has been the topic of conversation amongst the business men of the town for the past few days. The visit of Mr. Barbour had the effect of making men desirous for information as to the chances of success for the proposed deviation from the original scheme of extension of the Great Southern line to Hay. A number of our leading men accordingly were anxious to meet this gentleman, and a deputation waited on the Mayor, with the request that he would invite Mr. Barbour to a meeting. The meeting was preliminary to the holding of a public meeting, should it be thought desirable. Mr. Barbour explained that he had withdrawn his motion on the subject at the request of the Government, who were then maturing their railway scheme, and were disposed to examine the evidence fully as to the advantages of the route on the south side of the river before going further. He thought that the Government would be found in this matter to act as the public desired, and for this reason he considered the Wagga people ought to lose no time in agitating in the matter. He pointed out on a map the line of country on the south side of the river through which he proposed the railway should be taken. Instead of branching off from Junee, he would have it branch off from Wagga—which, he held, it was the interest of Sydney to keep the great centre of trade that it was naturally from its situation sure to be—and pass through, on the south side of the river, the rich Yanko country, Jerilderie, and so on to Hay. That there was a difference of mileage in favour of the Junee-Narandera scheme, as a line to Hay, he admitted; but contended that this advantage was fully swallowed up in the bridge which would be necessary at Narandera, and which would cost over £100,000. He referred to the fact that the land at the north side of the river was not available for settlement, inasmuch as it was already alienated in enormous quantities, one firm alone having some 450,000 acres of freehold. The local men were fully possessed of all the arguments advanced by Mr. Barbour, and some of those who spoke gave him from their personal knowledge some facts in connection with the country through which the Junee-Narandera line was surveyed, which he admitted were in addition to his information. Amongst these was the fact that in this country no one had ever been able to find water, so that the supply had been always wholly dependent upon rainfall. It was shown that one reason for the apparent apathy of Wagga in this matter was this, that men disliked to move in a matter about which they might lay themselves open to the charge of going in for the selfish "bridge-agin-their-own-door" policy. There was no doubt about the enormous advantages the southern route would bring to Wagga. There was no want of interest amongst us in the matter; on the contrary, the action of Mr. Barbour was watched with the keenest interest, but they preferred not to move hastily, so that the advantages to the whole of the colony of the southern scheme might be fully ventilated and placed before the public. If, then, a strong case were made out for the general weal, as there was now, outside of their agitation it was thought that our friends of Narandera could hardly charge us with overweening selfishness in agitating for a scheme which, while serving us, was so palpably of advantage to the whole country. One of the gentlemen, Mr. Russell, of the A. J. S. Bank, pointed out that, in the evident fear of the Melbourne merchants that this southern route would be made, there was the strongest argument as to the national importance of the scheme. From some mistake of the *Argus* it was reported that the New South Wales Government had decided upon the route, and a deputation from the Melbourne Chamber of Commerce waiting on the Minister for Railways had alluded to this, and stated that if this line were completed the whole of the Riverina trade would be diverted from Melbourne. So much for the notion of the Melbourne Chamber of Commerce about the matter; and if the Sydney Chamber of Commerce are fully alive to their own interests, it is expected that they will see the advantage of the line south of the river over the Junee-Narandera line, and press its adoption on the Government. After a considerable time spent in conversational discussion of these matters, the following resolutions were carried,—"That this meeting is of opinion, agreeably with the desire of the deputation that waited on Mr. Barbour, that a public meeting should be called as early as possible, with a view of impressing upon the Government the urgent necessity of extending the Great Southern railway to Hay, south of the Murrumbidgee, instead of the north side of the river." "That the meeting be held on Monday, the 28th instant, and that Mr. Leary and Mr. Barbour be invited to attend." Mr. Barbour stated that he had to leave next day for Sydney, but consented to come up again for the meeting.

A change appears to have come over the spirit of the local Bench in the matter of the granting of licenses for public-houses, as I note that three applications for new houses were refused on the ground that they were not required in the several localities where it was proposed to open them.

The Municipal Council, having set aside one extravagant proposal for a bridge over the Wallundry Lagoon, have rushed into the adoption of another equally wasteful of the public money. It was desired to bridge this lagoon, west of the present bridge, with a foot-bridge, mainly for the convenience of the children upon the Newtown side who attended the Public school. A committee, appointed to consider the matter and select the site, recommended the construction of a general traffic bridge, a work which the majority of the ratepayers hold to be unnecessary. Building this bridge is considered to be a stupid endeavour to divert the traffic from the main street, and it is all the more stupid because the Government have recently declared our principal thoroughfare to be the main road, and will accordingly contribute to its maintenance; and if the present bridge on that road be deemed insufficient for the traffic, build another. The aldermen are thus spending some £1400 to force some of the heavy traffic from a roadway which the Government will have to keep in repair to a street the repairs of which the municipality will have to wholly meet the cost of. The carriage of the resolution approving of the plans and deciding to call for tenders was a rather strange experience, even in our generally somewhat strange Municipal Council proceedings. There was a full meeting of the Council, but there was no debate about the matter, and four out of the eight aldermen abstained from voting, so that this scheme for the expenditure of the sum of £1400 was saddled upon the ratepayers by three of the aldermen, but one man opening his mouth in protest.

We have had a visit from the Bishop of Goulburn, who administered the rite of confirmation to over 100 children. On Friday the Bishop ordained the Rev. James Swindells, of Balranald, the ordination sermon being preached by the Rev. Canon Gwynne.

I wired the result of the Bridge Company shareholders' meeting, by which it was seen that the amount demanded by the company for their property was £20,000. I believe this estimate of value has been based upon the calculations of the Wahgunyah people about their bridge, which has been offered to the Victorian Government for sale for £14,000. Most business men one talks to here upon this subject consider that this is a very fair basis of calculation, and looking at the past and prospective business of the Wagga Bridge in a candid spirit are disposed to look upon the company's demand as a legitimate one. The intense feeling of antagonism to the company's past has, therefore, it will be seen, not altogether obscured our sense of justice.

Our stock business is brisk in fat stock and store sheep, the store cattle inquiries being still but very few. The following sales were made during the week:—By Wilkinson, Minchin, and Lavender, 4100 wethers for Mr. C. M. Lloyd, of Yamma, to York and Walsh, Sydney; 1000 ewes for Hebden and Sons, to Mr. B. O'Neill; 9200 fat wethers, for Mr. Robertson, of Toganmain, to York and Walsh; 4300 fat wethers, for M'Phail and Loughlin, to same buyers; 3150 fat wethers, for Mr. M'Pherson, of Benduck, same buyers; 6000 fat wethers for Messrs. M'Farland, and 2000 for Messrs. Robertson, to same buyers. By Rand and Tompson, 12 head fat cows, for Cullen, North Wagga; 22 fat cows, for N. Roach; 34 prime bullocks, for M. Loughlin; 200 fat wethers, for Messrs. Wilson and M'Callum; 900 wethers in wool, for Cox, Brothers; 1100 fat wethers, for J. Smith, Tubbo; and 20 head dairy cattle at auction. By R. G. Goodisson, 10,000 wethers, for Lamb, Kiddle, and Co.; and 30 head cattle by auction. By Eliot, Fosbery, and Co., 100 Lincoln stud ewes, for Mr. W. Rutledge, to C. M. Lloyd, of Yamma; and 2000 wethers in wool, for Mr. Day, of Albury.

The following selections were made at the Land-office on Thursday:—M. A. Stinson, 640 acres, county Bourke, parish of Kindra; A. H. Meurant, 40 acres, county Clarendon, parish of Warre Warrel; J. H. Nixon, 200 acres, county Wynyard, parish of Gregadoo, being measured portion 100; George Burns, 40 acres, county Clarendon, parish of South Junee; John Rand, 40 acres, county Clarendon, parish of Oura; J. Hannan, 133 acres 3 roods, county Clarendon, parish Marrar; J. Flanagan, jun., 100 acres, county Clarendon, parish of Junee South.

WINDSOR, Oct. 24.

A meeting of the Borough Council was held on Wednesday evening last. Present—The Mayor, and Aldermen Primrose, Crew, Collison, Simon, Moses, Gosper, and Wood. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The following correspondence was received:—1. Letter from J. Tebbutt, complaining of a nuisance near the Court-house, caused by refuse being deposited in the street from Busby's tannery. Referred to the Inspector of Nuisances. 2. From certain ratepayers, complaining of the state of Milcham-street. Referred to Works Committee. 3. From the inspector of nuisances, informing the Council of his intention to proceed against all parties who, within fourteen days, did not provide their houses with proper guttering. Accounts were brought forward and referred to the Finance Committee—from James Beedall on account of kerbing and guttering, £12 10s.; P. Motteram on account of cricket ground in the park, £25. Alderman Simon brought up a report from the Finance Committee, recommending the payment of accounts amounting to £65 15s. 11d. Adopted. Alderman Primrose brought up a report from the Works Committee, stating that the water courses in several of the streets had been opened and cleaned; recommending that £25 be paid to P. Motteram on account of his contract for making cricket ground; and that £10 be granted for forming continuation of Bridge-street and levelling Thompson's-square. Adopted. Alderman Crew handed in his resignation as an alderman of the borough, consequent upon his leaving the town. The Mayor and several of the aldermen expressed their regret at Mr. Crew severing his connection with the Council, which had existed since its commencement, some eight years ago. The Council then rose.

A terrible story has reached Liverpool from Madagascar. The British Consul at Tamatave, Madagascar, reports the stranding at Sahassifoutre (St. Mary), on the north coast of that island, of the burned-out hull of the iron ship Glenericht. The vessel drove ashore on the night of the 13th of May, and upon examination it was found that the hull was still in good condition; but upon further investigation the cook was found lying in his galley, dead, with marks of burning upon his body, while in the cabin lay the body of the captain, and in the forecastle the bodies of a number of the crew. All were dead. It appears that after the outbreak of the fire on the Glenericht the crew escaped and reached Singapore. It is therefore supposed that the bodies found on board must have been those of a prize crew which was put on her from a vessel which came across the burning ship. The Glenericht was abandoned on the 29th of November, and thus was drifting about the ocean for six months before she stranded. She was owned in Liverpool by Messrs. L. H. M'Intyre and Co.

Stations	Wthr.	Max	Min	Rain
Tenterfield	b	88	49	0
Grafton ..	b	92	..	0
Inverell ..	b	86	57	0
Bourke ..	..	..	..	..
Narrabri ..	b	90	60	0
Armidale ..	b	82	40	0
Gunnedah	..	..	..	..
Tamworth	..	..	..	..
P. Macqrie	..	..	..	..
Murr'undi	b	81	54	0
Cassilis ..	..	..	..	..
Mus'brook	b	100	56	0
Dubbo ..	b	84	62	0
Mudgee ..	..	..	..	..
Maitland ..	b	72	58	0
Newcastle	b	81	60	0
Orange ..	b	80	55	0
Bathurst ..	n	82	48	0
Mt Victoria	b	79	60	0
Forbes ..	c	86	67	0
Blacktown	b	84	54	0
SYDNEY ..	b	76	59	0
Wentw'th.	c	96	50	0
Young ..	u	86	58	0
Woll'gong	..	..	..	..
Moss Vale	u	76	60	0
Euston ..	c	94	44	0
Goulburn ..	b	82	60	0
Wagga ..	h	82	..	0
Cape Geo.	r	71	57	0
Queanb'an	u	84	52	0
Deniliquin	b	92	46	0
Albury ..	b	86	44	0
Bodalla ..	n	79	49	0
Cooma ..	u	84	52	0·08
Eden	b	..	54	0
Gabo Isld.	m	68	51	0



EXPLANATION.

16 29·90 F 55, for example, *reads*: Fine, wind north, 16 miles per hour; barometer 29·90, falling; temperature 55°.

WIND SCALE.—13 miles—light breeze; 23—moderate breeze; 34—fresh breeze; 48—gale; 56—strong gale; 65—whole gale; 75—storm; 90—hurricane.

STATE OF WEATHER.—b—blue sky; c—detached clouds; d—drizzling rain; f—fog; g—gloomy, dark; h—hail; l—lightning; m—misty, hazy; n—frost; o—overcast; p—passing showers; q—squally; r—rain; s—snow; t—thunder; u—threatening; v—air very clear.

Musical Instruments.

NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG.
CLEARING-OUT SALE
Clearing-out Sale
Clearing-out Sale
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY
For One Month Only
For One Month Only.
NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG, before taking stock, intend to offer their Surplus Stock, consisting of all celebrated makers, to CASH PURCHASERS at
COST PRICE
Cost Price
Cost Price.
Intending purchasers will find it to their advantage to inspect the magnificent stock at
NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S, 317 and 396, George-street.

NEW ENGLAND ORGAN COMPANY'S CABINET ORGANS, for the Parlour, Church, or Schoolroom, superior to all others for volume of tone and beauty of finish.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., York-street, Wynyard-square. Sole Agent for the Colonies.

BARGAINS IN MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
£24—NEW 7-OCTAVE TRICORD PIANOFORTE
£25—NEW OAK 14-STOP HARMONIUM
£33—NEW 7-OCTAVE TRICORD PIANOFORTE
£15—NICE PARLOUR WALNUT HARMONIUM
MUSICAL BOXES, in great variety, which PLAY from FOUR to SIXTEEN TUNES
THE SWISS COTTAGE Jewel Casket, PLAYS TWO LIVELY AIRS.
A WALK through the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE will well repay the promenader.
Hundreds of Artistic HOME FURNISHING GEMS are now on view, all marked in PLAIN FIGURE PRICES.
W. B. CAMPBELL, ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, next to the Royal Hotel, George-street, SYDNEY.

A GENUINE ERARD FOR £55.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, are exhibiting a SPLENDID WALNUT PIANOFORTE, which they guarantee is a GENUINE S. P. Erard. Certificate with the instrument. Price, £55.
Show Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail HERBALISTS, TREAT ALL DISEASES. 246, George-st. N.

ARCHITECT.—HAROLD BREES, Surveyor, Plans Water colour Views. 352, George-st, over Mountcastle's

A CARD.—On and after MONDAY, October 28, Mr. JOHN SPENCER, Dentist, will practice his profession at his new premises, 44, Wynyard-square North.

A CARD.—Mrs. HINCHCLIFFE, Ladies' and Children's Fashionable Outfitting Establishment. Paris and London Millinery and Dressmaking. Family Mourning. Underclothing, Baby Linen; prices to suit all. 123, 125, 127, Oxford-st.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INIMITABLE.—Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL, Dentist, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square, has just received a large supply of the new Diatoric Mineral Teeth, &c., &c., ex Garonne. Inspection invited. Every operation in dentistry skilfully performed. Established in the colonies 1853. CAUTION.—Not connected with any other person. Beware mistakes from similarity of names.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Those who wish to obtain the above, made on the latest English principles, should consult Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist (from London), who guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by the nitrous oxide gas. All dental operations skilfully performed. Consultations free at Mr. Carter's residence, 26, College-street, Hyde Park.

BEST LUNCHEON in Sydney, 1s 6d. A la Flore Australienne, 22, Charlotte-place.

BOOKS and ACCOUNTS kept and adjusted; terms moderate. Address H., Post Office.

DR. ALEXANDER PATERSON, A.M., M.D., C.M., F.R.C.S., Hill-cres., Stanmore Road, op. Wesleyan Chapel.

DR. S. CONRADI, M.D., Physician, Surgeon, &c., 6, Carlton-ter., Wynyard-sq., at Mr. G. Gabriel's, the dentist.

DR. NASH, Homœopathist, 251, Crown-street, off Oxford-street. Hours, 9 to 3 and 6 to 7.30.

DR. MEARNS, D.D.S., Dentist (late University of Aberdeen and Philadelphia Dental College), 86, Wynyard-square.—The Conservative Treatment of the Natural Teeth a specialty. Consultation hours—9 a.m. till 5 p.m.

E. DAVIS.—Civet Cat Fancy and General Bazaar, 98, King-street.

EVERY Lady can make her own dress, with patterns fitted and tried on, by Madame DE DA SICOTIERE. Ladies living in the country, to have no deception, please come and be fitted, on Monday and Wednesday. 320, George-street.

FIGTREE POINT, BALMAIN. HARDIE and GORMAN.

FRENCH'S BOOTS are all smooth-lined inside.—Ladies, try them for your children; they fit well, go on easy, and wear six months. 639, George-street, Haymarket.

F. J. CAHILL, LAND, ESTATE, and GENERAL AGENT. Rents and Debts collected. Selectors' business with the Lands Office promptly attended to. Tradesmen's Account Books made up. VAUGHAN'S CHAMBERS, KING-STREET. Reference: R. E. A. Wilkinson, Esq., Bank of New South Wales, Sydney.

H. W. LOVEDAY, Pianoforte Tuner and Repairer, from J. Broadwood and Sons, Reading and Co.'s, 356, George-st.

J. C. W. HINSCH, 160, Pitt-street, Importer of all kinds of Island Trade Goods.

J. ACKROYD, French Polisher, 40, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

LADIES' Luncheon Rooms, most elegant in the colony. A la Flore Australienne, 22, Charlotte-place.

LADIES' and Children's OUTFITS, Baby Linen, &c.—The cheapest house in the city for any article in Ready-made Goods, Costumes, Evening Dresses, Mantles, Jackets. E. WAY, 261 to 267, Pitt-street.

MITTAGONG. MITTAGONG.

PRINGLE and HYNARD, Auctioneers, House, Land, and Estate Agents. PRINGLE and HYNARD, 164, Pitt-st.

PHRENOLOGY.—Self-examination, Self-knowledge. Professor HAMILTON, 19, Hunter-street; charge, 10s.

RICHARD M'COY (late M'Coy, Brothers), Boot Warehouse, REMOVED to 492, George-street, opposite Markets.

SENOR CORVILLO, Phrenologist. Advice to Travellers. 35, Parramatta-street.

SPECTACLES, 1s; tinted eye preservers, 1s; goggles, 1s; eye glasses, 1; Brazilian pebbles, 10s 6d. Spectacles, &c., made to order. Mr. SOLOMON, the only qualified Optician in the colony, 669, George-street South. N.B.—Beware of incompetents.

THOMAS B. WALKER, Exchange-corner, Bridge-street, ACCOUNTANT AND ESTATE AGENT. Undertakes the Sale, Purchase, and Management of LANDED ESTATES, STATIONS, HOUSE PROPERTY, &c. Accounts and Rents Collected. Squatting, Mercantile, and Tradesmen's Accounts investigated and arranged. HOUSES AND LAND FOR SALE.

Miscellaneous.

BUTTER in Five Minutes.—Atmospheric CHURNS, 16s each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 429, George-street.

AMERICAN VELOCIPEDES, for boys and youths. Barron, Moxham, and Co., York-street, Wynyard-square.

BOTTLES wanted, champagne preferred. Apply rear of Palace Hotel, Haymarket.

FAMILY MOURNING.—The Cheapest House in Sydney for Ready-made and Unmade Goods, of every description, is E. WAY'S, Importer of Family and Complimentary Mourning Goods, 261, Pitt-street.

GROCERS, Counter and Fittings (nearly new), for sale, cheap. Apply 15, George-street West.

FOR SALE, one of the best Kangaroo DOGS in New South Wales. 74, William-street.

ROUGH TERRIERS, dogs and sluts, for SALE; to be seen, Park Cottage, Pitt-street, Redfern, after 3 o'clock, SATURDAY next, the property of J. B. Ambrose.

A SPLENDID white Terrier SLUT (toy). No. 8, Gibbons-street, off Marion-street, Redfern.

DOLLS.—A splendid assortment, dressed and undressed, at 486, George-street, opposite the Markets.

HOUSE.—Wanted to purchase, for cash, House, about 5 rooms, in northern part of city. House, Sandon's, Geo.-st.

GREEN Bamboo Sun BLINDS, for verandahs; large variety at wholesale prices. ELLIS, 220, Pitt-street.

CANE LOUNGES and Invalid Chairs; a splendid assortment at wholesale prices. ELLIS, 220, Pitt-street.

NEPTUNE KEROSENE BURNER.—Wanted to purchase. W. C., R. Langley, 62, Sussex-street.

PERAMBULATORS and INVALIDS' CHAIRS, all kinds. R. ANDERSON, Manufacturer, Parramatta-st., Glebe

SMALL FARM WANTED.—Wanted to rent, with option of purchase, a small FARM, of about 100 acres, with cottage, stables, &c.; must be good meadow land; distance from Sydney no object. Apply, by letter, to E. S., Petty's Hotel, Sydney.

TWO Cabinet-makers' BENCHES wanted, at once. J. Newton, 235, George-street.

HIGHEST PRICE for Left-off Clothing. Simmons' Big Wardrobe, 442, Castlereagh-st. N.B.—Letters attended

SEWING-MACHINES. — Wanted, a Wilcox and Gibbs, in good order. Address 175, Oxford-street.

Horses and Vehicles.

THE LARGEST and BEST-SELECTED STOCK of American BUGGIES and CARRIAGES in the Australian colonies, from builders of the highest reputation in the United States, built expressly to suit requirements of the colonies, under special instructions.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers of every description of American Merchandise.—Stores and Offices, York-street, Wynyard-square.
Every vehicle bears our plate as importers, to serve as guarantee.

AMERICAN HARNESS, best quality, single and pair horse buggy, carriage, and express harness. JOHN BRUSH, Importer and Manufacturer, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

AMERICAN EXPRESS WAGGONS, with both pole and shafts. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.

AMERICAN HARNESS, of every description, from celebrated makers, direct. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers, York-street and Wynyard-square.

FOR SALE, a first-class Family SOCIABLE; price, £22. J. M'NULTY, Alma-street, Darlington.

WANTED to purchase a cheap serviceable Parcels Delivery VAN. Apply G. M. Pitt and Son, corner King and George streets.

AMERICAN BUGGIES, American BUGGIES, American Buggies £28, American Buggies £28. £42 with Leather Tops, £42.
We are now selling our Large Stock of American Buggies at greatly reduced prices, to make room for fresh shipments of the best, cheapest, and largest assortment ever introduced into the market, comprising Top and No-top Trays, Kensington Trotters, Whitechapels and Jump-seat Buggies, Ladies' Basket and Canopy-top, Physicians and Rumble Phaetons
Rumble Phaetons, Piano Box and Jump-seat Buggies, just unpacked, ex T. A. Goddard.
These buggies are by first-class New York builders, and to the order of
KEAREY, BROTHERS, Importers, 290, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, handsome pair bay upstanding Carriage HORSES. 53, Bligh-street.

FOR SALE, one pair bay PONIES; perfect in saddle and harness. 38, Bligh-street.

SOCIABLES, new and second-hand, for SALE. ANGUS, 185, Castlereagh-street.

HARNESS, Carriage and Buggy, second-hand, for SALE. ANGUS, Castlereagh-street.

AMERICAN Single and Double seat BUGGIES for SALE. ANGUS, 185, Castlereagh-street.

FOR SALE, a staunch Grey MARE, good in saddle or harness. 74, William-street.

COLONIAL-BUILT BUGGIES, family WAGGONETTES, new BAROUCHE; highly finished. O'BRIEN, Coachbuilder, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, HORSE, DRAY, and HARNESS, 2 good Cab Horses. G. GOUGH, Paddington.

FOR SALE, a heavy Draught Horse, 5 years old; any trial. Apply P. BUCKLEY, No. 1, Ultimo Road.

CARRIAGES, Buggies, &c.—W. Vial and Son, practical Coachbuilders, Castlereagh-st., Sydney. Established 1852.

STRONG HORSE, quiet and staunch, £6; light Dealer's Van and Harness, £7. No. 483, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

HORSE.—Wanted, a light Dray HORSE. Apply J. F. Bowden, coal yard, Bathurst-street.

FOR SALE, a first-class SAFETY (nearly new), Horse, and Harness. Apply at HARKNESS'S Brass Foundry, 61, Bathurst-street West.

FOR SALE, cheap, at LYTTLE'S, 239, Elizabeth-street, a first-class Undercut Double-seated BUGGY.

WANTED, on hire, light VAN and HARNESS. 22, Bay-street, Glebe.

BROWN first-class sociable and buggy Horse, £22; bay good buggy Cob, £10. KNIGHT, Castlereagh-street.

HANDSOME well-bred Hack, £25; roan good spring-cart Horse, £18; grey buggy Horse, £12. KNIGHT.

GOOD Spring-cart Horse and new Harness, £25; single Buggy, £16; new Saddles, 50s. KNIGHT.

COVERED Sociable, pole, brake, lamps, and shafts, £45; double-seat Buggy, brake, lamps, &c., £22. KNIGHT.

NEW covered Express Waggon and double Harness, £48; light American Waggon, £30. KNIGHT.

Building Materials.

IRONBARK GIRDERS, Sawn Hardwood PINE, T and G. ½ inch, ¾, and 1 inch. Street, Brothers, Sussex-street.

SAWN Queensland Kauri PINE, very superior. Architraves and Skirtings. STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street

PAPERHANGINGS. PAPERHANGINGS. Splendid Assortment. Storekeepers, Paperhangers, and Landlords will do well to inspect. Assorted patterns packed in bales in quantities to suit purchasers. Samples forwarded on application. ALEXANDER BORTHWICK, 229, George-street.

MANTELPIECES, MANTELPIECES. MARBLE and ENAMELLED SLATE, CHOICEST DESIGNS AND LARGEST VARIETY IN SYDNEY. ALEX. BORTHWICK, 229, George-street.

MARULAN Marble Lime, fresh per rail daily. J. HOGG, Sussex and Druitt streets. Constant stocks.

TO STOREKEEPERS and the TRADE.—10,000 Patterns of PAPERHANGINGS to choose from, 3½d per roll, new designs, and original bales. Leads, paints, oils, colours, varnishes, sheet-glass, turps, &c. Ten per cent. under any other house in town. Note the address—H. H. GROTH, 344, George-street.

BRICKS on SALE, hand-made, at ELLIS' S Brickyard, off Bridge Road, Ryde.

A LARGE supply of Foreign and Colonial Pine and Hardwood TIMBER on hand, at Circular Quay Timber Yard. J. J. LIVINGSTONE.

TASMANIAN Huon PINE, in log, and cut to order. STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

BRICKS.—20,000 for SALE. Apply Empress of India Hotel, Marrickville. S. CARTWRIGHT.

FOR SALE, 40,000 BRICKS, at Mr. MOORE'S, New Canterbury Road, Petersham.

BRITISH PLATE AND SHEET GLASS, Oils, Lead, Colours, Brushware, Paperhangings, Varnishes, &c., &c. The largest and best assorted stock in the colony. JAMES SANDY and CO. (late Thomas Edens), BRITISH PLATE GLASS WAREHOUSE, 255, George-street.

KAURI PINE.—300,000 feet, assorted. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

WALLIS and PUGH have on hand—Hardwood, various sizes; Hardwood Flooring and Weatherboards, rough and dressed; also, good T. and G. Pine Lining and Flooring. Cowper Wharf Sawmills, Woolloomooloo.

LIME.—Pure Marble LIME and Portland CEMENT, at Marble Lime Depot, 8, King-street West.

MURPHY and SON, 21 and 23, George-street West, General Importers of BRITISH PLATE, SHEET, and ORNAMENTAL GLASS, WHITE LEAD, OILS, COLOURS, VARNISHES, BRUSHWARE, CEMENT, PLASTER PARIS, &c., &c. Paperhangings in endless variety.

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THE WAR IN NEW CALEDONIA.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL COMMISSIONER.)

PENITENCIER AGRICOLE DE FONWHARII, AUG. 10.

I left Bouloupar at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 9th instant, after bidding friendly adieus to all the officers of the camp, from whom during my stay I received every courtesy and kindness. The convoy was going to Buraki to bring back stores. The commissariat caused much more anxiety than the canaques. We started in fair marching order. Three horsemen rode first as scouts, then ten soldiers and a sergeant in open column, with two carts and a bullock dray in the centre. But when the stream was crossed we all climbed into the carts and jogged along happily through the mud. At Ouameni we met a foraging party from the Gazelle, looting what they could from the gardens of the ruined houses. No native has been seen in this neighbourhood for a long time, and we might travel the road alone with perfect safety, but we feel better accompanied by an escort and chassepots. Buraki presented even a more miserable appearance than before, the late rains having caused an accumulation of mud everywhere. The Gazelle was signalled, and a boat sent ashore, in which I embarked and claimed the hospitality of Captain Collier. I very much admired the beautiful corvette which he commands. She is nominally 110 tons burden, has a crew of 33 men, and carries 7 guns. No yacht in Sydney harbour is more elegantly kept. Whilst at breakfast the Rose, despatch boat from Noumea arrived, and more hungry travellers appeared on the scene, in the persons of Captains Rathouis and Lafont. I had a letter of introduction to the former gentleman, aide-de-camp to the Governor, and was very pleased at having a chance to present it. This happy rencontre, no doubt, saved me a deal of trouble, as perfectly ignorant of the country, I was starting off with only one idea, to see something, somewhere. It was true I had the Governor's passport in my pockets, and he had kindly told me that if in any difficulty I should telegraph to him, but the wire was down in the arrondissement of Uraii, whither I was bound; and the officials whom I met there, although perchance they might be civil and courteous to me on account of my credentials, still, whilst placing themselves "at my disposition," might take good care I did not see too much. I have an idea that even my dear friend, Colonel Wendling, rather played it on me in this fashion.

But to M. Paul Rathouis I owe a debt of gratitude for real courtesies, not only exhibited in outward words and signs in which your Frenchman excels, and young Australia does not, but in good services. Travelling in his company M. Rathouis gave me that assistance to which the Governor's letter entitled me, not only in the letter but in the spirit. With him I had not, as at Bouloupari, to procure information by a tedious process of "pumping." "Would you like to hear that, or see this, or go there?" thus M. Rathouis, who was anxious that I should obtain a fair idea of the situation in New Caledonia. And from no one could I have obtained better information. This gentleman is a most accomplished linguist, speaking half-a-dozen languages slightly better than his own. He is a man of culture, a botanist and naturalist, and a traveller who has seen and studied much of the world. Some people trot round the globe, and all they remember of the principal cities is what they had to eat and drink, and the length of their hotel bills. But M. Rathouis has added to the sailor's habit of observation the discernment of the student, and the "savoir faire" of the man of the world. He could tell me all about the "flora" and "fauna," and more about the people of many countries I have resided in, and in which he in his ship was only a casual visitor. Such a companion is invaluable. After breakfast we started in the Rose. This is a beautiful little boat, built as a yacht for Monsieur Numa Joubert, the fastest thing on the coast. The Captain Leslie is a Devonshire man, with whom I exchanged reminiscences of Dartmoor. There was a lady and her child on board, she was pluckily returning to join her husband, one of the officials at Teremba. We went near the shore all the way, passing by many islands and through innumerable reefs until late in the afternoon we arrived in the bay of Uraii formed by the estuary of La Foa river. But there are so many shoals and flats and reefs that it is quite two miles from the anchorage to the shore. Overlooking the sea on the right is a large hill where of old the Canaques buried their dead, in front on a rising knoll is the white house "Poste du Gouvernement," a few thatched houses are scattered around, some large cocoanut trees fringe the shore, and there is a background of hill and mountain. This is certainly a beautiful place.

The establishment of Teremba is so called from a little isle in the bay, it is the chief town, if such it may be termed, and head-quarters of the chief of the arrondissement of Uraii. To this gentleman, Monsieur Varnauld, lieutenant d'infanterie marine, I was introduced by Captain Rathouis and presented my credentials. The Governor's room was allotted to me, and then, before dinner, we took a walk round the settlement. The Commandant's house is a fine one; it is of one story, but raised from the ground on a high brick foundation. This forms a cellar, in which a number of frightened women wanted to take refuge on the first news of the revolt. It is reported that M. Varnauld repulsed them, saying that the cellar was for his wine. Now this was not polite, but he had reason, to the extent that his wine is very good and moving would not have improved it. Around the house of the commandant, the telegraph-office and some stores, is a high stockade, on the other side of which is a dry fosse. They are determined to be secure from the Canaque here. At the foot of the flagstaff, underneath the tricolour he loved so well, is the grave of Colonel Galli-Passebos. A plain wooden cross, on which is a wreath of immortelles, is the only tribute to the departed Commander-in-chief. But the body is preserved, and it is intended will, when the troubles are over, be removed to Noumea for public burial. I am afraid it will be some time ere this takes place. The Government buildings at Teremba are good ones, being all of brick. There is a substantial barracks, in which there are still a few fugitive colonists. At this post there are now seventy soldiers, and a number of franc tireurs, most ex-liberes, who have flocked into Teremba from La Foa district, where the revolt first broke out. These are armed only with the old Minie muzzle-loading rifle, whereas all the soldiers and sailors have the chassepot. There are eighty-five convicts now here engaged on roads and other public works. The thatched mud houses, three in number, in which they live, being whitewashed, present a cool appearance. Inside the arrangements are stable-like. The convict working here has not a very hard time of it. Eight hours a day labour for the Government, rest on Sunday, permission to cultivate patches of ground for his own benefit, fair rations, and free circulation within prescribed limits; there is a considerable difference in this mode of treatment to that in vogue in Tasmania and Norfolk Island. In a little valley here, in the centre of which a stream meanders down to the sea, there are some garden allotments, tilled by the convicts, which the followers of Joseph Arch would envy. What with the soldiers and convicts, and houses of surveillants and minor officials, and a store or two to supply the floating population, Teremba is quite a place. It possesses a calaboose which is infinitely superior to any lock-up in Sydney, having sixteen separate cells. In this there are now five natives, employed on the post as boatmen, repairers of the telegraph line, &c., and who have been locked up to prevent their joining the insurgents, or using their acquired knowledge and information against the French. Even so at Noumea, all the native policemen have been interned at Ile Nou.

Sentries are scattered all about, and as Teremba is on a slight eminence, with the sea on one side and low swampy land on the other, it is a place easily defended. Turning from the warlike preparations, from the soldier and the convict, from crime and violence, one sees at the end of the settlement the sign of peace, the cross, rising above a long, low mud building with thatched roof. We enter this; there are wooden shutters to the windows, no glass. The floor is of mud; birds build their nests in the thatch overhead. The rude altar is carved by convicts. It is capable, perhaps, of accommodating 500 worshippers, and its rough simplicity reminds me much of what a church in Great Britain might have been in the earlier centuries of the Christian Era. Captain Rathouis, who is a Breton, is, of course, a good Catholic, apologises for the primitive condition of things, and endeavours to explain why the church is not outwardly more gorgeous in New Caledonia. But I stop him, saying that this simplicity pleases and affects me more than all the pomp, panoply, and state, the gilt and glitter of clerical "properties" elsewhere. We take a walk round the quarry and see some good marble there, and then return to dinner. There is a larger party, including M. Guette, the "sous-directeur" of the telegraph department in New Caledonia. He was by the side of Colonel Galli-Passeboc when he was killed. M. Varnauld is a courteous host. After dinner we play a little roulette, just for amusement and pieces of ten sous. In the verandah outside soldiers are sleeping, and they are lulled to sleep by the rattle of the ball and the sounds "rouge pair et paisse." I have never been so well guarded in my life as here in New Caledonia. After a pleasant evening in pleasant society I retire to rest, and for the first time for eleven days sleep between sheets. The gubernatorial bed is comfortable, one of the largest I have seen in my life. The gubernatorial fleas are decidedly the very largest I have met with anywhere, and I have been considerably bitten by fine specimens in Spain, Egypt, and Mexico.

Up in the early morning by dawn. A large break drawn by two powerful horses carries Captains Rathouis and Lafont, myself, and four armed soldiers, our guard. The driver is a convict, and two horsemen gallop in front, acting as scouts. These scamper into the scrub and survey the country from hilltops and look everywhere for the Canaque, who is nowhere near us. M. Rathouis tells me there is not the slightest danger, but it is as well to be prepared. The flats in the vicinity of Teremba are cold and damp at this hour. But we travel fast, ascend a few hard hills, pass a few deserted concessions of liberes, and arrive in an hour within the limits of the Penitencier Agricole of Fonwharii, outside which it is forbidden "to circulate without permission," as a board informs us. Captain Lafont, a fine soldier-like man, very much resembling in appearance and manner the Chief Commissioner of Police in Victoria, hurries up the driver. Having been to Noumea on leave he is in haste to resume duty, and take command of an expedition which is to leave Fonwharii to-day. Shortly we see a stockade, we gallop through plantations, the sentry salutes at the open gates; there are a fine gravel walk, a beautiful garden, a pretty house; in front of this a knot of officers and some fifty men paraded. Captain Lafont jumps down, salutes, and takes his place at the head of the column, and off they march. There is a smartness about this which commends itself to me, and I am in my own mind making comparisons not entirely favourable to my late comrades at Bouloupari, when Captain Rathouis hails me to be introduced to the Commandant Riviere. As a reader of the "Revue des deux Mondes" and French romans, I have long been acquainted with the name of Henri Riviere, but I confess I am considerably astonished to find that the brilliant feuilletonist whose writings I have so often admired, is identical with the "capitaine de vaisseau," senior Naval officer on this station who has been appointed "Commandant Superieure," of this district. M. Riviere is a tall man with imposing presence; he has long black whiskers, sailor fashion, or "a l'Anglais." At the first look one would say he resembles an English country gentleman of the best form—one who would be great at Quarter Sessions, hating poachers and Radicals alike, with a lively devotion to Church and State, and an educated appreciation of a haunch of venison and old port. But at a second glance one saw a touch of Bohemianism in the long black hair, a deep-tanned olive of the skin which English suns would never give, and a massive brain counteracting the tendencies of the "bon vivant."

The Commandant Riviere had heard of me, he receives me as a brother scribe literally with open arms; he makes a joke at the expense of M. Rathouis, accusing him of offences with a grave voice which his laughing eye, the great charm of his feature, denies. Then I am introduced to Monsieur Hayes, the "directeur" of the Penetencier, the Commandant links my arm in his, and we adjourn to drink absinthe, and I begin to have an idea that I shall have a better time at Fonwharii than at Bouloupari. "To-morrow," I am told, "there will be an attack on the native village of Tia. You shall go if you wish." I do wish, and for this day resign myself to the conversation of the Commandant Riviere, listening to the words of wisdom which fall from his lips. I easily resign myself also to the comforts of the mess table, which, after Bouloupari, is quite Sardanapulian in its unaccustomed luxuries.

FIJIAN AFFAIRS.

We have papers from Levuka to the 12th instant, from which the subjoined items of intelligence are extracted:—

During the past few months Fiji has been favoured with the presence and botanical researches of Mr. J. Horne, Director of the Botanical Gardens, Mauritius, who has been spending amongst us the great portion of a year's leave of absence from that colony. Mr. Horne has visited the principal islands of the Group, and devoted a great deal of patient investigation as to the products most suited to particular parts of Fiji. On the whole, he is very favourably impressed with the capabilities of the colony to grow almost any tropical production that can be produced elsewhere, particularly such as sugar, coffee, &c.

Several of the planters of Taviuni are now turning their attention to the planting of coffee, and the opinion of all those experienced in the cultivation of this valuable berry is favourable to the successful issue of their enterprise. Fiji possesses advantages over most other tropical countries for the successful propagation of this product. The remarkably mild climate of the group, its insular formation and situation, almost at the verge of the tropics, rendering coffee culture possible at a low elevation; while in Ceylon, India, and other places, a great altitude has to be selected in order to secure the necessary low temperature. This circumstance renders the tilling of the soil and culture of the plant more easy and less expensive, and also reduces the cost of transit of the produce to market. The rich virgin soil of these islands also renders the use of manure unnecessary, and this forms a serious item in other countries.

Maafu, the well-known Windward chief, recently had his cutter the Xariffa repaired and overhauled at Savu Savu Bay, but finding the new copper was not put on to his satisfaction, he started to work and coppered her himself—a good example for his people to follow. Maafu is said to be quite an adept with tools, and very fond of showing his skill, when in the humour, which is, perhaps, not very often.

At a meeting of the Agricultural Society, on the 10th instant, it was moved by Mr. Harpur,—"That the Government be requested to open negotiations with the Madras Government in order that the Madras coolie may be introduced upon the same footing as those from Bengal, and that should planters wish to introduce labour upon their own account, Government be requested to defray one-third of the cost of introduction, provided such labour be brought under the ordinance relating to Indian labourers." This was seconded by Mr. Gowan and, after considerable discussion, carried. A resolution to the following effect was also agreed to:—"That this society, after noticing in the *Australasian*, of the 14th September, an extract of his Excellency Sir Arthur Gordon's despatch to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, as follows:—'Unless labour is thus obtained, I fear it will be very difficult long to withstand the pressure which will be brought to bear upon the Government to consent to measures intended to coerce the native population of the colony into an involuntary servitude, or at all events to wink at practices not consistent with fair dealing,' is desirous of expressing its strong disapproval of the terms of the extract as being likely to convey an erroneous impression of the character of the settlers of this colony, who, in the opinion of this society, are decidedly opposed to the exercise of any coercion with regard to labour; but who, on the contrary, are most anxious to see every undue restriction done away with which would interfere with the liberty and freedom of any Fijian to work as he may think proper and necessary as a British subject."

RUSSIAN FINANCE.—In an article on the financial condition of Russia the *Russky Mir* observes that the question which now most occupies the public mind in the Empire is that of financial reform. Nearly 1,500,000,000 roubles have been spent in the war, about 400,000,000 more were issued as paper money, and the State debt was increased by a like sum. The first step to be taken, the writer says, is to leave the money market to its own resources, instead of to support and protect it through the State bank, as hitherto. "The financial resources of the State should be used for the advantage of the natural produce of the country, and not be directed to an artificial revival of the currency; . . . we must not only cease all further issues of paper-money, but withdraw a portion of it from circulation, for its effects is to depreciate the value of the labour and natural productions of the country. The balance should be made up by internal or external loans, according to the price of the rouble." The *Exchange Gazette* also opposes the issue of paper money, but it does not approve of foreign loans, which, it says, only makes Russia tributary to other countries, and ultimately return in the shape of interest to the original lenders. "No more paper-money should be issued, and a solemn engagement should be entered into pledging the Government never and under no pretext to put a single paper rouble into circulation; while the State bank should be converted into a private institution under State control, but with its own capital and power of independent action."

DEPUTATION.

RAILWAY WORKSHOPS AT BATHURST.

A deputation, consisting of Mr. F. B. Suttor, M.L.A.; Mr. Hurley (Hartley), M.L.A.; Mr. Thompson, M.L.A.; Mr. Lynch, M.L.A.; Mr. Webb, M.L.A.; Mr. Halliday (Mayor of Bathurst), Mr. Waters (alderman of Bathurst), Mr. Kite, Mr. A. B. Rae, Mr. J. C. White, Mr. Cousins, Mr. B. James, Mr. Meagher, and Mr. J. M'Phillamy, waited upon the Minister for Works yesterday morning, to present a petition from the residents of Bathurst, praying for the establishment of permanent railway workshops there.

Mr. SUTTOR explained that the deputation had been appointed by the people of Bathurst to present to the Minister the following petition, which was adopted at a large public meeting, and afterwards signed by about a thousand persons:—

"To the Hon. the Secretary for Public Works.

"This petition of residents of Bathurst and its vicinity humbly showeth:—That the city of Bathurst, being the centre of a large and important district, is entitled to consideration in whatever steps the Government decide to adopt in regard to the erection of railway workshops on the Western line. That, as the town is separated by only a few miles from the coal-fields of Lithgow Valley, a strong reason presents itself why the Western Railway workshops should be established in this district. That, with a wide area of Government land available near the railway station, the purchase of the site that would be required for so extensive an establishment as railway workshops would be avoided, and thus any expenditure in this direction from the public funds would be rendered unnecessary. That, with Wallerawang on one side, and the Western extension of railway on the other, Bathurst will be situated midway between the junction of the Mudgee railway on the east, and the point to which the line to the Lachlan must eventually be taken on the west; and therefore, the inconvenience and wear and tear connected with the transit of large quantities of material over the mountains would be prevented, and the line between this and the seaboard would be relieved of no little amount of railway traffic. And should it be found practicable and advisable to extend the Mudgee line from Bathurst, our claims on this ground would be still further strengthened. That, with abundance of house accommodation for workmen and other employes, with a healthy climate, and economical means of living, the situation of Bathurst is particularly favourable in regard to circumstances which would form a serious subject of attention with Government in deciding upon the most suitable locality for railway workshops. That, upon these and other general grounds that might be stated, the city of Bathurst possesses advantages which can be claimed by no other district out of Sydney, and consequently your petitioners feel a large degree of confidence in submitting this matter to your most earnest consideration. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray."

Referring to the representations in the petition, he pointed out the importance of Bathurst, and urged the claims of that city upon the Government for these workshops. The Minister himself had placed on the Estimates for 1878 an amount of £10,000 for additional engine shops and machine shops at Penrith, Bathurst, and Goulburn, and the deputation concluded from that circumstance that the Minister and the Department considered Bathurst as the most desirable locality on the Western Railway for the workshops. The officials of the Railway Department had urged the necessity for extending the present workshop accommodation, and the deputation wished to urge the importance of erecting at Bathurst workshops of a size sufficient to meet all requirements for some time to come. Mr. Mason, the Engineer for Existing Lines, drew the attention of the Commissioner for Railways in 1876 to the absolute necessity for providing without delay extra accommodation for locomotive workshops, engine sheds, sidings, &c., the present arrangements being quite inadequate for carrying on properly the work of the department: and in 1877 he again urged upon the Commissioner the necessity for extending the shop and yard accommodation, pointing out also that the cost of maintaining the Western line in good repair was greater above Bathurst than between Bathurst and Sydney. For that last reason it was desirable to have the workshops no further along the line than Bathurst, so as to prevent an excess of traffic beyond that station; and as, in other respects, the claims of Bathurst for the workshops were greater than those of any other place on the line, he (Mr. Suttor) trusted that the petition of the inhabitants would be acceded to.

Mr. HALLIDAY repeated the reasons why the workshops should be established at Bathurst, and trusted that the Minister would be guided in the matter by careful consideration, and act according to what, in his judgment, he considered best.

Mr. RAE concluded that the Government had decided that Bathurst was the proper place for the workshops, and, thanking them for what they had already done for the city, urged the expediency of expending, without delay, the amount voted by Parliament for additional workshop accommodation in the vicinity of Bathurst.

Mr. WEBB considered that Bathurst was fully entitled to what the deputation asked for, and he hoped the Government would see justice done to the inhabitants. One great reason why Bathurst should be chosen as the place where the workshops should be erected was the suitability of its climate for the construction of rolling stock. The climate was peculiarly well adapted for the construction of all descriptions of carriages; and carriages built in Bathurst lasted longer, and the work stood better, than was the case with those constructed either on this side of the Blue Mountains or on the other side of Bathurst. Because, beyond Bathurst the climate was too dry, and on this side it was too moist. Therefore, it would be an advantage to the Government, not only to erect the workshops in Bathurst, but to have a certain quantity of the rolling stock of the country constructed there.

Mr. LYNCH and Mr. HURLEY supported the claims put forward by the deputation, the latter gentleman arguing that the central situation of Bathurst, and its adaptability in every way, gave it a privilege with regard to these workshops over every other town outside Parramatta.

Mr. WHITE confirmed all the statements that had been made, and said that the people of Bathurst did not want to obtain any advantage at the expense of others; they believed Bathurst to be the most suitable place for the workshops, the best in the interests of the Government, and of the public generally.

Mr. THOMPSON said that one great recommendation Bathurst possessed was the ample accommodation in the city for all the workmen that might be employed at the workshops—ample accommodation with regard to churches and schools.

Mr. SUTHERLAND, in reply, said he had no intention at present of removing the temporary workshops now at Bathurst, and as the requirements of the department made it necessary, additions would be made to the accommodation already there. The £10,000 voted for additional accommodation at Bathurst, Penrith, and Goulburn would be expended wherever the money was required; but whatever portion of the money was spent at Bathurst it would be spent with the intention, no doubt, of retaining the workshops there. Outside influence would not affect his judgment in this matter. He was generally careful in making up his mind, and when he had made up his mind he was not easily moved from his decision. He had made up his mind with regard to the three places mentioned in the estimate of £10,000, and, as he had stated, the money would be expended as it was found necessary to expend it. But the first point to consider in this matter was which was the place most convenient in the opinion of the department. The second point was the health of the district—whether the district was sufficiently healthy to enable the people employed in the workshops to be healthy, and fit to do their duty to the department and earn the money paid to them; and the third point was whether the district was the cheapest and best for supplying the additional population with food. He considered these points before he put the £10,000 on the Estimates, and whatever other sums were required by the department they would be submitted in the same way. He would not decide on removing any of the existing workshops until Parliament had an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the matter by his asking for a vote of money. Bathurst, at present, seemed to the department to be the most suitable place, but it might be that further extensions of the railways would require other places for workshops. This was a matter, however, which it was not now necessary to consider. For the present the people of Bathurst might rest satisfied he had no intention of removing the workshops now there, and he would not do it at any time without giving Parliament an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon it. He had no doubt that before the session closed Parliament would have an opportunity of considering the question as it was submitted in the reports of the engineer, and referred to by Mr. Suttor. That establishment of the main workshops was a very difficult matter to decide. He himself had no idea of establishing workshops for the construction of rolling-stock: at present he thought only of making provision for the repairs that were necessary, for we had not yet come to that state of perfection in which we could manufacture as cheaply as private individuals could.

The interview then terminated.

THE NIHILISTS.—Some curious particulars of the Nihilist organization are given in a letter from Odessa, published by the *Neues Wiener Tagblatt*. "The Nihilists," says the correspondent, "may be regarded as the front rank of the malcontents in Russia; the innumerable forces of the opposition who are behind them do not actively support them, but tolerate them as the champions of a cause which is also to some extent their own. In a meeting of the so-called constitutional party at Kieff it was expressly stated that, although the ideals which the Nihilists have in view cannot be accepted, their efforts to overthrow the existing order of things must be regarded with sympathy. This is the universal feeling of all people in Russia who think. . . . . The citadel of Russian despotism which alone had not been undermined by the waves of the revolution is the third division of the State Chancellery, or secret police, and the Nihilist determined to attack it. . . . . War was declared against the blue uniform, and the first victims have been, besides General Mesentzoff and the police agent at Rostoff, the chief of the gendarmes in Kharkoff, the chief of the secret police at Taganrog, and a colonel of gendarmes at Pultava. . . . . The organization of the party is a very powerful one. Each government has a principal committee and sub-committees which are called 'kruschki;' these sub-committees exist even in the Caucasus. The leaders of the committees are not known even to their members and the central committee at St. Petersburg, which calls itself the 'National Government,' is shrouded in impenetrable secrecy. The central committees obtain printed orders, arms, and plans of operations direct from St. Petersburg. At Odessa alone there are several thousand members of the society. The panic in Government circles is indescribable; the organization is said to have penetrated the schools, universities, and even military academies; and the police do not venture to lay hands on the Nihilists, fearing the secret sentences of the revolutionary tribunals." The correspondent adds that the organization has powerful supporters in the highest ranks of society, and that a lady who is one of the leaders of Russian fashion was arr... the other day, a number of letters having been fou... her house from the chief of the Nihilist committee a... Petersburg.

LAW REPORT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—THURSDAY, OCT. 23.

(*Before the* CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

In the matter of Thomas Harrington Line, his Honor gave his decision on a certificate application. After stating the facts as shown by the evidence, he said that he was of opinion that the insolvent deliberately tried to arrange matters so as to defeat his creditors, by fraudulently keeping back the real and true state of his dealings with his son-in-law; that he gave a fraudulent and unjust preference, knowing that he was insolvent, to one Jones; and that he did not keep reasonable accounts, but rather only those which falsified the state of things. He thought these three objections were fully established by the direct evidence and confessions of the insolvent; and his various affirmative statements, with the view to exculpate himself, exhibited such reckless swearing that no sane Judge or reasonable jury would give him credit for being the witness of truth, except when he made admissions against himself. He, therefore, refused the certificate.

On the application of Mr. Shepherd, at the instance of Richard Kipper, his Honor made absolute a rule nisi for the compulsory sequestration of the estate of Lawrence Levy; schedule and statement to be filed within ten days of the service of order.

The estate of Charles Hansell was released from sequestration.

In the matter of Henry Neville Montagu, the directions of creditors to take proceedings for the recovery of an Erard piano and money receivable from the Insurance Company were confirmed.

On the application of Mr. Lyons, accounts and plans were confirmed as follows:—Estate of Joseph Evans Gerrett, dividend 8s. 2 4-7d. in £; estate of Edward Holmes, account only.

In the matter of the Morning Star Gold Mining Company, his Honor gave further directions, to the effect that creditors were to come in and prove on Thursday, the 28th November, notices to be given in the Press, and all creditors not claiming at such meeting to be excluded from the benefit of such order. Objections by persons to be settled on the list of contributories were then proceeded with. Mr. Rogers, instructed by Mr. Jaques, appeared on behalf of F. Campbell, to oppose his being made liable for 1427 shares, on the grounds that he was not the holder of any of these shares: that none of the shares were allotted to him, nor did he ever receive notice of allotment of the said shares; that he had not agreed to take the said shares or any of them; that the company, being a registered company under the Act 24 Victoria, No. 31, and the Act 34 Victoria, No. 16, the said shares were all fully paid up; that he was only the holder of 158 preferent shares, instead of 208 as set out in the notice served on him. Mr. M. H. Stephen, instructed by Messrs. Want, Johnson, and Want, appeared for the official assignee. Some evidence was taken as to the registration of the company; and it was sought to be shown by the objecting contributory that the company was registered at the nearest District Court to Hill End, where the mine was situated. However the settlement of this matter was determined by a letter from Mr. Layard, the registrar, stating that no such company as the Morning Star had been registered there—both parties having consented to be bound by this letter before its contents were known. After hearing council his Honor reserved his decision. Objections by J. S. Willis to being made liable for 100 shares were then considered, being substantially the same as in the first case. Some evidence was taken and the matter was adjourned for a week.

SURRENDERS.

George Langshaw, of Deniliquin, mechanic. Liabilities, £103 13s. 8d. Assets, £3. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

James Grant, of Deniliquin, fruiterer. Liabilities, £501 9s. 7d. Assets, £91 18s. 7d. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

James Cronan, of Orange, coachbuilder. Liabilities, £1155 5s., of which £700 is secured. Assets, £849 3s. 10d. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

Albert Johnson, of Goulburn, labourer. Liabilities, £128 10s. 2d. Assets, £4. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

SCHEDULES FILED.

Michael Kinnane, of Appin. Liabilities, £139 14s. 4d. Assets, £77 14s. 3d.

Edward Lane, of Newcastle. Liabilities, £2535 11s. 7d., of which £647 11s. 6d. is secured. Assets, £1479 1s. 3d.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

THURSDAY.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* WILKINSON.)

MASON AND ANOTHER V. JACOBS.

This case was struck out for want of parties.

COWPER AND ANOTHER V. TALTY.

This case was struck out.

HOLMES V. LLOYD.

By consent this case was placed at the bottom of the list.

HYETT V. STANTON.

An action to recover £13 17s. for commission and money paid. A verdict was given for the plaintiff for £13. Mr. Hellyer appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Bull for the defendant.

WATERHOUSE V. GIBSON.

This was an action to recover £13 7s. 6d., dray hire, &c. The plaintiff was nonsuited. Mr. Deane appeared for the defendant.

LESTER V. WARE.

This was an action to recover £10 17s. for money lent. Mr. Brennan appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Hellyer for the defendant. Judgment was given for the defendant.

HARDY V. QUINLAN.

This was an action to recover £16 8s. for the value of furniture supplied. The defendant admitted the claim, and paid into Court the amount of the debt, relying on the defence that a tender had been made before the action. In support of this the defendant's son was called, and swore that he made the tender. This was contradicted by three witnesses, viz., the plaintiff, the plaintiff's solicitor, and the plaintiff's shopman. Judgment was given for the amount claimed. Sir George Innes, instructed by Mr. Fawl, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Manning, instructed by Mr. Heron, for the defendant.

FRESH FOOD CO. V. TANCRED.

An action to recover £21 3s. 8d., due on a dishonoured promissory note. Judgment was given for £11 2s.

The Court then adjourned.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—FRIDAY, OCT. 25.

Chamber List.—Briscoe and others v. Whitaker; Dickson and another v. Connelly; Stephen and another v. Leeder; Doyle and another v. Robertson; Baldwin v. Farquharson; Neville v. Boyd.

Prothonotary's Office.—For Taxation: Morrison and another v. M'Phail, at half-past 10 o'clock; Byron v. Ross, at 11; in re Johnson, at half-past 11; Wilson v. King, at a quarter to 12; Nelson and others v. Campbell, half-past 2.

In Equity.—Before his Honor the Primary Judge, at 11 o'clock: Attorney-General and another v. Mears, adjourned plaintiffs' and defendant's motions.

Master's Office.—At 10.30 a.m.: Underwood v. Underwood, to settle report; at 11.30 a.m.: Christian and others v. Miller, plaintiffs' evidence.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Friday, October 25, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: James Laird, third; William Herne, same; Henry Major, adjourned third; Herbert Johnson, first and only; James Jerome Higgins, same; John Weymark, adjourned second; Joseph Page, adjourned third; Alexis Greig Mackenzie, adjourned first and only; Marc Edeline, first. Before the District Commissioner: at Grafton, Gustav Jaeschke, first and only; at Bathurst, Charles Mortimer, same.

Monday, October 28, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: James Jackson, examination of witnesses; John Viles, adjourned examination; George Henry Martin, examination of insolvent and witnesses; Frederick Draper, same.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—FRIDAY, OCT. 25.

Ca. sa. Motions: Dolan and another v. Cook and another, Barnell v. Nicholson, Connair v. Farrell and another, Friedman v. Carroll, Brien v. Fuller, Clarke v. Cooper, Zeplin v. Ormiston, West v. O'Leary, Pope v. Crawford, Mendelson v. Wilson, Stephen and another v. Goodman. Causes: Marsh v. Palser, Winkle v. Donovan, O'Keeffe v. Latimer, Leader v. Webb, Boulton v. Dalziel, Davies and another v. Garling and another, Yarnton v. Vaughan.

POLICE.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

THURSDAY.

(*Before the* POLICE MAGISTRATE *with Messrs.* PENFOLD *and* CONNELL.)

Eleven persons were fined for drunkenness.

George Manning was found guilty of having, in George-street, between 12 and 1 a.m., made use of obscene language, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

Annie Madden was fined 20s. for assaulting Sarah Fairbrother, or, in default of payment, to be imprisoned seven days.

Richard Gee and Alexander Fraser, boys of about 14 years of age, found guilty of having stolen a quantity of thread, valued at 30s., the property of Edward P. Swan, were sentenced to be detained in custody until 8 p.m.

Kate Lynch, summarily convicted of having stolen a pair of boots, valued at 4s., the property of Michael Coffey, was sentenced to pay a penalty of 10s. or to be imprisoned three days.

(*Before Messrs.* ALEXANDER, STANLEY, BEAUMONT, *and* SMITH.)

On the summons paper were twelve cases, of which one was postponed and seven were not prosecuted. William Schwoebel was fined 10s. for assaulting Elizabeth Palmer, and John Underwood was fined 5s. for assaulting William Schwoebel. John Townsend was fined 40s. for using obscene language. In Schoeckli v. Bongfield, a proceeding for the recovery of boxes of tools, an order was made for their delivery to complainant at or before noon to-morrow.

WATER POLICE COURT.

THURSDAY.

(*Before the* WATER POLICE MAGISTRATE, *with Messrs.* V. BROWN, SMART, *and others*.)

Four persons were each fined 5s. for being drunk.

Ann Macdonald, servant, was fined 20s., or seven days, for being drunk and disorderly in George-street.

There were thirteen cases on the summons sheet. In the wages case of Robert Shepherd v. James Shepherd, plaintiff obtained a verdict for £7 0s. 1d., with 4s. 10d. costs. John M'Laughlin, found guilty of assaulting Harriet Innes, was ... 0d. costs. A warrant of ejectment ... against William Mossman at the ... ing. The other cases were dismissed, ... wn.

INQUEST ON THE MURDERER OF SERGEANT WALLINGS.

(*From the Central Australian.*)

An inquest was held on Monday, October 14, at the Wapweelah station, upon the body of the murderer of senior-sergeant Wallings. Mr. C. L. Nevile was the coroner.

John Walsh, a constable stationed at Dubbo, being sworn, said: On the 20th September last I saw the deceased at the back of Mrs. Mills's public-house, at Wonbobbie; sergeant Wallings, senior-constable Souter, and I went to that house upon information received; I was posted at the stable, and I saw deceased (Law) come from the back of the house and walk away, carrying a gun or rifle; I was then about 150 yards from him; I pointed him out to senior-constable Souter, and then went to the sergeant with his horse; the sergeant was in the house; he and I mounted and rode in the direction the deceased was then pursuing; we had gone about 200 yards when Wallings fired a shot, and called upon Law to surrender, but he kept running along until the sergeant and I got to within fifteen yards, when Law exclaimed, "You ——, keep back, or I'll shoot you;" we yet advanced six or seven yards closer, when Law dropped on one knee, brought the rifle to his hip, and fired at sergeant Wallings, and afterwards fired at me; my horse bolted about half a mile; three or four minutes elapsed between my seeing the deceased and his firing at me; sergeant Wallings, on my return, was lying on the ground dead; the sergeant's horse rushed the fence into the same paddock where Law was; I saw Wallings fall off his horse, and at the time I saw him fall I fired one shot with my revolver; I saw the deceased go through some motions and fire again at me; in consequence of having an unsteady horse I could not fire another shot; the rifle that Law had looked like a revolver, a Snider or Martini-Henry; on Saturday last, October 12, I saw Law in a grave, about half a mile from here; I recognized him by the cast of his features, and the whiskers in particular; I did not know him before seeing him at Wonbobbie; the whiskers were worn very bushy all around, and their colour was a mixture of sandy and brown; I believe the hat produced is similar to that worn by Law on the 20th September, but it was not so much worn as at present; I believe the coat now produced to be one Law was wearing on the 20th September; he also wore a light pair of trousers; I can positively swear that the saddle and girth, but not the stirrups or leathers, are the property of the Government of New South Wales; I have used this saddle frequently, and it bears the police mark upon it; the bridle I identify as the private property of the late sergeant Wallings, likewise this pouch; it is unusually made; I last previously saw this saddle, bridle, and pouch, in sergeant Wallings's possession on the morning of September 20th, at the back of Mrs. Mills's public-house; the rifle now produced is something similar to the one Law had.

By a juror: This saddle is the one sergeant Wallings was using when he was shot; I saw the deceased Law alive for only about two minutes.

Thomas Hatton, police constable of Bourke, deposed: Upon information received, I went to Enngonia in company with sub-inspector Duffy and constable Gray; between 10 and 11 o'clock on the night of the 2nd October I heard horses crossing the road, about 300 yards from Kerrigan's public-house; I went with constable Gray to meet the horses, and when we arrived near I saw a man on the ground with three horses; I called out, "Who is that?" the man jumped on the horse he had been riding; I again called upon him to stand; he moved, and I said, "Unless you stand I'll shoot you;" he at once inquired, "Who's that?" and galloped away through the scrub; I fired two shots at him, being about 20 yards distant; when he galloped away he left behind him the two horses; one was packed, and the other had a saddle on it; I took these horses to the hotel, and, on searching the pack, I found a Snider rifle and a revolver; both were loaded, and were in a coat on the top of the pack; there were also a bullet-mould, and a powder flask nearly full, some provisions, and a purse containing money; the rifle and revolver produced are those which I found upon the pack-horse; Gray and I saddled up the two horses and went in search and remained out for about two hours; on the following morning Mr. sub-inspector Duffy, constable Gray, and myself, with a black tracker, followed on the tracks from Enngonia all that day; we kept following them until between 10 and 11 o'clock of the morning of the 5th instant; we then saw a chestnut horse that was tied up in a mulga scrub, near to Maranoa station, on the Queensland border; it had a saddle and bridle upon it; I galloped up and then saw a man just rising from the ground, and who, it would appear, had been asleep and was awoke therefrom by our arrival; constable Gray and myself got in and stepped between the man and his horse, which, as I have said, was then tied up at a distance of about 20 yards, in a thick scrub; I had my revolver in my hand, and at once commanded him, in the Queen's name, to surrender; I said, "We are constables;" I also told him to put up his hands or I would shoot him, and I repeated this four or five times; constable Gray was also telling him to put up his hands, and, at one time, I thought he was putting them up; he was then in a sitting posture, and I said to constable Gray, "You jump down and handcuff him, and I will keep him covered:" at that Law jumped up, ran past my horse, and under constable Gray's horse's neck, to his own horse, which was tied up to a tree; he grabbed the reins on the off side; I fired at the horse three times to prevent Law from escaping; the horse kept moving along, the man having the reins in one hand whilst the other was upon the saddle; he also had one foot in the stirrup and was trying to mount from the off side; at one time he nearly got into the saddle, and I had my revolver levelled straight at him to fire, but did not do so, as he fell backwards; the horse then plunged round; at that time I was firing another shot at the horse, and I believe it was that shot which killed Law; I am not by any means certain, as I never fired one shot at the deceased; all the shots fired by me were at the horse; I fired five times altogether; when I fired the last shot the horse deceased had made a plunge and fell, and the deceased fell also and remained upon the ground; I then immediately jumped off my horse, caught Law by the hands, and called upon constable Gray to put the handcuffs on him; this I saw done; I examined Law and found a hole made by a bullet which had pierced his left side above the hip-bone, and appeared to have come out below the right hip; I then arrested Law on the charge of having murdered senior-sergeant Wallings; he exclaimed, "Oh! I'm done; it serves me right;" he also said, "I've no one to blame but myself; I have run to all this;" I then asked him his name, and he replied, "That doesn't matter; it doesn't matter what my name is, let me die;" he subsequently said to me, "My name is Harry Wilson;" I sent to Maranoa station for a cart, into which we lifted the deceased and brought him to Wapweelah station, where he died on the following morning; previous to his death he complained very much of great pain, and said, "There was a chance of my escaping; but if I was arrested there was no chance;" he said also, "If I had been arrested at first I should have got years and years for horse-stealing; oh! that I had the world for my rifle, I'd learn some of you to be merciful;" the saddle, bridle, and pouch now produced are those which I found upon the chestnut horse; the pouch is full of Snider cartridges, and they fit the rifle which was taken from the pack-horse on the 3rd instant; when we came to where we saw deceased lying down he had neither coat nor hat on; I received a description of Thomas Law, alias Gibson, which agrees in every particular, with the exception of the height; I examined the body and found certain scars and moles upon it which agree fully with those mentioned in the description.

By a juror: The chestnut horse was not in hobbles; I was not certain that deceased had no firearms until he ran towards the horse; the saddle produced is the one that was on the chestnut horse; constable Gray never got off his horse; the black tracker was present with us; I certainly thought there was a chance of taking him when I saw he had no firearms; I did not, at Enngonia, tell the man I was a policeman when I ordered him to stand or I would shoot him.

Constable George James Gray, of Louth, being sworn, said: On the 2nd of October I was at Enngonia in company with sub-inspector Duffy and constable Hatton; this was at about 11 o'clock, and we were in search of horses; I heard some horses going towards the river, and, with constable Hatton, I went and there saw a man on horseback with two horses; constable Hatton called out, "Who are you? stand;" the man did not stop; he went on, asking, "Who are you?" constable Hatton again commanded him to "stand or he would shoot him;" the man then galloped away into the bush; constable Hatton fired two shots at the man, who was then 15 or perhaps 20 yards distant; I caught the two horses the man left behind him; on one horse there was a riding saddle, but without stirrup leather or irons; on the other was a pack-saddle, and on its top was a Snider rifle, loaded; one of Adams's patent revolvers, also loaded; there was also a purse which contained money, and a valise with provisions, and a powder-flask; Hatton and I took the pack and riding saddles off and put our own saddles on, and gave pursuit for two or three hours; on the following morning, in company with constable Hatton and sub-inspector Duffy and a black tracker, I followed the tracks, and on Saturday, the 5th October, whilst drinking, the black tracker saw a horse and called my attention to it; I, in company with constable Hatton, galloped up and saw it was a chestnut horse with a saddle upon it; we also saw a man in a sitting posture; Hatton and I rode between the man and his horse and called out, "We command you to surrender in the Queen's name; we are police; put your hands up over your head;" I also commanded the man to do the same several times; I cannot say whether constable Hatton said to me, "Gray, you get down and arrest him;" he did say something; I looked around and saw the black tracker about 20 yards away; at that instant I noticed Law running by Hatton's horse and under my horse's neck; instantly I turned round in my saddle, and fired with my Snider rifle at the horse, which was tied up; constable Hatton had then already fired two shots at the horse; I do not believe I hit the horse with that shot; the man was at this time getting on the horse on the off side, and so, reloading again, and getting to the off side of the horse also, I fired, and believe that I struck the horse through the flap of the saddle; Law at this time had the reins in his right hand, the other being on the saddle; one foot was also in the stirrup; constable Hatton then seemed to me to be in the act of striking the man with his revolver; directly I fired the second time the horse plunged to the left; I then reloaded and fired again at the horse, striking him this time through the girth; the horse still went on, dragging Law with him, he then holding the reins in both hands; I never fired any shot direct at the deceased; the horse got up again, and constable Hatton, dismounting, and taking hold of the deceased, called upon me to put the handcuffs on; this I did; he was then arrested for being the murderer of senior-sergeant Wallings; Hatton and I then examined Law, and found a bullet hole above the left hip and inclining downwards; deceased asked for water, and I gave him some; we put Law upon a horse, but after going about 200 yards he said he was unable to travel on horseback; we then procured a cart and put him into it; deceased said to me, "Treat me well, you did not take me cowardly;" I asked deceased his right name and he replied, "My right name I will never tell; I have lived like a dog, and like a dog I die—what I have been all my life;" subsequently he said, "My name is George Gibson, better known as Harry Wilson; that's good enough for you;" he also said, "I blame senior-constable Murphy for all this; he took all my good horses, and when I sent a man for them he put him in the lockup and tried to do the same with me; I have been there (meaning gaol) once, but I will never go again alive;" as we were taking the deceased to Wapweelah in the cart we met sub-inspector Duffy about two miles distant from it; we took Law to Wapweelah and put him to bed in a hut, and, between 5 and 6 o'clock on the following morning (Sunday) he died; the description given by the *Police Gazette*, of one Thomas Law, an escaped convict from Parramatta gaol, agrees in every particular with the deceased; after having examined the scars and moles upon the deceased I believe that he and the escaped convict are one person; when the chestnut horse was shot I found a saddle, bridle, and a pouch, and I identify those now produced as them; when I fired the second shot I was within two yards of the deceased; I found in his coat-pocket a white pocket-handkerchief marked with the name "Jane Mills."

By a juror: Law made one attempt to put his hands up, but he brought them no higher than his eyes.

Francis Duffy, being sworn, said: I am sub-inspector of police, stationed at Bourke; from official information received of the murder of senior-sergeant Wallings, I left Bourke in company with constables Hatton and Gray, and camped at Enngonia on the 2nd instant, between 10 and 11 o'clock p.m.; on that date, the constables being out, I heard two shots fired in quick succession; I went out and then saw the constables leading two horses; they informed me that a man had escaped on horseback, he having in vain been called upon to surrender; one horse had a pack upon it, which contained rations, a Snider rifle and a revolver rolled in a coat; constable Hatton handed to me a purse which contained £43 0s. 6d.; at this time we had a blackfellow in custody, and, on the following morning, I took him, with constable Hatton and Gray, and tracked the man who had escaped on the previous night; we also then ran the tracks until 1 p.m., when the horse ridden by one of the constables knocked up, and as the constable seemed much to regret being unable to follow on, I gave my horse to him, and told him to follow up the tracks and not to lose them; that the man, in all probability, was unarmed; to follow him up, and that I would endeavour to obtain a fresh horse and follow them; I returned on foot to Enngonia, where I procured another horse and another blackfellow, and started next morning upon the tracks with some provisions for the then pursuing constables; I met them, with the deceased in charge, coming towards Wapweelah; after the deceased had been placed in a hut, I had him washed and procured clean clothing for him from Mr. M'Nall; I saw a gun or pistol wound in the deceased's left side, above the hip; I inquired if he felt any pain, and his reply was, "Yes, very great pain; that the ball had gone right through him and out on the other side;" he died about sunrise of the morning of Sunday, the 6th instant; I have no doubt that he died from the effect of the wound I saw upon him; I believe, from personal descriptions, and from information received, that the proper name of deceased is Thomas Law, but known in this district as George Gibson, alias Harry Wilson, alias Midnight; and that he is an escaped prisoner from Parramatta gaol, which he got away from in 1871.

The verdict of the jury was as follows:—"We find that George Gibson, alias Thomas Law, being the murderer of sergeant Thomas Wallings, was killed by a shot fired by either constable Hatton or constable Gray in endeavouring to shoot a horse upon which the said George Gibson, alias Harry Wilson, alias Thomas Law, was attempting to escape."

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE WHARF QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I was unavoidably absent from the quarterly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, and I am indebted to your paper of this morning for a record of the speeches made by Messrs. Joseph and Watson, on the subject of wharfage, and the interview the deputation of the Chamber had with the Treasurer on that subject, and I crave the favour of saying a few words, not on personal grounds, but for the purpose of setting the question fairly before the public, if such were needed, after the exhaustive article which appeared in your issue of Saturday, which article, like my presence at the deputation to the Treasury, seems to be equally distasteful to some of the leading mercantile lights of the city.

I do not care to discuss "good taste" with Mr. Joseph, or to reply to his assertion that I obtruded myself upon the deputation further than to ask: Was it good taste or personal interest which induced one section of the committee of the Chamber of Commerce to obtrude itself upon the rights of their fellows, and to submit a garbled, exceedingly illogical, and, what the President of the Chamber has more than once called it, an untrue statement of facts in their report as presented to the Treasurer?

Mr. Joseph will not deny the fact that I am a member of the committee of the Chamber, and, as such, entitled without being open to the charge of being obtrusive to attend any deputation with a section of that committee.

I did accompany the deputation, but not as alleged to urge the grievances of private wharf-owners, purposely avoiding any expression of grievance, but on broad grounds to lay before the Treasurer the real points of the case, on which, having had considerable experience, I was in position to speak.

I attended also to vindicate the character of the Chamber of Commerce, which was imperilled by the action of Messrs. Joseph, Watson, and others, who were dragging their private sufferings before the Government under the cover of the Chamber of Commerce.

Well, did Mr. Joseph observe yesterday, as reported that the Chamber of Commerce was degraded, and there was much force in Mr. Watson's echo, that the Chamber was made to look small in the eyes of the Treasurer! But why? Because a section of that venerable institution had forgotten, both in their report and in their attendance at the Treasury, the free trade instincts and policy of the Chamber.

The Chamber has always advocated free trade, but a section of its members unfortunately forgot this, and, as I pointed out to the Treasurer, exhibited the weakness of poor human nature the moment their breeches pocket were in danger of being touched.

The present wharfage rates have been in force for nearly forty years. Some members of the deputation were once wharf lessees. The Chamber of Commerce has existed for nearly thirty years, yet there has never been a report or deputation to the Government to alter the rates; all was free trade until within the past few months, when the absurd system of rebates, perquisites, and concessions, hitherto enjoyed by Messrs. Joseph, Watson, and Co., at the expense of private wharf proprietors, and, as the result of keen competition threatened to cease, then our merchant princes were dissatisfied; the rates were unequal, and the Legislature must be invoked to take from the wharf proprietors, by reduction of wharfage rates, that which could no longer be obtained in the shape of rebate, perquisite, and concessions.

When before the Treasurer I endeavoured to point out that the invested capital of private wharf owners was the same to them as the tea of Mr. Joseph, the soft goods of Mr. Dickinson, or the pickles of Mr. Watson, and that it would be quite as wrong in principle, and quite as illogical for the consumer of the aforesaid articles, to wait until the competition of the vendors of those articles had reached a point below which it was unprofitable to sell, and then to call upon the Treasurer and ask the interference of Parliament to fix a standard beyond which the merchant should not charge for his goods.

Captain Smith fairly stated, both in his address to the Chamber last year, and to the Treasurer at the deputation, that he did not object to an equalisation of the rates; I went further, stating I should not object to their being abolished, but in either event the owners of private properties should not be trammelled by Legislative enactment as to the price they should sell the use of their premises to the importers of goods, any more than that a standard price should be fixed for the goods themselves.

Further, that all the private wharf owners asked was the free exercise of the rights of property, the same as permitted to the rest of the community, and we did protest against the action of the Chamber of Commerce in endeavoring to relax its free trade principles for their individual profit.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

October 24. GEORGE R. DIBBS.

ITALY AND AFRICA.—Under the title of "The African question," the *Italie* publishes an article advocating a plan for extending Italian influence in Central Africa. "It is of great importance to Italy," says the writer, "that she should obtain a channel of speedy, secure and direct communication between her eastern shores and the interior of Africa, without touching Egyptian territory or being in any way interfered with by the agents of the Khedive. With this view the Italian Government acquired many years ago the Bay of Assab, where it proposed to establish a penal settlement; but it has not yet officially taken possession, and the Egyptian Government has endeavoured to dissuade it from doing so by representing that the bay belongs to Turkey. A long diplomatic conflict took place on the subject, but without result. Some years previously France had acquired the Bay of Obok, opposite Aden, and she took possession of it in 1862, but she did not make any use of it. Both countries, however, are equally interested in these acquisitions, which would enable them to undertake the peaceful conquest of Central Africa. It is even possible that France will take the initiative, and will shortly unfurl her flag at Obok. In that case the station established by Marquis Antinori at Shoa might be made useful as the first Italian post in Africa. Shoa is only 120 leagues from Obok, and from the Bay of Obok Ethiopia may be reached in fifteen days; while now two months would be required to reach Shoa, and the journey would have to be performed amidst endless dangers caused by the grasping agents of the Khedive. The prince and the population of Shoa are Christians, and they have long wished to shake off the Egyptian yoke and enter into direct communication with Europe. Are these Christians less worthy than those of Bulgaria, for whose sake more than 200,000 men were sacrificed only a few months ago? The events which have just taken place at Berlin and Constantinople have taught us how to answer the Khedive if he were again to venture to prevent Italy from taking possession of Assab;" with more to a like effect.

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Government Notices.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

OVERLAND TO MELBOURNE.

MELBOURNE RACES,
2nd, 5th, 7th, and 9th November, 1878.

Return tickets, £8 each, available for return for one month.

For the convenience of those persons who are desirous of attending the Melbourne Races, arrangements have been made with the Victorian Railway Department, and with Cobb and Co., mail coach proprietors, for the through journey from Sydney to Melbourne overland.
From Sydney to Wagga Wagga, by rail.
From Wagga Wagga to Albury, by coach.
From Albury to Melbourne, by rail.
The tickets will be issued between the 21st October and 3rd November, and can be obtained at Messrs. Cobb and Co.'s office, Sydney.
To prevent overcrowding of the mail coaches, tickets will be issued by Cobb and Co. only, who will be able to regulate the days on which passengers can be accommodated.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.
Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 16th October, 1878.

Department of Public Works,
Railway Branch,
Sydney, 14th October, 1878.
TENDERS will be received at this office, until 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 5th November, from persons willing to contract for the supply of ENGINE COALS, for the year 1879, for the Great Northern Railway.
Specification and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the office of the Locomotive Engineer, Redfern Station, and Locomotive Foreman, Newcastle.
Estimated quantity required, 12,000 tons.
This quantity is approximate only, and the Commissioner will not be bound to adhere to it.
Tenders are to be endorsed, "Tenders for Engine Coal, G. N. Railway."
The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works,
Railway Branch,
Sydney, 14th October, 1878.
TENDERS will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 5th of November, from persons willing to contract for the supply of Engine Coals for the year 1879, for the Southern, Western, and Richmond Railways.
Specification and form of tender may be seen and further particulars obtained at the office of the Locomotive Engineer, Redfern Station.
The estimated quantity of coal required will be about 40,000 tons, but the Commissioner reserves to himself the right to accept one or more tenders for this service.
This quantity is approximate only, and the Commissioner will not be bound to adhere to it.
Tenders are to be endorsed, "Tenders for Engine Coal, G. S. W. and R. Railways."
The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Mines,
Sydney, 15th October, 1878.
NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that unless the Lessees execute and take delivery of the undermentioned Gold-mining Leases of Church and School Lands within thirty days from this date, they will be declared void.
W. H. SUTTOR.

CHURCH AND SCHOOL LANDS.
No. 25. Michael Murphy and others; locality, eastern side of Caloola Creek, county of Bathurst, parish of Ponsonby; area, 2 a.; application No., Rockley 3.
No. 26. Ditto; Diamond Hill, Caloola Creek, county of Bathurst, parish of Ponsonby; 2 a.; ditto, Rockley 4.

Public Companies.

UNION FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF N.Z.

Capital, £2,000,000. Paid-up, £100,000.

Fire and Marine risks accepted at lowest current rates.
Wool insured from time of shearing until reaching London.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, fully subscribed, £1,500,000. Paid-up, £150,000.
Reserve Fund, £115,000. Income for 1877, £256,411.
Insurances accepted at LOWEST rates.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA (Limited.)

Established 1869.

New South Wales Branch: 71, Pitt-street, Sydney.

Directors:
Edward Chisholm, Esq. (Brown and Co), Chairman.
D. G. B. Alsop, Esq. (Harbottle, Biddulph, and Alsop.)
Albert A. Smith, Esq., Hunter-street.

Principal Medical Officer:
Alfred Roberts, Esq., M.R.C.S.

Resident Secretary:
Henry F. Francis.

The Directors are now prepared to accept proposals for Life Assurance and to issue policies. Prospectuses and all information will be furnished at the Branch Office.

CORNWALL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL ... ... £100,000.
RESERVED FUND £80,000,
with unlimited liability of Shareholders.
MARINE and FIRE RISKS accepted at the Lowest Current Rates.
GEO. A. LLOYD and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.
362, George-street, Sydney.

INSURANCE AT EIGHTEEN PENCE PER CENT. effected by the NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY (Established 81 years), and distinguished by its liberality and promptness in settlement of claims.
FIRST-CLASS buildings in Sydney and suburbs, not used for the purposes of trade, accepted at the ABOVE RATES, and all other risks at low rates of premium.
W. C. GODDARD and CO.,
Exchange. Agents.
N.B.—The whole of the AUSTRALIAN REVENUE is invested in the COLONIES.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

J. PEMELL'S Office and Store, opposite Railway GATE, Flour Mill, Sussex-street, near the Haymarket.—Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds FLOUR; Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Bran, Pollard, Prepared Cattle Food, Whole and Cracked Corn, Barley, Oats, Peas, Straw, Oaten and Lucerne Hay and Chaff, Potatoes. Guaranteed best qualities; lowest prices.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield, and SYDNEY MILLS; also, various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, corn meal, corn flour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, the Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

LIME JUICE, in bulk and bottle. Monk's Vinegar Works, 251, Sussex-street.

MARMALADE JAMS, Tart Fruits. J. FREESTON, Camperdown and Markets, York-street.

PRIME PICKLED HERRINGS, only 14s 6d per half-barrel, at M. ISAACS' Corporation Stores, Haymarket.

DR. WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER is used by thousands of families throughout the colony.
Dr. WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER is acknowledged by every one who has used it to be the best—so much better than other kinds, that wherever it has been introduced and become known no other Baking Powder is salable.
Dr. WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER has received hundreds of most excellent and undeniable testimonials from well-known storekeepers and residents in various parts of the colony.
1878. AWARDED FIRST PRIZE 1878.
INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION.
Dr. WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER is the original preparation manufactured at Goulburn, New South Wales; and it is entirely through the excellence of this article that GOULBURN BAKING POWDER has obtained an acknowledged reputation.
Dr. WAUGH'S BAKING POWDER is made up in packets—not tins—and each packet bears the MEDICAL HALL TRADE MARK. It may be obtained from every respectable Storekeeper and Grocer throughout the colony, and wholesale from the manufacturer, WILLIAM DAVIES, Goulburn.

JOSEPH WEARNE.
ANCHOR FLOUR MILL,
BATHURST-STREET, SYDNEY.
Silk-dressed superfine, fine, and household FLOUR; Wheat, Meal, Kiln-dried Corn Meal, and all other meal produces. The best and cheapest in Sydney.

BREADSTUFFS.
Double superfine silk-dressed FLOUR, in 50lb. bags, REDUCED to £11 10s per ton, delivered free of charge to any of the wharfs or rail. N.B.—Country orders punctually executed.
C. KIDMAN, National Steam Flour Mills, Goulburn-st., Sydney.

BREADSTUFFS.
HART'S, MAGAREY'S, DUNN'S Adelaide extra superfine town-made Flour
COUNTRY BRANDS Adelaide superfine Flour
VICTORIAN FLOUR.
Also,
MILL SILK, MILL STONES, and other mill requisites.
BEILBY and CO.

ADELAIDE JAMS.
190 cases now landing, ex Mayberry, MURRAY'S CRAIGLEE steam-made Jams and Jellies.
Also,
STONELESS JAMS, in half-cases, for family trade.
Also,
TASMANIAN JAMS—Peak's celebrated family make.
BEILBY and CO.

ON SALE at WADE and SMITH'S, MAIZE, BRAN, best feed; Oak Shingles. 112, Sussex-street.

WADE'S CORN FLOUR, the cheapest and best in the market. Wholesale Stores, King-street, West Sydney.

A GOOD COOK will have good material, ask for WADE'S CORN FLOUR, for pastry. None equal.

WADE'S CORN FLOUR, the genuine article prepared from the best colonial grown corn. Coorwal Mills, Dungog.

IN LOTS to suit Purchasers, large or small—SAGO, Tapioca, all sorts; White and Black Pepper, in bond, or duty paid; Nutmegs, Loaf Sugar, in 30 and 70 lbs. packages; Malacca Canes, Rattan Sun Blinds, Rum. Fisher and Co., 11, King-st. W.

NEW SEASON'S TEA, ex William Manson, only 12s per quarter-chest, at M. Isaacs' Corporation Stores, Hay-st.

Tenders.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS.—TENDERS for Doctor and Chemist for the new branch at Waterloo will be received till 25th instant. Address care of Lee's Furniture Store, 52, Botany Road, Redfern.

TENDERS invited to SATURDAY, 2nd November, for additional Stories to Shops in George-street for Messrs. J. and J. J. Waddell.
1st. Brickwork, &c.
2nd. Carpentering and finishing trades.
3rd. Whole in one sum.
Plans, &c., at the Office of the Architect, FERDINAND REUSS, Jun., 183, Pitt-street (opposite City Bank).
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

TO FENCERS.
TENDERS are invited for the erection of about 95 rods of Two-Rail Fencing, on the Underwood Estate, Ashfield. Full particulars of the undersigned,
MERRETT, FISHER, and CO.,
422, George-street,
Sydney.

TO PLUMBERS.—TENDERS are hereby required for Work, at the Great Northern Hotel, Newcastle.
Particulars to be obtained at my office, Sydney; or of Mr. BLAIR, Clerk of Works, on the ground, Newcastle. Tenders to be delivered to me on or before the 30th instant.
BENJAMIN BACKHOUSE, Architect,
Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the erection of an ANGLICAN CHURCH, at SEVEN HILLS. Plans and specification may be seen on application to Mr. PHILIP PEARCE, Seven Hills, or to the Architect, to whom tenders are to be delivered on the 26th instant.
A. L. ELPHINSTONE, Jun.,
Architect,
Park and Pitt streets.

TENDERS will be received up to the 30th instant, for the Sinking of cast-iron Cylinders, and filling same with concrete, as per plan and specification to be seen at our works, Waterview Bay.
MORT'S DOCK and ENGINEERING COMPANY (Limited).

TENDERS for Clearing the Road from Breakfast Point to Major's Bay will be received by the undersigned on the 31st instant. All information may be obtained from Mr. NASH, of Concord.
FREDERIC KING,
The Grove, Burwood.

TENDERS for Clearing part of the Concord Park will be received on the 28th instant, addressed to
FREDERIC KING,
The Grove, Burwood.

TENDERS for the erection and completion of four cottages (brick), will be received till the 4th November next. For plans and specifications, apply to N. WALLIS, Architect, 77, Bourke-street.

TENDERS required immediately for a FIRST-CLASS DWELLING-HOUSE in Sydney. Plans and specifications at my Office, 11, Regent-street.
EDWARD HUGHES, Architect.

TENDERS required by 7th November for two Weatherboard Cottages at Parramatta Junction. Plans and specifications at my Office, 11, Regent-street.
EDWARD HUGHES, Architect.

TENDERS will close at noon, THIS DAY, for SIX HOUSES, Phillips-street, Enmore.
W. HOLLAND,
8, Corben-street.

TO PAINTERS.—TENDERS required for Painting Four Houses, corner of Underwood and Sarah streets, Paddington. Up to MONDAY, 28th. Specification at Emu Inn, George and Bathurst streets. M. A. CLARKE.

TENDERS invited for Smith's Work to Sydney Tram and Omnibus Company, at the Glebe.
Apply JOHN YOUNG, Contractor, Bent-street, Glebe.

TENDERS invited for Plastering Work to Shop, Park-street.
Apply JOHN YOUNG, Contractor, Bent-street, Sydney.

TENDERS wanted for Painting and Glazing a large job in country. Messrs. GODDARD and STOKES, Builders, Harris-street, Ultimo.

TO PAINTERS.—TENDERS wanted for a small job. T. FORBES, 494, George-street.

TENDERS wanted for Cedar Stairs; Carpenters to do other work. PIERCE, News Agent, William-street.

TENDERS wanted for Plastering two Houses. Apply Mr. MEAD, Mr. Hile's buildings, Mitchell Road, Alexandria.

TENDERS wanted for Painting. Apply Hereford-street, Ross-street, Forest Lodge. WILLIAM HARDY.

TENDERS for Brickwork; labour or materials. J. Sanbrook and Sons, contractors, Ross-st., Kingston, Newtown.

TENDERS wanted for Plastering 6-roomed House. Paddington-street, Paddington.

TENDERS required for Shop and Dwellings. M. WALSH, Randwick Dairy.

MITTAGONG. MITTAGONG.

FIGTREE POINT, BALMAIN.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

TO BUILDERS.—The GREAT UNRESERVED Clearance SALE of the WHALEYBOROUGH ESTATE, Elswick, PETERSHAM, takes place at the Rooms of RICHARDSON and WRENCH, on MONDAY, 4th November, at 11 o'clock.
Terms very liberal. Title, Torrens'. Free transfers. Inspection invited.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK.
125, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH,
next St. James's School.
First established in Sydney.
MONEY advanced in sums from £5 to £1000 on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments.
BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession.
Advances made upon mortgage, deposit of deeds, merchandise, bonded certificates, trade bills, &c.
Forms may be had gratis.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY—
COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES,
220, Market and Castlereagh streets.
The operations of this Company embrace the following branches:—
1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchange discounted daily.
2. Foreign bills of exchange and bank notes purchased.
3. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
4. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies; bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise; also on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
5. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates purchased, or advances made thereon as required.
6. Foreign coin and bullion bought or exchanged.
All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.
D. BARNETT, General Manager.

STANDARD LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY,
160, PHILLIP-STREET
(four doors from King-street).
MONEY advanced in small and large SUMS. Repayments taken from 6d in the £, WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY.
Money also advanced upon deposit of deeds (without mortgage), merchandise, and PERSONAL sureties.
REVERSIONARY and life interest in estates, annuities, purchased or advanced upon.
Letters addressed to Manager will receive prompt attention.

UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY.
OFFICES: 794, GEORGE-STREET (first floor),
eight doors from Christ Church.
Hours—9 to 5, and 7 to 9 every evening.
MONEY ADVANCED upon PERSONAL and other security.
Repayable by instalments as follows:—

£10 by weekly instalments of	...	... £0	6	0
15	"	" 0	7	6
20	"	" 0	10	6
25	"	" 0	12	7
30	"	" 1	0	0
50	"	" 1	5	0

And in due proportion up to £100.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
To Borrowers not able to transact business during the day, these offices will be open from 7 to 9 p.m.
794, GEORGE-STREET, first floor,
(8 doors from Christ Church).

SEVEN THOUSAND POUNDS to LEND on Mortgage of City Property. MOSES MOSS, Wynyard-lane.

THE UNITED BANKING COMPANY
corner of
KING and YORK STREETS.
MONEY advanced on moderate rate of interest, in sums of £5 and upwards, repayable by easy instalments on
PERSONAL SECURITY
BILL OF SALE on FURNITURE, WITHOUT POSSESSION
DEEDS OF FREEHOLD OR LEASEHOLD PROPERTY
BONDED CERTIFICATES, MERCHANDISE
STOCKS, SHARES, REVERSIONARY INTEREST, &c., &c.
BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY.
NO INQUIRY OR VALUATION FEES.

ADVANCES made on all classes of securities, in small or large sums, repayable at any time, or by instalments.
Mortgages effected at current interest.
ALEX. COOPER, Auctioneer, 106, Elizabeth-street.

TO TRADESMEN, MECHANICS, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHERS.
£10 to £50 (or any larger sum) advanced by the undersigned, to those requiring the same, upon any REASONABLE security, at the shortest notice, and repayments taken in any way to suit the borrower.
N.B.—SPECIAL ADVANTAGE to those borrowing from the undersigned that 'BUS HIRE can be SAVED in the repayment of instalments, which can be explained upon application.
Apply, with real name and address, to Assistance, Box No. 181, General Post Office.

INDUSTRIAL and PROVIDENT PERMANENT BENEFIT BUILDING and INVESTMENT SOCIETY.—DEPOSITS received to any extent; 7 per cent. allowed for six months, other rates on application. Head Office, 205, York-street, near Druitt-street, Sydney.
WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED POUNDS wanted, on first-class property. Address Security, HERALD Office.

TO LEND, £8000, on city and suburban properties, from £200 upwards. FORBES and CO., 410, George-street.

MONEY.—Wanted, £400, for five years, on freehold property. By letter, H. C. D., 111, King-street.

CASH advanced on GOODS left for SALE. PRINGLE and HYNARD, Auctioneers, 164, Pitt-street.

Coal, Firewood, &c.

CLEMENT, BARTLETT, and CO., Woolloomooloo Bay.—Best Coal and Wood only.

NEWCASTLE COAL, and all other fuel, best quality and value. P. J. ELLIOTT and CO., Woolloomooloo Bay.

LATEST EUROPEAN TELEGRAMS
Latest Intercolonial Telegrams
Provincial Telegrams.
See THE ECHO. Afternoon Newspaper.

THE SHIPPING.—Arrivals, Departures, Mails Outward
Commercial, &c., &c.,
THE ECHO,
AN EVENING JOURNAL,
Price One Penny.

Furniture, &c.

WAR. WAR. WAR
A DISCOUNT of 7½ PER CENT.
will be allowed (until further notice),
ON ALL GOODS PURCHASED
at
HARDY, BROTHERS,
Hyde Park Furnishing Exhibition,
Oxford-street.

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES,
and
CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN TOWN, viz.,

HANDSOME DRAWING ROOM SUITE, consisting of couch, 6 chairs, and 2 easy chairs,
£12 10s, less 7½ per cent discount.

HANDSOME DRAWING ROOM SUITES, consisting of high-low couch, 6 chairs, and 2 easy chairs, manufactured on the premises, and guaranteed equal to any £35 suite in the colony,
£22 10s, less 7½ per cent. discount.

MOROCCO DINING-ROOM SUITE, couch, 6 chairs, 2 easy chairs,
£21, less 7½ per cent. discount.

HAIR-CLOTH DINING-ROOM SUITE, couch, 6 chairs, 2 easy chairs,
£12 10s, less 7½ per cent. discount.

SIDEBOARDS, 3 drawers and cellaret,
£6, less 7½ per cent. discount.

WARDROBES, in pine, cedar, walnut, birch, maple, and mahogany, from
£4 10s, less 7½ per cent. discount.

DINING-ROOM CHIFFONIERS, carved backs,
£2 15s, less 7½ per cent. discount.

PINE SAFES, perforated sides and doors,
12s 6d, less 7½ per cent. discount.

VERY THICK 4-POST TUBULAR BEDSTEADS, handsomely ornamented, with head and foot rails,
£3 15s, less 7½ per cent. discount.

DOUBLE PALLIASSES, 12s; MATTRESSES 14s, less 7½ per cent. discount.

INLAID WALNUT OCCASIONAL TABLES,
10s 6d, less 7½ per cent. discount.

HANDSOME BRONZE FENDERS,
12s 6d, less 7½ per cent. discount.

CHINA TEA SERVICES, complete,
37s 6d, less 7½ per cent. discount.

HAIRCLOTH CHAIRS,
12s 6d, less 7½ per cent. discount.

STRONG CHAIRS, quite new,
2s 6d, less 7½ per cent. discount.

And a general assortment of
HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS,
at equally low prices, less a DISCOUNT of 7½ per cent., at
HARDY, BROTHERS,
Hyde Park Furnishing Exhibition,
Oxford-street.

N.B.—A full-compass Trichord PIANO, in handsome walnut case, by BORD,
£23 10s NET CASH.
No charge for packing. Country orders promptly executed.
All goods delivered in town and suburbs free of charge.

EARLY ENGLISH AND MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The undersigned invite SPECIAL INSPECTION of the undermentioned furniture as being PERFECT examples of the BEST English workmanship.

JUST OPENED OUT per DUCHESS of ARGYLE.

SOLID WALNUT EARLY ENGLISH SIDEBOARD, MASSIVE polished plate-glass back, beautified with hand-painted portraits in medallions.
VERY LARGE and MASSIVE SOLID ENGLISH OAK SIDEBOARD with tall polished plateglass back, MOST ELABORATELY CARVED
VERY HANDSOME and MASSIVE SOLID WALNUT BARONIAL DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, covered drab morocco' brass studs
MASSIVE SOLID ENGLISH OAK DINING-ROOM SUITE covered green morocco, frames very chastely carved
MAGNIFICENT SOLID ENGLISH OAK LIBRARY SUITE beautifully carved, covered buff morocco
PAIR VERY BEAUTIFUL BUHL CHIFFONIERS, incised with gold, polished Venetian plate-glass back, bevelled edge, panels and back, enriched with exquisitely finished paintings, rich floral design, landscape, and pair full-size figures representing summer and winter.
SUPERB SOLID WALNUT BOOKCASE, plate-glass doors, inlaid with ebony, ambryna and tulip fancy design
LADY'S CHASTE BUHL WRITING TABLE, fitted with drawers, incised with gold, Venetian polished plate-glass back, bevelled edge, bannister rail top, enriched with two cleverly painted full-size figures on satin wood.
VERY ELEGANT PIER GLASSES, in BEAUTIFUL Buhl frames, richly ornamented with gold.
MAGNIFICENT BUHL INLAID and RICHLY GILT DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, covered imitation Gobelin tapestry.
EARLY ENGLISH WALNUT WASHSTANDS, tile backs.
MAGNIFICENT EARLY ENGLISH WARDROBE, Venetian plate-glass doors.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Auctioneers, Spring and O'Connell streets.
☞ Carriage entrance to principal show-rooms from O'Connell-street.

THE IMPROVED "HOME SHUTTLE" SEWING-MACHINE.

TO PREVENT FRAUD AND DECEPTION, the makers stamp the following words on the steel slide of every machine they ship to their sole agents in Australia:—
All genuine Machines
stamped
M. MOSS and CO.,
Sole Agents,
Sydney, N. S. W.

Look for these words before making your purchase, or a WORTHLESS IMITATION may be FORCED upon you.

REDUCED PRICE LIST.
No. 1.—For Hand Use, complete, £4.
No. 2.—For Treadle Use, with table complete, £6.
No. 3.—Ditto, with cover and lock and key, complete, £7.
We have appointed Mr. C. E. FULLER, Stationers' Hall, 387, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, sole Retail Agent, where the machines are procurable on a liberal time-payment system. Open 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Sole Wholesale Agents,
M. MOSS and CO.,
Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

IT IS no new and untried article placed before the public for them to prove its superiority, but has for many years continued to be in the greatest demand, in consequence of its superior merits. The improved genuine HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE, for hand and treadle use, is acknowledged to be the very best adapted for family work of any in the wide world. Of all lockstich machines it is the easiest to operate, the quietest, and the prettiest. It is a perfect household charm. Warranted to prove good. Sold on time payments of 10s deposit, and 2s 6d weekly. Customers liberally treated. Cash prices, £4, £6, £7, £9, &c. C. E. FULLER, Sole Retail Agent, 387, George-street, Sydney, nearly opposite the Royal Hotel.

NOW READY FOR INSPECTION, SUITABLE FURNITURE for the season, an IMMENSE STOCK, at the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE.
CANE SUITES, 8 pieces, only £5 18s 6d
CANE SUITES, 9 pieces, only £7 15s
CANE SUITES, 9 pieces, only £10 10s
GLASS FLY TRAPS, 1s 6d and 2s each
OPAL PARLOUR INKSTANDS, 4s 6d each
MOSQUITO NET, 90 inches wide, by the piece 1s per yard.
Mrs. POTTS'S PATENT IRONS contain heat-retaining clay, and have non heat-conducting handles. These and other improvements render them desirable in every furnished house.
JAPANESE VERANDAH BLINDS, in immense variety, from 2s 6d each up to 22s 6d. These cover a space of 120 superficial feet
The WELCOME CARPET SWEEPERS economise labour, and make no dust. Every lady should have one.
5s EACH, Patent AMERICAN BREADCUTTERS
BEDSTEADS IN 78 SAMPLES, JUST LANDED
The DISPLAY of DRAWING and DINING ROOM FURNITURE is WELL WORTH INSPECTION, and please remember that visitors are not importuned to purchase.
The NEW CARRIAGE or PERAMBULATOR CHILD'S CHAIR, a fresh shipment just arrived, and now on SALE at the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, upon the usual favourable
TERMS TO PURCHASERS,
viz., PLAIN FIGURE PRICES,
NO ABATEMENT,
NET CASH PAYMENTS.
The immense vastly increased stock of desirable, elegant, and useful HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, elicits exclamations of surprise from the DAILY INCREASING PATRONS of this MAGNIFICENTLY-STOCKED ESTABLISHMENT.
Novelties in every department
OF HOUSE FURNISHING
are constantly arriving from celebrated EUROPEAN HOUSES. It is this fact which has no doubt in the main degree given such a reputation throughout the length and breadth of NEW SOUTH Wales to the Royal Furnishing Arcade.
HANDSOME FLOWER POTS on ebony or gilt stands, 15s, 21s, 25s, 30s.
HALL, HAT, and UMBRELLA STANDS, £2, £2 2s, £2 10s, £2 15s, £3 3s, £3 15s, £6 10s, £7 10s.
HALL CHAIRS, 17s 6d, 18s 6d, 21s, 25s, 30s.
HALL TABLES, 25s, 35s, 40s.
KITCHEN UTENSILS
SQUARE and OVAL DINING-ROOM TABLES, 13s 6d, 15s, 20s, 30s, 40s, 50s, £3 15s.
CHAIRS in wood or cane seats, 2s 9d, 3s, 3s 6d, 3s 9d, 4s 6d, 5s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 13s 6d, 17s 6d.
TRAVELLING TRUNKS, all sizes, CAMPHORWOOD, AMERICAN or IRON.
CENTENNIAL BREAD CUTTERS, 5s each
PINE SAFES, PINE DRESSERS, PINE PRESSES, CEDAR CHIFFONIER SAFES.
LARGE ENGRAVINGS reduced to 15s.
THE ABOVE, and TEN THOUSAND OTHER BARGAINS,
THE HOUSE FURNISHING GUIDES are ready for free distribution, showing how to furnish a house for £15 and up to £500, with each article described, priced, and some of them illustrated.
W. B. CAMPBELL.
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
Next to the Royal Hotel, George-street, Sydney.

THE PRINCIPAL FURNITURE AND CARPET WAREHOUSE.

Messrs. Farmer and Company have much pleasure in announcing that they have just opened, ex Centurion, a select parcel of
WATER COLOURS
OIL PAINTINGS
COLOURED PHOTOGRAPHS
and
CHOICE CHROMOS,
which is now arranged for inspection in their FURNISHING DEPARTMENT. The Water Colours and Oil Paintings are mostly new subjects by rising artists, and are well worthy the attention of purchasers. The entire parcel has been marked at prices fully 25 per cent. under those for which similar goods have been hitherto sold at in the colony.
FARMER AND COMPANY,
Importers, Victoria House,
Pitt and George streets.

BILLIARD TABLES.—First-class full-size Exhibition Billiard Tables, solid mahogany, carved legs, brackets under framing, 2-inch slates, 3 full-size billiard balls, 16 pyramid, 9 pool balls, 12 cues, long and three-quarter butts, long and short rests, cutt and cue racks, 2 marking-boards, rules in frame, straight edge, half round, iron, brush, cover, spider, pyramid frame, and pool basket; ready packed for the country; 100 guineas.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Sydney.

CHOICE SELECTION
of
HIGH-CLASS LONDON-MADE FURNITURE,
ex Bedfordshire,
Thos. Stephens,
British Admiral.
FOR PRIVATE SALE,
at the
FURNITURE SHOW-ROOMS of the UNDERSIGNED,
comprising
a most complete assortment of
DINING-ROOM,
HALL,
DRAWING-ROOM
LIBRARY
and
BEDROOM REQUISITES
of the BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE, and of the latest designs.

☞ NOW OPEN TO INSPECTION.

Wholesale buyers liberally dealt with.

Experienced packers are retained for the safe dispatch of goods for the country or for shipment.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Auctioneers and General Commission Agents,
Spring and O'Connell streets.

UNIVERSAL MANGLE and WRINGER, at from £4 10s. Recent improvements have made these the best and cheapest. Patent Lever Mangles, only 70s, a new shipment; Putman Clothes-wringers, the cheapest and most durable, from 25s.
S. HEBBLEWHITE,
432, George-street.

FOR SALE, the FURNITURE, really good and almost new, of a nice cottage, at the Forest Lodge, Glebe; or the COTTAGE will be LET, furnished, to a good tenant, for a few months. Particulars,
Mr. NEALLY, Grocer,
Catherine-street.

FURNITURE, for SALE, small lot, to private party, no dealers. A. L., HERALD Office.

FOR SALE, a Howe SEWING-MACHINE, nearly new. Apply Mr. Cooper, 326, Elizabeth-street.

AMERICAN PAINTED TUBS, in nests of eight, 15s. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

TO FURNITURE BROKERS, &c.—SALES of FURNITURE will take place at our Rooms, 164, Pitt-street, every MONDAY. PRINGLE and HYNARD, 164, Pitt-street. Cash advanced on goods left for sale.

IRON BEDSTEADS, Cots, Bedding, American Chairs, cheap. SOLOMON'S Furnishing Arcade, 889, George-st.

AMERICAN CHAIRS.—The cheapest place in Sydney SOLOMON'S Furnishing Arcade, 889, George-street South

TELEPHONE.—The telephone and microphone, with their astonishing though simple power of conveying and magnifying sounds, give results advantageous in many ways, though in others a diminution and cessation of sound is preferable, especially to delicate persons. Anything, therefore, that mars the quiet and peace of home life is more than objectionable, and whatever removes any nuisance of that nature is always appreciated; therefore, in the NEW AUTOMATIC Sewing-machine, where sound is almost done away with, and where a self-regulating tension removes all those troubles met with in other sewing-machines, who will not recognise in its silent rapidity of sewing a new discovery which will be a boon at all households. Willcox and Gibbs Sewing Machine Agency, 432, George-street.

General Merchandise.

PORPHYRY, EQUAL TO THE FINEST RHINE HOCK, 12s 6d pints, 21s quarts. H. S. BIRD and CO.

THE N. S. W. SHALE AND OIL COMPANY'S COMET OIL.

THE SUPERIOR QUALITY as an Illuminator is known all over the colony.
ITS CHEAPNESS to the consumer is two-fold (1) the Company's price is below that of the imported oil, and (2) the oil lasts longer in burning.
Its SAFETY is certified to by the Government Inspector of Kerosene as having passed the test required by the Act of Parliament.
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To be had of all grocers, ironmongers, and oil dealers.
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All the unbottled Wines of the vintages of 1873 and 1874 can be purchased by the hogshead, at 4s per gallon net cash. Apply for inspection or purchase to
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AUSTRALIAN WINE.—Carmichael's PORPHYRY, pure, nutritious, and refreshing; superior to imported wines sold at all hotels and wine merchants. H. S. BIRD and CO., Agents, Circular Quay.

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TANKS, superior to all malt tanks, see the water in them. WILLIAM ROBISON, 67, Sussex-street.

TANKS, best London make, on SALE. J. T. and J. Toohey, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

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18-carat Gold LOCKETS ... ... from £1 to £20
18-carat Gold BRACELETS ... ... " £3 to £50
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Any pattern, for ladies or gentlemen, at per oz. £4 5s.
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"Mr. Streeter marks upon his goods the quality of gold supplied by him, which is a true guarantee."—THE TIMES.
Mr. STREETER,
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SILVER WATCHES ... ... from £2 to £20
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compensated for temperatures, positions, &c.
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NOTE.—Mr. STREETER'S ENGLISH LEVER KEYLESS WATCHES are fitted with the Breguet hairspring. The advantage gained by this improved construction is the reducing to a minimum any variation from correct time-keeping when worn during hunting or other rough exercise.

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The jewellery business now carried on at 18, New Bond-street, W., is the third oldest established amongst the Court Jewellers of England. It was first established in Bevis Marks, in the city of London, during the 17th century, was afterwards removed and carried on at a West-end jewellers in Hanover-square, and from thence to 18, NEW BOND-STREET W.
And Warrants of Appointment were given during the reigns of George III., George IV., William IV., and Queen Victoria, as Jewellers, Goldsmiths, and Watchmakers.

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By the same author. The Second Edition (fifth thousand) now ready.
Paper covers, 2s; cloth, 3s.
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CURCIER and ADET have on SALE, CORKING MACHINES, corks, tartaric acid, fencing wire; V.D. clarets, Sauternes, Nos. 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4; white beans and green peas, in casks; preserved beans and peas, macaroni, olive oil, &c. dines.

MAIZE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, OAK SHINGLES for SALE. W. C. ROBINSON, 3, King-street.

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The undersigned, having been appointed Agents for one of the most extensive Marble Works in Italy, are desirous of inviting attention to the choice collection of designs they have received for
WALL MONUMENTS, from ... ... £27 to £200
SEPULCHRAL MONUMENTS, from ... ... 20 to 350
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MARBLE SLABS, polished and in the rough
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Orders taken for any design, with guarantee of delivery in Sydney in four to five months.
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would respectfully inform their friends, patrons, and public generally that the
ALTERATIONS TO PREMISES ARE COMPLETED,
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NEW MILLINERY, SHOW, and COSTUME ROOMS,
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The leading features of the Bon Marché, as the name denotes, will be CHEAP TRADING.
Market for Bargains, reliable, good, durable, cheap, &c.
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We are daily opening new Goods in the following departments;—Millinery, Flowers, Feathers, Fancy Dress, Underclothing and Baby Linen, Costumes, Mantle, Parasol, Lace, Ribbon, Hosiery, Glove, Corset, Print, French Muslin, &c.; all of which have been selected with the greatest care, purchased on the best terms, and will be offered at the smallest advance on cost.

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A large staff of efficient Dressmakers, under the immediate superintendence of
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	Trimmed Hats, 8s 11d Millinery Bonnets, 14s 6d.
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Brown Holland, 4½d.	
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Bon Marché for cheap and well-made Underclothing and Baby Linen.	Our Stock of Baby Linen and Ladies' Under-clothing is very large. Space will not allow us to quote prices. Price lists may be obtained on application. BON MARCHE, 102, King-street. LEADER and STARK, Two doors from Pitt-street.

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White and Printed, can be purchased from all Drapers and Storekeepers in the Colony, and wholesale from all Warehousemen and Importers.
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LADIES' WHITE PETTICOATS, a little soiled, half-price, 2s 6d to 15s 6d. E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street.

JUST THE THING I WANT—A GOOD SOUND LEATHER PORTMANTEAU—A Large size, 12s 6d, 15s 6d, 18s 6d, and 21s, with solid leather straps and finish; Ladies' Leather Trunks, in solid leather. Messrs. HOBSON and WHITING, having established large workshops for the special manufacture of every description of basil or solid leather trunks, are prepared to take orders for solid leather trunks up to 40 inches, from 2s per inch, and Basils is per inch.
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STAIR CARPETS,
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wire grounds, in all widths, from 9½d yard.
PRINTS, CAMBRICS,
fast washing colours, 4½d, 5½d, 6½d, 7½d.
LADIES' SILK UMBRELLAS.
Brown Lined Umbrellas, 10s 11d; Frilled ditto, 2s 11d
Ladies' Black Satin Umbrellas, brocaded white, trimmed lace
Black and Coloured Satin Parachutes, lined and trimmed lace.
LADIES' SILK FICHUS.
CRAPE DE CHINE 3s 11d; CANTON CRAPE 4s 11d.
LADIES' SILK TIES, 3s 11d.
Josephine Kid Gloves, 2s 6d, 2s 11d; 2-button Black, 2s 11d; 2-button Coloured, 1s 11d; Taffeta Silk Gloves, 4 buttons.
LADIES' STAYS.
Every new shape, from 2s 11d to 12s 6d, and all sizes.
PRINT PRINCESS ROBES, 3s 11d.
20 dozen Princess Robes, only 3s 11d, choice patterns.
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Satteen Costumes, 21s to £4 4s, large assortment.
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Denison House,
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We have much pleasure in calling the ATTENTION of our PATRONS that we are in receipt of a full assortment of Spring Goods by steamship Chimborazo, for all Departments, in all new and FASHIONABLE GOODS.
FANCY CHECKED and Striped Silk, all pure bright silk, 2s 11d, usual price 3s 6d
SOME VERY HANDSOME WASHING SILKS
CHINA SILK SCARFS, with GOLD and SILVER, QUITE new styles
CHINA SILK Squares
NEW DESIGNS in Silk Shawls
8-button Kid Gloves, all sizes
LACE MANTLES and FASHUES
SPECIAL QUALITIES in BLACK GROS GRAIN SILK price 2s 11d, 3s 11d, 4s 11d; extra, 5s 11d, 6s 11d
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT of MILLINERY, both FRENCH and English
LACE GOODS of all descriptions
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FRENCH Muslins in every shade
Large lot of Fancy Dress Fabrics, very cheap.
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CONFIRMATION COSTUMES, ready for use, 25s.
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HAYMARKET	(only)	HAYMARKET.
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JOSEPHINE	sewn backs, 2s 3d	KID GLOVES.

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THE Highest Price given for gentlemen's Left-off Clothing. J. Murphy, corner of Kent and Liv

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ROW'S EMBROCATION, or FARMER'S FRIEND, may be had of all chemists and storekeepers. 3s 6d per bottle.

JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT, may be had of all chemists and storekeepers. Pots, 1s & 1s 6d each.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.—Only reliable remedy for Indigestion, Nervous and Liver Complaints, and all Functional Derangements. Recommended by the faculty. Refuse useless substitutes. All chemists. Agents, ELLIOTT, BROS.

HENRY'S COLONIAL OINTMENT, in lid pots 1s each. Sold everywhere.

KEATING'S BON BONS OR WORM TABLETS, A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for children. Sold in tins by all chemists.

MARK H. LONG, Pharmaceist, 72, William-street, will in consequence of the continued variation in price charged by patent medicine vendors, in future charge 1s for all medicines sold in England at 1s 1½d.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS stops a cough at once equally effective for infants and adults.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS, sold by all chemists and storekeepers, in 1s and 2s 6d bottles.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS. Wholesale agents, ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WEEKES' CARBOLIC OINTMENT cures all sorts of wounds, 1s pots. BURRELL, 105, George-street West.

CAUTION.—TO SHIPPERS AND OTHERS.—BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.—Whereas, the original inventor of the above celebrated saline draught has discovered that large quantities of an inferior preparation have been shipped to the colonies and elsewhere, purporting to be of Mr. Bishop's manufacture, and bearing labels similar to those registered and issued by him, Notice is hereby given that the genuine Bishop's Granular Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia is manufactured by the undersigned only, and shippers are cautioned to see that each label bears the TRADE MARK and FULL ADDRESS of ALFRED BISHOP, Manufacturing Chemist, 17, Speck's-fields, Mile-end, New Town, London.
Dr. Redwood, Professor of Chemistry at the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, thus writes:—"I have examined a great many samples of Mr. Bishop's granulated preparations, obtained at various times and from different sources, and have found them to be very uniform in character, fully charged with Carbonic Acid and obviously made with great care and accuracy."
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DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

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The Great Remedy
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For Heartburn and Indigestion
For Sour Eructations and Bilious Affections
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Rheumatic Gout, and Gravel.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.
Safest and most Gentle Medicine for
Infants, Children, delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.
Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers.
Agents: ELLIOTT, BROTHERS,
112, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO THE LADIES OF SYDNEY AND THE COLONY.
POTTIE'S
Australian
LILY OIL
is prepared expressly for the Head and Hair, to be used daily as an ordinary hair oil, for cleansing and beautifying the hair and softening the skin, and for all the purposes of the best Paris hair oils.
It will produce, in a remarkably short space of time, a good crop of hair. If the head is bald the new hair will be dark in colour, and as glossy and good as the hair of middle life.
The position attained by my other discoveries, and the name won by them in other parts of the world, gives a character to this.
This oil is as white as snow, and differs altogether from the articles now in the Australian market in being less greasy, not apt to soil or stain, and well calculated to produce life and health in the hair bulbs.
I have for years studied the physiology of this question, and believe that this conjunction approaches as closely as possible the natural oil of healthy hair.
To stop Hair falling out.—Wash the head with warm rain water, and dress the roots of the hair daily with the Oil.
To get a rapid growth on a Bald Head.—Rub the head at least twice daily with this Oil.
To strengthen Weak Hair.—Rub the head firmly every day with this Oil.
To strengthen the Head against the Sun.—Dress with this Oil twice a day.
1s 6d, 2s 6d, and 3s 6d the bottle.
Ladies and gentlemen in the habit of purchasing this Oil at my depot are reminded that many of the city and suburban stores are getting their supplies, and by the end of this month it will be in the hands of my agents all over the colonies.
J. POTTIE, Patentee.

TRY
the
LIGHTNING PILLS.
Ask your Chemist
for them,
and have no other.

J. S. ABRAHAMS' PILLS
(DANDELION).
The Great Liver Remedy.
In boxes 1s, 2s, and 3s.

MR. R. F. BAYLEY, Superintendent over Stock for Sydney Agricultural Association, writes to Dr. Moore:—"Sir,—The pot of ointment which I received from you I have applied to sores on several animals, chiefly to sore backs, broken knees, and wounds, which it healed, and brought on the hair with marked rapidity. I may add that I have used ointments in England, Scotland, India, China, and in these colonies, but have never met with any preparation to cure so quickly and so effectually as your Household Remedy for Animals." This ointment, as prepared for the human system, has received certificates of merit from the firms of P. N. Russell and Co., Mort and Co., the H. R. S. N. Co., Chapman Brothers, and Messrs. Vale and Lacey—all pronouncing it to be an ointment which no householder should be without. It removes all pain from any burn or scald in from three to fifteen minutes, and cures sores, ringworms, erysipelas, inflamed eyes, ulcerated throat, piles, &c. Three persons have assured the Proprietor that, by rubbing it well into the region of the liver, they have cured themselves of liver complaints of long duration.
Ask for MOORE'S HOUSEHOLD REMEDY Ointment, which bears a red label, and is sold in pots at 1s and 2s 6d each by all respectable druggists and storekeepers in the colony.
Sole Proprietor—
W. MOORE, Homœopathist,
241, Elizabeth-street.

Auction Sales.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.

Regular sales at the Bazaar, daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

Important Sale
of
AMERICAN BUGGIES, PHAETONS, &c., &c.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on an early date, full notice of which will be given,
American top and no-top single and double-seated buggies; top phaetons, with rumbles and child's seats, &c.
AMERICAN BUGGIES.

F. L. BARKER has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, the 25th instant, at 10.30 o'clock,
6 first-class American buggies and phaetons
2 democrat waggons.

THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.
American Waggons and Buggies.
H. S. GIBSON will sell by auction at his Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street, opposite School of Arts, THIS DAY, October 25, on account of the various owners,
A number of second-hand American waggons, sociables, and buggies, comprising Abbot's tray buggy, 2 commercial traveller's buggies, 2 good second-hand double-seated buggies, spring cart with covered top; also a good break and harness, and a few horses.
HORSES. HORSES. HORSES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO
BREEDERS, SHIPPERS, DRAYMEN, BREWERS,
and DEALERS.

WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from Messrs. W. J. M'Connell and P. J. Barry, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown yards, on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, at 1 o'clock,
45 very heavy and grand heavy draught colts and fillies, and valuable heavy draught mares, by the celebrated draught stallions KING OF THE RING, CHAMPION, SHAKESPEARE, and ROB ROY; also, a few very handsome horses, suitable for carriages, cabs, and omnibuses.
This lot is the second draft from Messrs. M'Connell and Barry this season; the whole are in splendid condition, and they will be found still better than the former lot.

SALES daily at WOOLLER'S Horse Bazaar, Pitt-st., at 11 o'clock, Horses, carts, buggies, &c.

FAT LAMBS THIS DAY.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by W. R. Doyle, Esq., to sell by auction, at Elliott and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, Friday, 25th October, at 11 o'clock,
50 prime fat lambs, by rail and steamer, and very good.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by G. T. Hunt, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, on MONDAY, 28th October, at 11 o'clock,
1000 prime fat wethers, by rail.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by Thomas Comins, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, on MONDAY, 28th October, at 11 o'clock,
80 prime and weighty fat bullocks.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by Whittekers, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, on MONDAY, 28th October, at 11 o'clock,
120 head of prime fat cattle.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by Thomas Mooney, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Yards, Homebush, on MONDAY, 28th October, at 11 o'clock,
34 prime and weighty fat bullocks, by rail, and superior to those last offered.

WALTER LAMB'S WOODSTOCK ANNUAL SALE, to be held at Rooty's Hill, on WEDNESDAY, 6th November. Intending buyers are informed that the stock can be inspected at Woodstock prior to sale any time they may appoint with the Auctioneers.
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN.

PEARL SHELL. PEARL SHELL.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, 25th October, at half-past 2 o'clock sharp,
6 tons of black-edged pearl shell.
Terms, cash.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from Messrs. Chisholm, Brothers, to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 28th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
1500 prime fat wethers, in lots, from their noted Bland Station.

Auction Sales.

FAT CATTLE FOR MONDAY.

BRUNKER, WOLFE, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY, the 28th OCTOBER, at 11 o'clock,
For Messrs. Hardie and Millar,
266 prime fat cattle.
For Messrs. Beaumont Brothers,
65 prime and weighty fat bullocks.
For Mr. Staggs,
40 prime fat cattle.
Terms, cash.

SEAFORTH PROCTOR will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour station, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, corn, oats
Potatoes, pumpkins, Swede turnips, &c.
At Sydney Produce Mart, 701, George-street, at 12 o'clock,
Fat calves, lambs, prime fat pigs, suckers
35 pairs Bathurst and Goulburn turkeys
Geese, ducks, fowls, pigeons, birds, rabbits
Fruit, oranges, pumpkins, potatoes, onions.
At 2 o'clock,
The usual supply of dairy produce, comprising
16 cases roll butter, 80 kegs butter
140 ditto Camden and Menangle eggs, best quality
50 ditto cheese (best brands), 30 sides corn-fed bacon.
Honey, wax, hair, hides, skins, wool, tallow, &c.
Also, confectionery, jam, brooms, and sundries.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 10 o'clock, Billet wood, &c.

Hay, Straw, Maize, &c.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock, the above.

SAYERS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at their Yards, at 2 o'clock, Turkeys, ducks, geese, fowls, butter, bacon, eggs, cheese, butter, bacon, eggs, cheese, honey, groceries, &c.

SAYERS and CO. will sell, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock, Hay, &c.; at 12, wood.

BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS.

EXTRAORDINARY PRIME AND WEIGHTY FAT CATTLE.

WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from Messrs. Dunn and M'Kinnon to sell by auction, at the Homebush Yards, on MONDAY, October 28th, at 11 o'clock,
120 exceedingly prime and weighty fat cattle.
These are from the celebrated Yamma station paddocks, Riverina, and will be found equal in quality to any ever seen in the Homebush Yards.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed by Messrs. Whittingham, Brothers, and Davidson, to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY, the 28th instant,
1600 prime fat wethers, from their Willandra station, Riverina, trucked from Orange.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed by Messrs. R. Hill and Son to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY, the 28th instant,
100 prime fat cattle, from their Grawhey Station, Macquarie River.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed by William Peacock, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY, the 28th instant,
900 prime fat wethers, by rail, from Wallerawang.

GRAHAM COULTER will sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11.30 a.m.
Pigs and calves.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, EVERY DAY, at 10 o'clock, Wood, &c.

HALL, PRINCE, and CO. will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9, Hay, straw, chaff, bran, potatoes, and colonial produce.

GARLING and FRASER will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 9,
Hay and straw, by the truck
Other produce in lots.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

Railway Auction Mart, 793, George-street.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Calves, lambs, pigs, suckers.
At half-past 11 o'clock,
80 coops poultry of all kinds.
At half-past 1 o'clock,
The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, consisting of roll butter, keg butter, and cheese, from the best dairies in the Southern districts; superior corn-fed bacon and hams, 100 cases fresh egg, lard, honey, &c., &c.

WELLS and SMITH have received instructions from Mrs. Blundel to sell by auction, at her residence, Camperdown, near the old toll-bar, on MONDAY next, at 2 o'clock,
Household furniture and effects.
Also, 1 quiet saddle horse
1 lorry, with pole and shafts
4-horse lorry harness
Buggy and tandem harness
Corn and bran bins
Grindstone and frame
Old iron, &c., &c.

Weekly Produce Sale.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at their Yards, 675, George-street,
THIS DAY, at half-past 12 o'clock,
Cows, pigs, calves, lambs
Fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys, &c.
At half-past 1 o'clock,
Fresh butter, keg butter, eggs, bacon, cheese
Jam, confectionery, honey, &c.
At 2 o'clock,
Potatoes, fruit, and sundries.

HAY. HAY. HAY.

New Hunter River Steam Navigation Co.'s Wharf and Kembla Wharf.
130 Bales Prime Hay.
On SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock sharp.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, 130 bales prime lucerne, A1 brand.

PRODUCE SALE.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, lucerne, maize, potatoes, &c.
At Depot, at half-past 11 o'clock,
Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, and poultry of every description, 200 prime fat turkeys, per rail.
At half-past 12 o'clock,
Roll and keg butter, cheese, bacon, eggs, honey, lard, &c.
At 4 o'clock,
Hides, tallow, wool, sheepskins, and fruit, &c.

Weekly Produce Sale.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, horsehides
Kangaroo and wallaby skins.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.
At 3 o'clock,
Horns, bones, hair, and beeswax.
Terms, cash.

Weekly Produce Sale.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, calfskins.
At half-past 2,
Casks tallow.
And at 3 o'clock,
Hair, horns, bones, beeswax, &c.

Weekly Produce Sale.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, October 25, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hides, calfskins, hair, horns, bones, &c.
And at half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks of tallow.
Terms, cash.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores, THIS DAY, at 10.30,
Hides.
And at 2.30, tallow.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores, at 10.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, tallow.

THIS DAY, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Pianofortes
Household Furniture and Effects
Office Furniture
Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Drapery, Fancy Goods
Pipes, Glass Cases, Books, Lamps, Glassware
Platedware, Matting, Cane Lounges
Cooking Stove, Gas Stoves, Sewing-machines, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at his newly-erected Rooms, 132, King-street East,
Without reserve.

SATURDAY, 26th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Testate Estate.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects, comprising—
Pianoforte
Tables, Chairs, Couches, Pictures, Bookcase, Books, Glassware, Pier Glasses, Carpet
Clocks, Glassware, Ornaments, Boxes, Cupboards
Iron Bedsteads, Feather Beds
Palliasses, Bedding, Chest Drawers
Bedroom Furniture
Kitchen Utensils, Gas Stove, Lumber, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the executors to sell by auction, on the premises, corner Bourke and Campbell streets, Surry Hills,
Without reserve.

LENEHAN and CO., will sell by auction, at their Yards, 683, George-street, THIS DAY, at 2 p.m.,
Poultry, butter, eggs, cheese, bacon, and sundries.
Also,
Set buggy harness, bay gelding, broken to saddle and harness, a really useful horse.

THIS DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock.
On the Premises, 406, Bourke-street, near Oxford-street.

STOCK of GROCERY, JAMS, TINNED FISH
Bacon, Cheese, Starch, Flour, Scales and Brass Weights
Show Glasses, Sausage Machine, Fixtures, &c.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Hume to sell by auction, on the premises,
The above, without reserve.

THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
On the Premises, 7, Steel's-terrace, Regent-street, Paddington, near the Reservoir.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising, Dining Tables, Chairs, Couch, Pictures, Ornaments, Chests Drawers, Bedsteads and Bedding, Cot, Crockery, Kitchen and Cooking Utensils.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises,
The above, without reserve.

SHOP FIXTURES, COUNTERS, IRONMONGERY, SASHES.
SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received imperative instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms,
The above, without the slightest reserve.

H. L. DUNN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at half-past 10 o'clock,
The unredeemed sundries pawned with Mr. D. Ward, of Randle-street.

In an Intestate Estate.
6 Trunks of first-class Clothing.

H. L. DUNN has received instructions from the police to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The above.

H. L. DUNN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
A large quantity of clothing, fancy goods, stationery, books, boots, and sundries.

AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.—The SALE advertised to take place at Albion-street, Surry Hills, this day, is POSTPONED until further notice.
H. L. DUNN, Auctioneer.

TO ASPHALT WORKERS, CONTRACTORS, GARDENERS, AND OTHERS.

ONE TON of GENUINE ASPHALT
ONE IRON ROLLER, 15 cwt.
Ditto Ditto Ditto, 10 cwt.
Ditto Ditto Ditto, 3 cwt.
Ditto 8-gallon BOILER
Ditto 400 Ditto Ditto
SHOVELS, BUCKETS, MIXERS, IRONS, PITCH, TAR-BARRELS, &c., &c.
ONE PAIR TIMBER WHEELS
TIMBER WAGGON
ONE PAIR FRENCH MILL-STONES, with Gear, &c.
CHAFF-CUTTER, Horse or Steam Power
STORES, &c., &c.

ALFRED ALLEN and CO. will sell by auction, the above,
At Cowper's Wharf,
EAST SIDE, WOOLLOOMOOLOO,
THIS DAY, Friday, 25th, at 3 p.m.

THIS DAY, 25th October.

ON ACCOUNT OF THE CONSIGNORS.

WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.

Ex s.s. Chimborazo, from London,
1 CASE WATCHES, ASSORTED, consisting of
SILVER WATCHES, Hunting and O.F.
GOLD ditto, ditto ditto
KEYLESS ditto, in Gold, Silver, and Nickel Silver Cases
GENEVA ditto, ditto, ditto, Metal Cases.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 25th October, at 11 a.m.,
An invoice of watches, as above.
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 25th October.

For Sale by Auction,
30 CASES MAUL and SLEDGE HANDLES, assorted
GIMLETS, BUTCHERS' SAW BLADES
HAT and COAT HOOKS, PRUNING SHEARS
SHINGLING HATCHETS, TWINE BOXES
LATH HATCHETS, WALL BRACKETS,
PISTOLS, DOG COLLARS
SMOOTHING PLANES, DRAW PULLS
&c., &c., &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 25th October, at 11 a.m.,
An invoice of the above goods.
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 25th OCTOBER.

For Sale by Auction,
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE,
E. P. CRUETS, BUTTER COOLERS
TEA and COFFEE SERVICES
WOOD PIPES, in Briar and Cherry, &c.
PURSES, TOY PISTOLS
OPERA GLASSES, &c., &c., &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell BY AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 25th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.,
A well assorted invoice of the above goods.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 25th OCTOBER.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, with all faults, if any.

30 BARRELS WHITE HERRINGS.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 25th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.
No reserve.

THIS DAY, 25th OCTOBER.

For sale by auction,
22 BOLTS FORFAR CANVAS.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 25th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.
No reserve.

THIS DAY, 25th OCTOBER.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, with all faults.
25 CWT. FENCING WIRE, 6, 8, 10.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 25th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.
No reserve.

THIS DAY, Friday, at 10.30 a.m. prompt.

Tenby House, Wynyard-square North.

IMPORTANT NOTICE to Gentlemen Furnishing, Private Families, and Others.

VERY SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHINA, GLASS, and CUTLERY, PIANOS.

Telescope Dining Tables
Handsome Dining-room Suite
Sideboard
Very Excellent Chiffonier
Loo Tables, one rosewood and two cedar
First-class Marble-top Washstands
Walnut Work-table
Half-tester Bedsteads, Beds, Bedding, and Pillows
Several Superior Chests of Drawers
Quantity of Books, in lots
Carpets, Stair Carpets, and Floorcloth
Elegant Toilet Services
Rosewood Piano, by Aucher, Brothers, in good order.

Magnificent Walnut Piano, by Lipp Stuttgart. This instrument has only been in use a few months, and cost 85 guineas.

Very fine heavy Walnut Piano, by G. Schwechten, Berlin. This piano recently cost 75 guineas, has just been retuned, and warranted in splendid order.

E. P. DAWBARN and Co. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, Tenby House, Wynyard-square,
The whole of the excellent and substantial furniture and effects, at 10.30 a.m. sharp.

TUESDAY, October 29th, at 11 a.m.

Moubray House, 18, Wynyard-square.

Unreserved SALE of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Dining-room Tables and Suite, Pier Glasses
Drawing-room Suite
Bedsteads and Bedding, Wardrobe, Washstands
Carpets, Glass, Cutlery, &c., &c.
Cottage Piano, by Aucher, Frères
Harmonium.

Full particulars in a future issue.

E. P. DAWBARN and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, on the Premises, 18, Wynyard-square,
The above.

CLEARING-UP LINES, at 10.30, THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

JAMES RODD (successor to the late Charles Teakle) will sell by auction, at 10.30,
Clearing lines, to close sundry accounts.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, October 25.

By order of and on account of Consignees,
To close an account.
FOR POSITIVE SALE.

GDF, Nos. 6 and 4.
2 HANDSOME WALNUT COTTAGE PIANOS, Trichord, Treble Pedal, truss legs, and all modern improvements.

JAMES RODD (successor to the late Charles Teakle) is instructed by the consignees to sell by auction, THIS DAY, at the Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, at 11,
2 handsome walnut cottage pianos, as above.

Now on view at the Rooms.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 25th instant.

NEW DESIGNS IN TOYS, PUZZLES, &c., JUST LANDED.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF FANCY GOODS.

Cutlery, Plated-ware, Brush and Basket ditto, Perfumery and Combs, Stationery and Novels, Purses and Portemonnaies, Haberdashery, Pictures, Prints; Toys, both tin and wood, consisting of Acrobats, Building Blocks, Puzzles, Mechanical Toys, Sabres, Skipping Ropes, China Sets, Furniture Suites, and a very HANDSOME lot of WAX DOLLS.

JAMES RODD (successor to the late Charles Teakle) will sell by auction, THIS DAY, immediately after the sale of the pianos,
A large and varied assortment as above.

On view this afternoon.

To the Retail Drapery Trade.

THIS DAY, Friday, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Stock of a Suburban Draper, giving up business.
Also, ex William Duthie, at 12 o'clock,
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, TOWELS, HOSIERY
FELT and STRAW HATS, LIGHT-GROUND PRINTS, CALICOES, &c.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The stock of a retail draper, comprising—
Calicoes, ticks, dimities, tweeds, linens
Towels, laces, hosiery, shirts, flowers
Hats, handkerchiefs, &c., &c.
Also, at 12 o'clock,
Several broken packages of the above goods, to close accounts [illegible]
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 29th October, at 11 a.m.

At the New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets.

Ex F. W. Carlon.
New Shipment of
AMERICAN PINE DOORS, moulded
MOULDINGS
SASH FRAMES
SASHES
BOX PULLEYS
and
FIFTY CASES CHAIRS.

FOR UNRESERVED SALE.
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TO BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, HOUSE CONTRACTORS, and PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received imperative instructions to sell, on account of whom concerned, by public auction, at their New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on
TUESDAY, 29th October, at 11 a.m.,
AMERICAN PINE DOORS, various; MOULDINGS, SASH FRAMES, SASHES, BOX PULLEYS.
Terms at sale.

TO THE BOOT AND SHOE TRADE, COUNTRY BUYERS, &c.

IMPORTANT SALE OF NEW GOODS, AND UNRESERVED SALE OF BALANCES OF SHIPMENTS, WHICH WILL BE CLEARED TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

FRIDAY, 25th OCTOBER.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY OF SORTING UP STOCKS.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
AN EXCELLENT AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

TERMS, LIBERAL.

MARYBOROUGH SAWN PINE.

The cargo of the AMHERST, now discharging on Circular Quay.

14,000 feet, 8 x 1 T and G Flooring
24,000 feet, 8 x ½ T and G and Beaded Lining Boards
10,000 feet Rough Boards, &c.

By order of the Consignees.

DAY OF SALE,
THIS DAY, October 25,
At the CITY MART,
at 11 o'clock sharp.
FIRST LINE TO BE OFFERED.

Cargo to be inspected on the Wharf.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, as above,
The cargo of Maryborough sawn pine, ex AMHERST.
Terms at sale.

6 x ½ SCOTCH CEILING.

T. and G. and BEADED.

JUST ARRIVED, ex KERANGIE.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
5000 feet 6 x ½ T. and G. beaded ceiling.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, Friday, 25th October, at 11 a.m.

At the Residence of Mr. FORRESTER, VERULAM, MOORE PARK ROAD, opposite Rifle Butts.

VERY ATTRACTIVE and IMPORTANT SALE of SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising

CHOICE Cut Glass
SUPERB China
VALUABLE Electroplate
MASSIVE Telescope DINING-TABLE
HANDSOME Sideboard
LEATHER DINING-ROOM SUITE
Brussels Carpets and Hearth Rugs
HIGHLY-FINISHED OLEOGRAPHS and OIL PAINTINGS
SPLENDID WALNUT DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, covered Green and Gold Silk Damask
ELEGANT Oval Table, spider legs
Walnut Whatnots
BRILLIANT-TONED ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE, by ERARD, oblique trichord, with all the recent improvements; cost a large sum
ELABORATELY Carved Gilt-frame PIER GLASSES
Walnut Canterbury Whatnot
Chests Drawers
HANDSOME Double-wing WARDROBE, Plate Glass Doors
Washstands, Dressing-Tables
Toilet Glasses, marble tops
IRON TUBULAR BEDSTEADS, Hair Mattresses, Blankets, Sheets, Counterpanes, &c.
Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

TO FAMILIES FURNISHING, COMMISSION AGENTS, and GENERAL DEALERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from Mr. FORRESTER to sell by auction, at his residence, VERULAM, Moore Park Road, THIS DAY, Friday, 25th October, at 11 a.m.,
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects.

TUESDAY, 29th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.

FIFTY CASES AMERICAN CHAIRS,
Ex F. W. CARLON,
On account of whom it may concern.

TO FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at their Rooms, on TUESDAY, 29th OCTOBER, at 11 a.m.,
50 cases American chairs.

SATURDAY, 26th October, at 11 a.m.

At the New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE of valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS removed from a FIRST-CLASS CITY RESIDENCE, for UNRESERVED SALE, comprising

CHOICE Cut Glass
SUPERB China
VALUABLE ELECTROPLATE
MASSIVE DINING TABLE, about 24 feet long, suitable for a club
HANDSOMELY CARVED Mahogany Pedestal SIDEBOARD, plate-glass back
Mahogany Dinner Waggon
Brussels Carpets and Hearthrugs
Fenders and Fireirons
HANDSOME Mahogany Dining-room Suite, covered marone morocco
ROSEWOOD COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, by a famous maker
ELEGANT Blue and Gold Lustres
SUPERB French Porcelain Vases
EXQUISITELY carved Walnut CHIFFONIER, marble top and plate-glass back
SPLENDID Drawing-room Suite, covered blue rep, consisting of Couch, Easy Chair, Lady's Chair, and six single Chairs.
ELEGANT Music Chair to match
Walnut Music Canterbury
RARE Old Chinese Bowl, on ebony stand
VALUABLE Black Marble Clock
Fine Old Engravings
Oil Paintings
Set VERY CHOICE Chromos
Sewing-machine
HANDSOME Single and Double TAPER TUBE BEDSTEADS, Hair Mattresses, Spring Palliasses, Feather Pillows, Hair Bolsters, Blankets, Counterpanes, and Mosquito Curtains
ELEGANT Walnut Bedroom Suite, modern design
Pair SPLENDID Walnut Toilets, comprising Dressing Table, with swing Glass, and Washstand, marble slab
CHOICE China Toilet Sets
Commodes, Eugenie Stuff-over Couch
Cedar Chests Drawers, Towel Horses
Cane Chairs, &c.

Spice-box, Wood Axe, Pastry Boards and Rollers
Meat Safes, Scales and Weights, Tongue Presser
Sausage-machine, Sad Irons, Galvanized Tubs
Turk's Head, Ironing Stove, Kitchen Tables, Dressers
Brooms, and a large quantity of other Household Requisites.

TO PRIVATE GENTLEMEN FURNISHING, FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, COMMISSION AGENTS, and GENERAL DEALERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on SATURDAY, 26th October, at 11 a.m.,
THE whole of the ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, removed from a FIRST-CLASS CITY RESIDENCE, comprising
CHINA
GLASS
PLATE
PICTURES, &c., &c.
ON VIEW THIS DAY, at 2 p.m.
Terms, cash.

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, &c., &c.

LUMBER SALE.

ON THE GROUND.

The New Premises of DALTON, BROTHERS.

NEW PITT-STREET.

THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, 25th October, at 3 p.m.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, on the new premises of Dalton, Brothers, Pitt-street, at 3 p.m. THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, October 25,
A quantity of builders' lumber, consisting of
Hardwood timber
Iron
Earthen drain pipes
Wheelbarrows
Scaffolding boards
Batten ladders
Masons' chain slings
Blocks and ropes, and
About 50 feet bluestone flagging.

Without the slightest reserve.
Terms, cash.

PARRAMATTA ROAD and QUEEN'S ROAD, FIVE DOCK.

Cottage and Allotments of Land adjoining, having frontages as above, with long depths, from 250 to 300 feet.

J. W. WATKIN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the estate, TO-MORROW, Saturday, the 26th at 3 p.m.,
Neat cottage, on land having frontage of 66 feet by depth of 350 feet, at present occupied by Mr. Lumsdaine; also allotments having frontages to Parramatta Road and to Queen's Road [illegible] of 250 and 300 feet.
[illegible]

SEASONABLE DRAPERY, CLOTHING, WOOLLENS, &c.

MERRETT, FISHER, and CO. will hold their usual Sale of Drapery, &c., at their Rooms, 422, George-street, on TUESDAY next.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

On MONDAY, 4th NOVEMBER, at 11 a.m., at MERTON LODGE, STANMORE ROAD.

IMPORTANT and ATTRACTIVE UNRESERVED SALE of VERY ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising
SPLENDID DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, in walnutwood, and covered with green brocade
ELEGANT INLAID WALNUTWOOD CHIFFONIER, plate-glass doors
Handsome-shaped Walnut Loo and Occasional Tables
BRUSSELS CARPETS and RUGS
VERY VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS, by Ved Berg, C. Coumont, and others; OLEOGRAPHS and WATER-COLOURS. Especial attention of connoisseurs and others is directed to the above
MAGNIFICENT PIANOFORTE, by ERARD
Fenders and Fireirons
MASSIVE DINING ROOM SUITE, in Spanish Mahogany, and covered with morocco
SPANISH MAHOGANY DINING TABLE, patent screw (14 feet)
HANDSOME MAHOGANY SIDEBOARD, with plate-glass back, drawers and cellarette.
MUSICAL BOX, with 2 spare barrels; plays overtures secular and sacred music (24 tunes)
VALUABLE ELECTROPLATE WARE
ELEGANT BOOKCASE
SPLENDID BEDROOM SUITE
Bedsteads, Bedding, &c.
Chests of Drawers
WARDROBES, Plate-glass Doors
LIBRARY FURNITURE
VALUABLE BOOKS
KITCHEN and LAUNDRY UTENSILS.

Billiard-table, Cues, Balls, &c., complete, small size, by Alcock and Co.

VALUABLE AVIARY of Birds, in large case, on stand, containing a large variety of Birds, comprising Diamond and Java Sparrows, Pheasants, Canaries, Quails, Pigeons, &c., &c.

American Buggy, with hood; set of Silver-mounted American Harness; also, a first-class Horse, thoroughly quiet, Stable Implements, &c.

TO GENTLEMEN FURNISHING, FURNITURE BROKERS, and OTHERS.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions from A. H. M'Culloch, Esq., M.P. (on account of his removal to the country), to sell, at his residence,
MERTON LODGE, STANMORE ROAD,
at 11 o'clock, on
MONDAY, 4th NOVEMBER,
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

CATALOGUES ARE IN COURSE OF PREPARATION.

The furniture, &c., will be on view previous to the day of sale.

TERMS, CASH.

IMPORTANT SALE OF VALUABLE FREEHOLD SUBURBAN PROPERTIES, consisting of

TWO FIRST-CLASS SEMI-DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCES, at ASHFIELD. ASHFIELD. ASHFIELD.

and SEVERAL GOOD BLOCKS OF BUILDING LAND, at WAVERLEY. WAVERLEY. WAVERLEY.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell POSITIVELY, at their CENTRAL SALE ROOMS, 115, Pitt-street, at 11.30, on
WEDNESDAY, 6th November, 1878,

Lot 1.—"LORRAINE" and "HUNTINGDON," TWO FIRST-CLASS SEMI-DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCES, situate in WILLIAM-STREET, ASHFIELD, near Bland-street, between the RAILWAY LINE and PARRAMATTA ROAD, each built of BRICK on STONE FOUNDATIONS, with SLATED ROOFS, and containing on the GROUND FLOOR, verandah, hall, DRAWING-ROOM, DINING-ROOM and BREAKFAST-ROOM, kitchen, pantry, scullery and bathroom, &c.; on the FIRST FLOOR, 5 BEDROOMS and DRESSING-ROOM.

In the YARD there is a 2-STALL STABLE, with COACH-HOUSE and MAN'S HOUSE. There is a separate YARD FOR POULTRY.

The LAND has a frontage of 204 feet, laid out with GARDENS in front and at side, well filled with CHOICE PLANTS and FLOWERS, &c.

LORRAINE is at present occupied by W. WILKINS, Esq. and HUNTINGDON, by J. B. GIBBS, Esq.

. The position of these REALLY GOOD properties is at once
ELEVATED and ACCESSIBLE
near to
ST. JOHN'S CHURCH,
and also to the new house of A. J. RALSTON, Esq.

The locality is select, and the properties are
VERY CONVENIENTLY ARRANGED
and are well worthy of the attention of gentlemen on the look out for
COMFORTABLE and WELL-BUILT SUBURBAN HOMES.

Lot 2.—WAVERLEY.—Valuable building land as follows:—
WAVERLEY-STREET.—162 feet x 120 feet along Council-street
108 feet x 120 feet along Botany-street.
BOTANY-STREET.—96 feet x 135 feet along Cross-street.
COUNCIL-STREET.—96 feet x 135 feet along Cross-street.
PAUL-STREET.—48 feet x 258 feet along Council-street, and known as LOTS 12 and 17, SECTION 1, LOTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15, and 16, SECTION 2, ANDREW'S SUBDIVISION.

Well-positioned land in WAVERLEY is now becoming both SCARCE and VALUABLE. Therefore the AUCTIONEERS direct SPECIAL ATTENTION to this favourable opportunity, as the sale will be bona-fide.

DAY of SALE
WEDNESDAY, November 6.

FIG TREE POINT.

BALMAIN. BALMAIN.

20 CHOICE VILLA SITES.

DEEP WATER FRONTAGES TO LONG COVE.

CHARMING BUILDING SITES.

GRAND AND EXTENSIVE VIEWS OF THE PARRAMATTA RIVER, HUNTER'S HILL, COCKATOO, AND LANE COVE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by auction, at 3 o'clock,
ON THE GROUND,
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16th, 1878,
TWENTY GOOD BUILDING SITES, fronting ELLIOTT-STREET and the WATERS OF LONG COVE,
at
FIGTREE POINT, BALMAIN,
adjoining the valuable properties of Messrs. BRODERICK and EASTMURE, and opposite the residence of G. R. ELLIOTT, Esq.

The VIEWS from this property of the PARRAMATTA RIVER, IRON COVE, COCKATOO ISLAND, LANE COVE, &c., &c., are GRAND in the extreme, and are such as can only be obtained in this part of
PORT JACKSON.

The MEANS of COMMUNICATION are CHEAP, EASY, and FREQUENT. The FIVE DOCK STEAMERS pass the property at regular intervals, and the
BRIDGE across LONG COVE,
in front of this property,
IS ALREADY COMMENCED.

PLAN ON VIEW.

LITHOGRAPHS OBTAINABLE.

TORRENS' TITLE. LIBERAL TERMS.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13th, 1878.

HEATHCOTE,
COOK'S RIVER ROAD. ST. PETERS.

A most SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT FAMILY DWELLING HOUSE, with
FIVE ACRES OF LAND,
near the residence of
MICHAEL METCALFE, Esq.,
and the ENGLISH CHURCH,
and opposite "THE GROVE,"
the residence of C. T. Richardson, Esq.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by auction, at their CENTRAL SALE ROOMS, 115, Pitt-street, at 11.30 on
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13th, 1878,
All that VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND fronting COOK'S RIVER ROAD, ST. PETERS, about FIVE ACRES in extent, on which is erected that VERY SUBSTANTIAL and roomy DWELLING HOUSE, known as "HEATHCOTE,"
built of brick, on stone (WALLS 14 INCHES THICK), with slated roof, and containing FRONT and BACK VERANDAHS, HALL, DRAWING and DINING ROOMS 23 FEET LONG, BREAKFAST ROOM, 4 good bedrooms, linen closet, &c. Also, kitchen, storeroom, pantries, and spare room.
The OUTBUILDINGS comprise coachhouse and harness room, and 3-stall stable.

The land has 230 FEET FRONTAGE to Cook's River Road and 1000 feet to the road leading to Botany, and is fenced with white paling fence in front, and 6 feet fence at sides, and is very tastefully laid out in flower and kitchen gardens, cultivation paddock, &c.

"HEATHCOTE" adjoins LANCEFIELD, the residence of Mrs. Stanisford, and is on the main 'bus route, overlooking the pretty surrounding country, and is very healthily situated [illegible]
Day of Sale, Wednesday, November 13th.

REDFERN.

ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH.

ST. GEORGE'S PARADE.

COMMODIOUS DWELLING OF 5 ROOMS, &c.

MILLS and PILE will sell by AUCTION, at their LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, PITT-STREET, opposite the POST OFFICE, next TUESDAY, October 29th, at 11.30 prompt,
Allotment of land, having a frontage of 16 feet to ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH, by a depth of 100 feet to BEAUMONT-STREET, at the rear; on which is erected a
CONVENIENT BRICK on STONE DWELLING, containing 5 ROOMS, KITCHEN, WASHHOUSE, BATHROOM, SHED, and ENTRANCE HALL, with GAS laid on to all the ROOMS and HALL; balcony and verandah.
Title, leasehold; residue of 80 years to run, at a nominal ground rent.

PARRAMATTA JUNCTION.

ALLOTMENT of LAND SYDNEY ROAD.

MILLS and PILE will sell by auction, at their LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, Pitt-street, opposite the Post Office, next TUESDAY, October 29th, 1878, at 11.30 o'clock prompt,
All that BLOCK of LAND, having 156 feet frontage to SYDNEY ROAD by a depth of 195 feet through to COWPER-STREET.
Title, freehold. Terms at sale.

CASTLE HILL, NEAR PARRAMATTA.

IMPROVED FARM OF 83 ACRES.

Adjoining DARCEY HEY, the property of GEORGE THORNE, Esq.

Consisting of
COTTAGE, ORCHARD, and CULTIVATION LAND.

UNRESERVED SALE, by order of the MORTGAGEE.

MILLS and PILE will sell by auction at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, next TUESDAY, October 29th, at 11.30 prompt,
All that VALUABLE FARM, comprising 83 acres, adjoining DARCEY HEY,
on which is erected a FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE, built of wood, with detached KITCHEN, BARN, STABLING, and outbuildings. About 30 acres of the land are cleared, and 12 acres are planted as
AN ORCHARD,
mostly YOUNG ORANGE TREES. The remainder is good RICH SOIL.
The BUSH GRAZING LAND contains some valuable timber, with a NEVER-FAILING WATER SUPPLY.
For particulars of title, &c., apply to Want, Johnson, and Want, Spring-street.
Title, freehold. Terms at sale.

PYRMONT.

MURRAY-STREET, CLOSE to the BRIDGE.

TWO FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES, with BALCONIES, &c.

MILLS and PILE will sell by auction, at their LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, PITT-STREET, opposite the POST OFFICE, on TUESDAY next, October 29th, at 11.30 prompt,
TWO SUBSTANTIAL and COMMODIOUS HOUSES, each 4 ROOMS, BALCONY, and VERANDAH, with frontages to MURRAY-STREET, PYRMONT, about 100 yards from the BRIDGE.
Title, leasehold; 99 years to run, at a nominal ground rent.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY.

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9.

PRINCE OF WALES BIRTHDAY.

GREAT LAND SALE AT WAVERLEY.

ON THE GROUND, at 3 o'clock.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA ESTATE.

Adjacent to the CHARING CROSS 'BUS STAND.

Almost adjoining the CLERGY DAUGHTERS SCHOOL, and surrounded by the BEAUTIFUL VILLAS of A. H. K. MAXWELL, Esq., R. G. MASSEY, Esq., R. SANDS, Esq., and other leading residents of this favourite suburb.

THE WAVERLEY RAILWAY STATION must be in this IMMEDIATE NEIGHBOURHOOD.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by auction,
ON THE GROUND, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, November 9, at 3 o'clock,
The above described SPLENDID ESTATE.
It has been subdivided into LARGE VILLA SITES by Mr. SURVEYOR BISHOP, having frontages to NELSON'S ROAD, ARDEN-STREET, and others.
LITHOGRAPHS are in course of preparation.
Torrens' title. Terms, liberal.

MERRYLANDS.

GUILDFORD RAILWAY PLATFORM.

between PARRAMATTA and FAIRFIELD.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK of 63 ACRES of LAND, subdivided into TOWNSHIP and SUBURBAN ALLOTMENTS,

with fine frontages to the GREAT SOUTHERN LINE.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions from A. T. Holroyd, Esq., to sell by auction, at their LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29th, at 11.30 prompt,
The residue of these valuable allotments, with fine frontages to GOOD WIDE STREETS, in close proximity to the RAILWAY PLATFORM.
LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS may be had at the Rooms of the AUCTIONEERS.
TORRENS' TITLE. TERMS, VERY LIBERAL.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MANSION, with extensive ORNAMENTAL GROUNDS.

In one of the most select SUBURBS of the CITY of SYDNEY.

"AVONA,"
GLEBE POINT,
having a large Frontage to the
GLEBE POINT ROAD, opposite TOXTETH PARK,
and adjoining
"STRATHMORE,"
the residence of
Sir GEORGE WIGRAM ALLEN.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, November 12, at their LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, PITT-STREET, opposite the POST OFFICE, at 11.30 prompt,
"AVONA," GLEBE POINT,
being one of the CHOICEST PROPERTIES and best found FAMILY RESIDENCES that has come into the market for public competition for several years.

The HOUSE is built in ORNAMENTAL STYLE and VERY COMMODIOUS.
The surrounding appointments for the comfort of a large family are most complete.
The extensive grounds surrounding the House have been laid out in
LAWN, SHRUBBERY, and FLOWER GARDEN,
without regard to expense.
The CONSERVATORIES, GREENHOUSES, and HOTHOUSES have all been constructed on the most approved plans.

Lithographs showing the ELEVATION and the whole of the ORNAMENTAL Grounds will be prepared at once for issue.
Freehold Title. Terms at sale.

MONTROSE.

A COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE.

GLEBE ROAD, near PARRAMATTA-STREET.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions from the Executors of the late Mrs. E. SHELLY to sell by AUCTION, at the LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, PITT-STREET, opposite the POST OFFICE, next TUESDAY, October 29th, at 11.30 prompt,
That fine family residence, known as
MONTROSE,
situated on the GLEBE ROAD, and at present occupied by Dr. WEST.
The premises are substantially built, and in first-class order, and contain on the ground floor SIX ROOMS, three of which are very large and lofty, with wide entrance. HALL RIGHT through.
On the upper floor are FIVE GOOD BEDROOMS and ROOMY LANDING.
At the rear are KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, SERVANT'S ROOM, large CELLAR, STABLING for TWO HORSES, and COACH-HOUSE.
The house is situated off the road, with a fine WIDE VERANDAH and GARDEN, and stands on a BLOCK of LAND, having 60 feet frontage by a depth of 120 feet, with a good wide side entrance, and at present realises a rental of 110 per annum.
Title leasehold, having 70 years to run, at a ground rent of £25 per year.
Terms at sale.

CHARING CROSS, WAVERLEY.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed to sell by PRIVATE CONTRACT, Building Allotments at CHARING CROSS, WAVERLEY, adjacent to the land recently purchased for a SCHOOL of ARTS, and those lots UNDER OFFER to the GOVERNMENT for PUBLIC OFFICES,
at the following prices:
Fronting VICKERY-STREET, £3 10s per foot
Fronting VICTORIA-STREET, £2 10s per foot
Fronting CAMPBELL-STREET, £1 10s per foot.

Title, Torrens. Liberal terms.

SURRY HILLS.

PARKHAM-STREET, off BOURKE-STREET.

FOUR 2-STORY HOUSES.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by private contract, at their LAND SALE ROOMS, 154, PITT-STREET, opposite the POST OFFICE,
4 substantial houses, built of BRICK on STONE FOUNDATIONS, each containing ENTRANCE HALL, 5 ROOMS, KITCHEN, BATHROOM, SHED, BALCONY and VERANDAH, realising a rental of 21s each per week.
Torrens' Title.

PARRAMATTA JUNCTION.

56 CHOICE ALLOTMENTS OF LAND.

INDUSTRIAL CLASS BUILDING LOTS.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION, ON THE GROUND.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, October 26th, at 3 o'clock.

MILLS and PILE will sell by auction, on the ground, Parramatta Junction, TO-MORROW, Saturday, October 26th, at 3 o'clock,
56 BUILDING SITES, NEAR THE STATION, with frontages to
STATION-STREET EAST
WIGRAM-STREET
MARION-STREET and
ADA-STREET.
[illegible]

THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

ORDER OF SALE.

CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES,
to be sold by public auction,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock.

ALBION ESTATE.	Butcher's Shop, at the corner of Foveaux and Belmore streets. Block of Land, Foveaux-street, adjoining the above, together with the stone foundations thereon. Three Allotments, Foveaux-street, adjoining the Standard Hotel. Corner Allotment, Macquarie-street, with the foundation thereon. Corner Site, Belmore-street.
UNDERWOOD ESTATE, PADDINGTON.	The London Tavern Hotel, at the corner of William and Underwood streets. Ten Allotments, William-street, adjoining above.
BALMAIN.	The Shipwrights' Arms Hotel, at the corner of Darling and Weston streets. Two Weatherboard Cottages, Darling-street, adjoining the above. Allotment land also Cottage, Weston-street. Valuable water frontage Allotments, Darling-street and the harbour.
LIVERPOOL ROAD, CROYDON.	Extensive and valuable block of Land, 11¼ ACRES, known as the site of the Old Dove Inn, on the Liverpool Road, nearly opposite the road leading from Croydon Railway Station, together with the buildings thereon.
GREENWICH.	Block of Land, O'Connell-street, near the residence of Captain Mann, and close to the Steamer's Wharf
SCARBOROUGH, BOTANY BAY,	Two large blocks of Land, comprising 64 allotments of the South Scarborough Estate, adjoining on the Sydney side the Sandringham Hotel Estate. On account and risk of the former purchaser.
PARRAMATTA JUNCTION.	Two original lots, Nos. 7 and 8, section B of the township, fronting Jamison-street, close to the Railway Station, and adjoining Mr. Leckey's.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

UNRESERVED LAND SALE.

The whole of the Unsold Allotments on the
WHALEYBOROUGH ESTATE,
ELSWICK, PETERSHAM,
will be cleared off by
PUBLIC COMPETITION,
on MONDAY, 4th November, at 11 o'clock,
at the Rooms of
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

Note the terms:
One-fourth deposit, residue twelve quarterly payments at 6 per cent.

Title Torrens'. Free transfers.

OMNIBUSES will leave the Rooms of the Auctioneers TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to convey intending purchasers on to the ground.
Tickets for the omnibuses can be obtained up to 4 o'clock this (Friday) evening.

ASHFIELD LAND SALE.

On the ground,
TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON,
at 3 o'clock.

Free tickets per 2.30 train now ready.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

TUPPER-STREET,
STANMORE ROAD.

BATT and RODD have received instructions to sell by public auction,
at their
NEW CENTRAL LAND SALE ROOMS,
132, PITT-STREET,
at an EARLY DATE,
VERY VALUABLE allotment of land in this FAVOURITE LOCALITY,
having a frontage of about 140 FEET to TUPPER-STREET by a depth of about 180 FEET.

The land is completely fenced, and planted with WELL-GROWN TREES and SHRUBS, and opposite the residence of
— FRANCIS, Esq.,
and just below the house occupied by
— MORGAN, Esq.
Without exaggeration, the auctioneers can confidently recommend it as one of the prettiest sites for a gentleman's residence in the neighbourhood.
Title—Torrens' Act.
Terms at sale.
BATT and RODD,
Auctioneers.

SNAIL'S BAY, BALMAIN.

Commanding view of the miniature BAY OF NAPLES, on the BIRCH-GROVE ESTATE.

BATT and RODD have received instructions from the OWNER to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on an EARLY DATE,
at their NEW CENTRAL SALE ROOMS,
Charming COTTAGE, known as SUNNYMEDE, and late the residence of F. Harper, Esq.

The COTTAGE, which is of weatherboard on BRICK and STONE foundation, was DESIGNED by and BUILT UNDER the superintendence of Messrs. MANSFIELD, Brothers, and contains 7 rooms, kitchen, laundry, bathhouse and outhouses, verandah, &c. The area of land is about HALF AN ACRE, and is laid out in ORNAMENTAL GARDEN, planted with very choice FLOWERING SHRUBS, &c., sufficiently well grown to ensure the benefit of privacy, although its SITE, distant only a few minutes' walk from either the SNAIL'S BAY or DRY DOCK Ferry makes it of such easy access to the CITY. The property is at present let to a friend of the owner at the NOMINAL RENT of £80 per annum.
Title, freehold. Terms, liberal, at sale.
BATT and RODD, Auctioneers.

DUNGOG.

BATT and RODD have received instructions to sell by public auction,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
at their
NEW CENTRAL SALE ROOMS,
132, Pitt-street,
on an early date,
4 original allotments.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

St. Leonards,
North Shore.

2 Cottages, with large frontage to TWO STREETS.

BATT and RODD have been instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their Rooms,
on an early date,
Two cottages, together with all that valuable piece of land, situate in St. Leonards, North Shore, having a frontage of 313 feet to BRAY-STREET, and a frontage of 313 feet to Alfred-street.
Rentals, £65 per annum.
For further particulars apply to the
AUCTIONEERS.

AUBURN PARK ESTATE.

BATT and RODD have been instructed to sell the whole of the UNSOLD portions of this valuable estate, in acre blocks, by PUBLIC AUCTION,
early in NOVEMBER.

The property has been surveyed by Mr. Licensed Surveyor Reuss, Jun.
Lithographs will be ready shortly.
Sale Rooms, 132, Pitt-street.
BATT and RODD.

MONDAY, 28th October.

BOOTS and SHOES. BOOTS and SHOES.

New and Seasonable Goods, now landing, of several celebrated makers.

To the Trade, Country Storekeepers, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is instructed by the Consignees to sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, on MONDAY next, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
Invoices of new and seasonable goods, now landing, in
Ladies'
Gent.'s and
Children's
Boots and shoes.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
No reserve.

SPECIALLY VALUABLE.

DARLING HARBOUR WATER FRONTAGE.
THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S OLD FREEHOLD WHARF AND STORE PROPERTY
FRONTING MARGARET and SUSSEX STREETS, and DARLING HARBOUR,
without any exception the very
BEST WHARF PROPERTY FOR SALE IN THE COLONY,
together with the large and valuable
BLOCK OF LAND AND STORES
in rear of the Wharf, and having frontage to
MARGARET-STREET, SUSSEX-STREET,
NAPOLEON-STREET, AND MILL-LANE,
with the HUNTER RIVER INN, STORES, SHOPS, and WORKSHOPS, erected thereon.

THE NOBLEST INVESTMENT IN THE COUNTRY.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON are favoured with instructions from the AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY to sell by public auction, on TUESDAY, the 29th OCTOBER, INSTANT, at the Rooms, 373, George-street, at 11 o'clock a.m.,
THE WHOLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY OF THE A. S. N. CO., in DARLING HARBOUR, comprising WHARF OFFICES and STORES, SHOPS, HUNTER RIVER INN, WORKSHOPS, and LARGE STORES and YARD with EXTENSIVE FRONTAGES to principal thoroughfares.
DARLING HARBOUR, 111 feet 9 inches
WHARFAGE ACCOMMODATION ON EACH SIDE OF WHARF, 214 feet
SUSSEX-STREET, 180 ditto
MARGARET-STREET, 282 feet 7 inches
NAPOLEON-STREET, 141 feet 3 inches
MILL-LANE, and SOUTHERN BOUNDARY, 381 feet 3 inches.
THIS REALLY MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF LAND will be submitted to public competition in ONE or TWO LOTS, as may prove suitable to purchasers.
The PROPERTY is so well known to the whole public that lengthened comment is quite unnecessary.
The AUCTIONEERS are therefore content to bring the sale FAIRLY UNDER NOTICE, and leave intending purchasers to form their own opinion as to its RARE MERITS and UNDENIABLE INTRINSIC VALUE as an INVESTMENT, NOT NOW TO BE SURPASSED, or that can for the future show such a LARGELY INCREASING VALUE and CERTAIN CORRESPONDING RETURN.

SALE, TUESDAY, 29th OCTOBER.
TITLE can be inspected at the office of Messrs. DARGEBELL and CHAPMAN, Solicitors, [illegible]
PLAN now on VIEW at the ROOMS.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON, Auctioneers.

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. MARTIN WALSH are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Martin Luke; to move from his residence, South Head Road, Paddington, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street, near Crown-street, and 737, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. MATTHEW WALSH, of Randwick, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved NEPHEW, Martin Luke Walsh; to move from his parents' residence, South Head Road, Paddington, THIS AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Oxford-street and George-street South.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ARCHIBALD WILSON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, William; to move from his residence, Dowling-street, Paddington, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at quarter-to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street, near Crown-street; and 737, George-street South.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE CUNNINGHAM are invited to attend the Funeral from his late beloved GRANDSON, William Wilson; to move from his late residence, Dowling-street, Paddington, THIS AFTERNOON, at quarter-to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street, near Crown-street, and George-street South, opposite Christ Church.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOSEPH LEE are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from the residence of his brother, Mr. Frederick Lee, No. 186, Goulburn-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. CHARLES, FREDERICK, SAMUEL, GEORGE, and WILLIAM LEE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved BROTHER, Mr. Joseph Lee; to move from the residence of his brother, Mr. F. Lee, 186, Goulburn-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2, to Balmain Cemetery. C. KINSELA.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE PHILLIPS, Sen., are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Darling-street East, Balmain, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter before 3 o'clock, to Balmain Cemetery. W. H. WOOD, Undertaker, Darling-street, Balmain.

THE FRIENDS or the late Mr. GEORGE CRAWFORD are respectfully invited to his Funeral; to move from his residence, 17, Beaufort-street, Strawberry Hill, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, to Devonshire-street Cemetery. W. STEWART, Undertaker, Bathurst-street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. JAMES, GEORGE, JOHN, WILLIAM, and FRANCIS CRAWFORD are invited to the Funeral of their beloved FATHER; to move from 17, Beaufort-street, Strawberry Hill, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. W. STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES DOGHERTY are invited to the Funeral of his FATHER-IN-LAW, the late Mr. GEORGE CRAWFORD; to move from 17, Beaufort-street, Strawberry Hill, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. W. STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM FLEMING are invited to attend the Funeral of his FATHER-IN-LAW, the late Mr. George Crawford; to move from 17, Beaufort-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, to Devonshire-street Cemetery. W. STEWART, Undertaker.

WESLEYAN or PROTESTANT UNION BENEFIT SOCIETY.—Members of the above are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late Brother, GEORGE CRAWFORD; to move from his late residence, 17, Beaufort-street, Strawberry-hill, THIS DAY, Friday, at 3 o'clock, for the Presbyterian Burial Ground, Devonshire-st. R. W. SIPPE, Sec.

Miscellaneous.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
BAZAAR.
A Sale of USEFUL and FANCY ARTICLES in aid of the Building Fund of the PETERSHAM CONGREGATIONAL NEW CHURCH will be held in the TEMPERANCE HALL, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY next, October 28, 29, and 30, commencing at 4 p.m. the first day, and at 2 p.m. the succeeding days.

GOSPEL TENT and HARMONIUM FUND.—SUBSCRIPTIONS received by W. HARRIS, 500, Riley-st., S. H.

TAKE YOUR FATHER, MOTHER, AND CHILDREN UNDER THE GASLIGHT, ON SATURDAY NIGHT.

COLONIAL OVENS, Register Grates, Exeter Cooking Stoves. Reduced prices. G. Fletcher and Son, Oxford-street

FIGTREE POINT, BALMAIN. HARDIE and GORMAN.

CHEAP LAND.—Unreserved CLEARANCE SALE of the unsold Allotments on the WHALEYBOROUGH ESTATE, Elswick, Petersham, on MONDAY, 4th November, at 11 o'clock, at the Rooms of RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

MITTAGONG. MITTAGONG.

WANTED, Copper Ore BAGS, new or secondhand, in quantity. T. Saywell, Park-street.

WANTED, for cash, left-off CLOTHING. Simmons's Little Wardrobe, Campbell-st. Letters attended.

WANTED, 50 Scaffold POLES, 20 to 25 feet long. Edwards, Waverley Reservoir.

WANTED to rent, small dry CELLAR; state rent. Produce, HERALD.

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WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 2, Leamington Villas, Albert-street, Woollahra.

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WANTED, General SERVANT; one to sleep at home. Apply Erne Cottage, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. Kemptar, 241, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, thorough General SERVANT; another kept; refs. Mrs. P. J. Cohen, Forbes-st., Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a competent HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Mrs. Rundle, 40, Pomeroy, Potts Point.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, about 14. G. M. Seymour, 118, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS. Mrs. F. Cohen, 2, Arlington-terrace, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID, and to assist with two children. Mrs. F. Cohen, 2, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, Second COOK; good wages; woman preferred. Royal Hotel.

WANTED, by respectable Person, a Family's WASHING; competent laundress. No. 70, Stanley-street.

WANTED, a YOUTH, for a country store; grocery experience. Fairfax and Co., 1, Wynyard-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, to assist in housework. Mrs. M. Harris, Bismarck House, Ultimo.

WANTED, a willing GIRL, about 15, for housework, in a family with young children. 119, Stanley-street.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, about 14, to assist in housework. Apply 15, George-street West.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, to nurse, &c. Apply, at 12 o'clock, No. 2, Avon-terrace, Cleveland-street West.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID and WAITRESS, at the Railway Dining Rooms, 783, George-st. Apply after 10.

WANTED, an active LAD. John Brush, saddlery warehouse, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

WANTED, young WOMAN, housework, assist in bar. 186, George-street North.

WANTED, two smart GIRLS, to make themselves generally useful. Apply after 10, 46, Hunter-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; cook well, no washing, good wages. Evelyn House, Bellevue-street, Albion Estate.

WANTED, a young Man and Lad, for orders, &c., butcher's; Lad for gentleman's house, and eldery man, garden. 98, Market-street.

WANTED, a MAN, groom, garden, milk, for private house, country; good kitchenman, town; and others. 98, Market-street.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS; also, House and Parlour Maid. Apply, between 10 and 1, to Mrs. Barton, 1, Louisa-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a young MAN, to take and deliver orders, with a knowledge of small goods. M. Kinshela, butcher, Church-street, Parramatta.

WANTED, a few CANE-CUTTERS, for the Clarence River, piece work; only strong men need apply. Sugar Company's Wharf, Miller's Point, Saturday, 9 a.m.

WANTED, a respectable little GIRL to make herself generally useful: two in family. James Macpherson, Shrewsbury-street, Waverley.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, about 17, to take care of pony, useful about house and garden. Applicants with parents preferred; open two days. J. Horbury Hunt, 91, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a young PERSON of respectability to assist a lady in household duties, needlework, and children (Protestant). State name, reference, and salary required, to J. J. J., HERALD Office.

Apartments, Board and Residence.

APARTMENTS with partial board, at Merlin House, 179, Premier-terrace. Vacancy for two.

APARTMENTS vacant, Mrs. Dobson's, for families and gentlemen. 13, Bengal House, Jamison-street.

APARTMENTS and Suite vacant. Loma House, 3, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS vacant for two gentlemen, at 142, Castlereagh-street North.

APARTMENTS vacant for families and gentlemen. Gordon House, 138, Castlereagh-street North.

A LARGE Balcony ROOM to LET, with Board, for single men, corner Waterloo and Kippax streets.

APARTMENTS vacant, at 247, Macquarie-street North.

A COMFORTABLE BEDROOM for a gentleman. 63, Prince-street.

A COMFORTABLE furnished ROOM, for two respectable men; private family. 42, Bathurst-street.

APARTMENTS at No. 5, Gladstone-terrace, opposite Union Club, Bligh-street.

A FURNISHED or unfurnished balcony ROOM, single female, 6s and 8s. 258, Bourke-street.

ACCOMMODATION for a few more respectable gentlemen Boarders. J. Walsh, City View Hotel, Elizabeth-st.

A LARGE front Room, in Woollahra, offered for music lessons in return, or needlework. E. E., Paddington P. O.

A COMFORTABLE HOME, bedroom to yourself; bath. Watson's Temperance Hotel, No. 71, Margaret-street.

ALBANY HOUSE, 45, Clarence-street, superior BOARD and RESIDENCE. Terms moderate.

A LARGE front ROOM to LET, also rooms to suit; all prices, with every comfort. 45, Hunter-street.

A VACANCY for a gentleman. Mrs. Dawson, 4, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street.

A LARGE furnished balcony ROOM to LET, use of bath, kitchen, 10s. 373, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

A COMFORTABLE Home for a respectable young man, 18s. 343, Bourke-street, Darlinghurst.

A NICE Balcony ROOM to LET, suit two friends engaged in business during day. Apply 49, Smith-street.

A GENTLEMAN, or lady and gentleman can be accommodated in a private family. 257, Albion-street, Surry Hills.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for gentlemen, large and comfortable apartments. 51, Hunter-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for gentlemen. 126, Castlereagh-street North.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for married couples and single gentlemen, bath. 195, Elizabeth-st., Hyde Park.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for 4 gentlemen. 268, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo. Terms moderate.

BALLARAT HOUSE, 28, Campbell-street (near Pitt-street, Haymarket). Mrs. Benjamin, private board & residence.

BURWOOD.—A very respectable, small family, highly educated, having a larger residence than required, could receive a gentleman BOARDER, who would be treated as one of the family. Large paddocks and stabling. E. Ramsay, house agent.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS to LET, use of kitchen, &c.; furnished or unfurnished. Spragg and Adams, Oxford-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME for one or two young ladies; private family. 22, Arthur-street, Surry Hills. Terms mod.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for respectable men. 203, George-street.

COMFORTABLE front Bed and Sitting room, with or without Board. 164, Bourke-street, next to Boson's.

CHANGE of AIR.—Private APARTMENTS Vacant. Mrs. J. Horton, Prospect Cottage, Bowral.

CHANGE of AIR.—APARTMENTS vacant. Myrtle House, near Picton. Mrs. Siddins.

CHANGE OF AIR.—First-class ACCOMMODATION at Mrs. M'LAUREN'S (late Mrs. Binning's), PRIVATE HOTEL, Chisholm House, Bowenfels. Buggies will meet any trains.

EXCURSIONISTS can be accommodated at the Blue Mountain Retreat, near the station. Good view of the Falls.

FURNISHED small BEDROOM, suitable for single lady or gentleman. 499, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS for gentlemen, with or without board. 3, Bridge-street.

FURNISHED ROOMS to LET, two rooms furnished, side entrance, use of kitchen. 274, Kent-street.

HENRI DE JOSSELIN invites the special attention of gentlemen requiring first-class BEDROOMS, large, airy, and well-attended to for comfort not surpassed; plunge and shower baths. 22, Charlotte-place.

LARGE balcony ROOM vacant, suitable for two gentlemen friends; board optional. 213, Crown-st., Woolloomooloo.

MRS. MORRIS, having taken Moubray House, 18, Wynyard-square, will be happy to receive gentlemen on and after the 1st November. Terms, 21s. Plunge and shower baths.

MOUNT VICTORIA,
Perry's Family Hotel.
EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION.
Vehicles attend arrival of trains.

MANLY.—Pier Hotel, APARTMENTS vacant for families and gentlemen. G. F. Barnett, proprietor.

MANLY.—VACANCIES for families or gentleman. Mrs. Rowett, Ocean View Manly Beach.

NO. 6, Apsley-place, Eastern Hill, Melbourne.—Superior ACCOMMODATION for visitors to races.

NORTH SHORE.—VACANCIES, 3, Eureka Villas, Union-street, near Holtermann's. Bath, piano, &c.

OUR BOYS HOTEL.—Comfortable BOARD and LODGINGS; moderate. William-street, Woolloomooloo.

PRIVATE APARTMENTS vacant, for ladies or gentlemen. Keirs, Piper-street, Woollahra.

ROOM to LET, furnished, with every convenience, cheap. 381, Kent-street, near Market-street.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE.—Apartments vacant at Meta House, Croydon; two minutes from Railway Station.

TWO large Front ROOMS to LET, use of kitchen, at 79, Elizabeth-street, Redfern. No children.

TO LET, furnished BEDROOM for one or two single gentlemen, at 21, Hunter-street, 5 doors from Pitt-street.

TO LET, a large Front ROOM, furnished, suitable for a married couple. 104, Elizabeth-street North.

TO LET, 3 large ROOMS, use of bath, &c. 24, Selwyn-street, near Moore Park.

TWO or three respectable single men will find comfortable furnished BEDROOMS; board if required, bath, and every convenience; no children. 109, Lower George-street, opposite Commissariat Stores.

VACANCIES for lady and gentleman, or gentleman. Carlton House, Wynyard-square, near Petty's Hotel.

VACANT large balcony ROOM, nicely furnished, as bed and sitting-room. 172, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills.

DARLINGHURST.—Wanted, about 1st January next, HOUSE, containing 6 rooms, pantry, storeroom, &c.; gas and water laid on. Apply Box 25, General Post Office.

WANTED by a lady, two Unfurnished ROOMS. Address A. B., 111, King-street.

WANTED, a ten-roomed HOUSE, central, suitable for boarders. State terms, S. A., Post-office, Haymarket.

WANTED, small furnished BEDROOM, single man, in or near city. Adelphi, HERALD Office.

WANTED, BOARD and RESIDENCE, by a young man, within five minutes' walk of Bridge-street; private family preferred. Apply, stating terms, W. K. J. B., Post Office.

Houses and Land for Sale.

BUILDING ALLOTMENTS for SALE, Lyndhurst and Ashfield. J. HYETT, 494, George-street.

BIRCHGROVE, November 9th.

BALMAIN.—For SALE, a BARGAIN, comfortable weatherboard HOUSE, 4 rooms, 4 attics, kitchen, washhouse, &c. Land about 40 x 70; capital view; handy to ferry. Immediate occupation.
THOMAS B. WALKER, Estate Agent, Exchange-corner, Bridge-street.

BLUE MOUNTAINS.—For SALE, at Mount Wilson, a 10-acre Block of LAND, cleared, stumped, and fenced, on which has lately been erected a substantial wooden Cottage, of five rooms, with large galvanized iron tank attached. For further particulars apply to F. H. REUSS, Jun., Esq., 155, Pitt-street, Sydney.

COTTAGES, Houses, and Allotments for private SALE. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

CROYDON.—Splendid ALLOTMENTS, 100 x 200, fenced. MARSHALL, Croydon.

EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE for SALE, in Botany-street, Moore Park, cheap. Estate Agency, 68, King-street.

FOR SALE or Let, large SHOP, and House at rear. 1, Belmore-street, Albion Estate.

FARMS at Wellington and Tamworth, for SALE. W. DOUGLASS, 79, King-street.

FIGTREE POINT, BALMAIN. HARDIE and GORMAN.

FOR SALE, fine corner Block of LAND, in city, 121 feet frontage. FORBES and CO., 410, George-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, a FARM about 30 acres rich land, beautifully elevated, commanding distant view, three-quarters of a mile from Rookwood railway station. Apply D. CLARKE, Rookwood.

FOR SALE, a FARM of 150 acres, fenced; 21 acres cropped; house, tank, well, and garden; will grow anything; freehold; price, £420. MERRETT, FISHER, and CO., 422, George-street, Sydney.

FIFTY POUNDS will purchase a fine BLOCK, 100 x 300, in the Brookdale Estate, Parramatta Junction; nicely elevated and timbered. Torrens' title. Quarter cash, no interest. Ten minutes' walk to Merryland's Station. T. F. JACKSON, 183, Pitt-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.—REDMYRE COTTAGE, very pretty detached cottage, containing drawing and dining rooms, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, scullery, servant's room, WIDE HALL, verandahs back and front, small stable and outbuildings, &c.; the whole stands on about 2½ ACRES of land, within 5 MINUTES of STATION, and surrounded by GOOD RESIDENCES. For cards to view apply to BATT and RODD, Rooms, 132, Pitt-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE
by
BATT and RODD.

ASHFIELD. Villa Residence, containing dining and drawing rooms, each 23 x 15, also four large bedrooms, dressing-rooms, hall 5 feet 6 inches x 50 feet long, bathroom, kitchen, scullery, pantry, outstore, coachhouse, stables, &c., together with garden, lawn, orchard, paddocks, &c., all well laid out; area, about 1 acre. This site is well situated, and within three minutes of Croydon or Ashfield stations. Terms exceedingly easy.

CHIPPENDALE. Terrace of 3 Houses, each 4 rooms, kitchen, and balconies, water laid on; drainage by the sewer; title, Torrens'; slate roof. Each let at 15s per week to good tenants; good investment.

NORTH KINGSTON. Terrace of 3 new Houses, each 4 rooms, kitchen, and washhouse; city water laid on; each let at 13s per week; well built, brick on stone; easy terms; £850.

NORWOOD HILL. Several splendid Allotments, commanding extensive views, cheap.

PETERSHAM. Cottage, 4 rooms, kitchen, and fowl-house; land, 96 x 84, well fenced, and frontage to three good streets; situation good.

PADDINGTON. House, well built, containing 5 rooms and kitchen, verandah and balcony, with splendid view of the harbour, £435.

PADDINGTON. House, commanding extensive view, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, balcony back and front, gas laid on to all the rooms; terms easy, £870.

PYRMONT. 5 Houses and 2 Cottages, well and substantially built, frontage to two good streets, close to A. S. N. Company's Works and the Ferry, producing rentals at £222 per annum; £1400.

SURRY HILLS. Cottage, brick on stone, 5 rooms and kitchen, garden back and front, few very choice fruit trees; land, 30 x 113 feet 9 inches to good street, with good side entrance, slate roof; £450; Torrens' title.

SURRY HILLS. 2 Houses, brick on stone, 4 rooms and kitchen, balcony, good back entrance, room for stable; for one £310, or £600 for the two. Good investment.

WOOLLAHRA. House, containing 8 rooms, &c.; Torrens' title; splendid situation, and view of the harbour; £525; easy terms.

For full particulars apply to
BATT and RODD,
Land, Estate Agents, Auctioneers, &c.,
Offices and Sale Rooms, 132, Pitt-street.

GENTLEMEN'S CITY MANSIONS for SALE. W. DOUGLASS, 79, King-street.

GENTLEMEN'S COUNTRY SEATS, near Sydney, for SALE. W. DOUGLASS, 79, King-street.

LAND! LAND!! LAND!!!
4 YEARS' CREDIT WITHOUT INTEREST.
SPLENDID VILLA SITES.
ASHFIELD! ASHFIELD!! ASHFIELD!!!
THE FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT.
TAVISTOCK ESTATE,
on the Heights of Ashfield,
150 yards from Summer Hill Platform.
To Builders, Speculators, Gents. in the Civil Service, Tradesmen, Mechanics, Bachelors, Spinsters, young Married Folks, &c.
Another fine elevated block of Land is now pegged out into 33 charming Villa SITES, having frontages of 40 to 65 feet to fine good wide streets, 150 yards from Summer Hill platform (to be erected at once), between Petersham and Ashfield.
This is about the only large block of good elevated building land that is for sale so near the railway.
The TAVISTOCK ESTATE adjoins the well-known Summer Hill Estate, and, as regards elevation, charming views, &c., &c., is second to none in the Borough of Ashfield. Those who were disappointed in not getting a block of the Underwood Estate except at such high prices can now suit themselves, and on terms the best ever known. An inspection invited.
TAKE NOTICE OF THE TERMS.—Forty-eight monthly instalments, without any interest or expense, no fees, fines, or annoyances too well known to many who join societies.
SPECIAL FEATURES.—Low price, very easy payments, good land, healthy situation, close to railway, &c.
Get plans at SIPPEL, BROTHERS', opposite Police Office; and at the Proprietor's residence, JAMES BARTLETT, Prospect Hall, Ashfield, near the land for sale. J. B. at home afternoons.

MACDONALD TOWN.—ALLOTMENT for SALE, 66 x 96, £140. A. OGILVIE, 30, Park-street.

M'DONALD Estate, Glenmore Road.—Building Allotments for Sale; gas, city water. Clarke, Campbell-st., Pad.

MANLY BEACH NEW PIER.—SITES, 50 x 130, 30s per foot. S. GRAHAM, Vickery's-chambers.

MITTAGONG. MITTAGONG.

NO. 164, PITT-STREET, PRINGLE and HYNARD have for SALE, several HOUSES in town and suburbs, from £100 each to £8500. Mortgages negotiated. First-class City HOTEL for SALE, cheap.

NATTAI AND MITTAGONG.
The ATTENTION of SYDNEY GENTLEMEN, as well as of LOCAL RESIDENTS, is directed to the AUCTION SALE of really good BUILDING SITES, at our ROOMS, on WEDNESDAY, October 30.
HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers, 175, Pitt-street, Sydney.
Lithographs obtainable.
The CLIMATE of NATTAI is UNEQUALLED in the colony for SALUBRITY and HEALTHINESS. It is probable that ere long LAND will not be obtainable there EXCEPT at HIGH PRICES.
At BOWRAL and MOSS VALE land is now realising from £50 to £300 per acre.

PICK of Croydon; choice elevated corner ALLOTMENT, 50 x 151, close to the residence of Anthony Hordern, Esq.; 5 minutes from station; £3 10s per foot. A. W., 26, Oxford-street.

RUSHCUTTER'S BAY, South-st., new W.B. Cottage, 4 rooms, long leasehold, cheap. Watkin, Temperance hall.

PALMER-STREET, near DOMAIN.—For SALE, well-built brick HOUSE, slated roof, standing on 30 feet frontage, containing wide hall, drawing and dining rooms, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, verandah, and balcony. J. Watkin, Temp. Hall.

THIRTY-FIVE Acres well-timbered LAND, within 20 minutes' drive of Burwood station. Watkin, Temp. Hall.

THE ALBERT CRICKET GROUND, which is now surveyed and pegged out in BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, is OPEN DAILY to the public, and will remain so until the 9th NOVEMBER, on which day the GREAT SALE by AUCTION will take place.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO STOREKEEPERS.—For private SALE, one of the best and most compact PROPERTIES in the Southern District, comprising hotel, large store, butcher's shop, smithy, &c., six-roomed cottage, and dairy farm, also cultivation paddock. The land, which is fenced in and has considerable river frontage, is of the richest description. The buildings are extensive and in good order. Title, freehold. Terms liberal. A sure fortune with energy and moderate capital. T. F. JACKSON, 183, Pitt-st.

WAVERLEY. WAVERLEY.
THE PICK OF WAVERLEY.
CHOICE VILLA SITES.
From £2 PER FOOT. TERMS, ¼ CASH, BALANCE 3, 6, 9 and 12 MONTHS.
Opposite the WAVERLEY COUNCIL CHAMBERS.
UNINTERRUPTED HARBOUR VIEW.
200 YARDS FROM PROPOSED RAILWAY.
FOR PRIVATE SALE.
Lithographs and particulars at Council Chambers.

To Let.

A BOOT SHOP to LET, 82, Elizabeth-street, Redfern. Apply Mr. O'Connell, on premises.

BUSINESS PREMISES, best position; lease for sale. Apply 273, George-street.

BUSINESS PREMISES.—To let, in William-street, central, a good SHOP, parlour and five rooms, yard and back entrance; rent moderate. A good opportunity for a stirring man. E. Ramsay, House and General Business Agent, 412, George-st.

EXTENSIVE new WAREHOUSE, in York-street, one door from Barrack-street, to LET, rent low. John Solomon.

HOUSE to LET, Little Riley-street. Apply 8, Corben-street, Surry Hills.

HUNTER-STREET, between Pitt and George streets, SHOP, 4 rooms, large kitchen and cellars, good back entrance. Full particulars
Batt and Rodd, 132, Pitt-street.

JAMBEROO, ILLAWARRA.—To LET, furnished or unfurnished, MINNAMURRA HOUSE, with orchard and paddocks as required. Inquire Mr. Dimock, Jamberoo; or Mr. Tindell, No. 15, Exchange.

MANLY.—To LET, furnished, BELMORE, facing harbour, 8 rooms. J. T. Smith, Eustace-st., or Library.

MARRICKVILLE.—To LET, a large Family RESIDENCE, paddocks, flower and kitchen garden. Ramsay.

NO. 426, CROWN-STREET, S.H.—Apartments, with or without board, for married couple or single gentleman.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, in Hordern-street, a HOUSE, 5 rooms, kitchen and balcony. 16s per week. W. Wyatt.

NO. 161, MACQUARIE-STREET NORTH.—To LET, that beautiful FAMILY RESIDENCE, recently in the occupancy of the late Mrs. Chisholm.
For position, convenience, and extensive view, it is unsurpassed in the city of Sydney. Rent moderate. E. Ramsay, house agent, George-street.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, new COTTAGE, 5 rooms and kitchen, near station. Lewis and Conway, 303, Geo.-st.

REDMIRE, near Station.—To LET, HOUSE, containing large drawing and dining rooms, 4, 5 good bedrooms, dressingroom, bathroom, kitchen, scullery, laundry, servant's room. Rent, £120 per annum. Full particulars,
BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

SHOP, Park-street, to LET; also, spacious CELLAR. A. Ogilvie, 30, Park-street.

SEVERAL small HOUSES to LET, north and south streets off Sussex-street; only respectable people need apply, to James Yeoman, on premises, at 9 o'clock, on Monday morning.

SOUTH KINGSTON.—To LET, Villa RESIDENCE, containing 6 rooms, kitchen, bath, scullery, pantry, good out-offices, gas throughout, garden in front. Rent, £130, all taxes paid. For full particulars,
BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

TO LET, No. 46, Merriman-street, Miller's Point; hall, 5 rooms, kitchen, and bath, gas, &c. J. Parle.

TO LET, No. 21, Winslowe-terrace, Rushcutter Bay, near Darling Point Road, 5 rooms, water laid on; rent, 16s.

TO LET, 4-roomed balcony HOUSE and kitchen, Surry Hills; 14s. Apply R. Fletcher, 21, Albion-street.

TO LET, splendid Grocer's SHOP, also 5 and 6 roomed HOUSES. Shine, Hibernia Hotel, Albion-street.

TO CARMEN.—5-roomed HOUSE Grose-street, Camperdown; stabling, water. Grose Farm Inn, Camperdown.

TO LET, near the A. S. N. Co.'s new wharf, a 4-roomed COTTAGE. 7, Little Gloucester-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 2 rooms, kitchen, oven, water, 9s. J. W. Smart, Surry House, Moore Park.

TO LET, BELLEVUE HOUSE, 7 rooms, plunge and shower bath. E. Close, Windmill-hill, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, a four-roomed HOUSE, near Moore Park. Apply No. 1, Hutchinson-street. Rent, 14s.

TO LET, four-roomed HOUSE. 38, Newtown Road, opposite Victoria Park, 14s per week. Key next door.

TO LET, Denison-street, Kingston, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, balcony, water laid on, 13s. Apply Abigail, grocer.

TO LET, HOUSE, 122, Palmer-street, containing 7 rooms, bathroom, pantries, gas, &c.; every convenience.

TO LET, from Monday next, one of those neatly-erected PREMISES, Sussex-street, near A. S. N. Co.'s, known as the Globe Stores. C. Kidman, Oxford-street.

TO LET, 2 six-roomed HOUSES, in Crown Road, Ultimo; every convenience, large yard. Apply Mr. Bennett, builder, Quarry-street, Ultimo. Rent, £1.

TO LET, Newtown, with immediate possession, a very convenient FAMILY RESIDENCE, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, gas and water laid on, bath, extensive views, also beautiful garden; rent moderate. E. Ramsay, George-street.

TO LET, Furnished, a gentleman's RESIDENCE with every requisite, including garden, stables, &c.; laundry, sheds, bathroom, work rooms, yards, cellars, gas, gas stove, &c. Wm. Redman, Forest Lodge.

TO LET, a new HOUSE, 6 rooms and kitchen, oven, washing copper, register stoves, 18s per week. No. 84, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo. Apply at Mrs. Bartlett's grocery store.

TO LET, a Joiner's SHOP, 50 x 70 feet, fitted with mortising, planing, boring, tenoning, and sawing machinery of the latest English and American patterns. Allen and Zebel, City Saw Mills, Druitt-street.

TO be LET, neat Furnished COTTAGE, 2 rooms and kitchen. Rent, 15s. Brown-street, Cook's River Road. Apply at Post-office, St. Peters, Brown-street; or William Dunn.

TO LET, on lease, in November, those extensive business PREMISES and STORE, in Pitt-street North, Circular Quay, now in the occupation of Messrs. D. Cohen and Co. Apply at the office of W. H. Paling, 366, George-street.

TO BE LET, those commodious PREMISES situate in Wynyard-street, at present in the occupation of Messrs. Horace Woolnough and Co. Possession in November. For further Particulars inquire of the above.

TO LET, Belmore-street, South Kingston, a HOUSE (detached), containing 7 rooms, with entrance hall and bathroom. Key next door. Apply to Mr. Pidcock, Council-chambers, Camperdown.

TO LET, 3 first-class HOUSES; or For SALE, 4 first-class HOUSES, situated within two minutes' walk from Milson's Point. One-half purchase-money may remain for a term of years at 7 per cent. Apply Gibson's Hotel, Milson's Point, North Shore.

VICTORIA TERRACE.—8-roomed HOUSES to LET, gas, water, and all conveniences. Apply William Hardy, Hereford-street, off Ross-street, Forest Lodge.

WOOLLAHRA.—To LET, LURLEI, family Residence. Apply H. Dorhauer, builder, Piper-street.

WESTGATE COTTAGE, Waverley Road, containing every convenience for a family, with ample ground, stabling, &c., &c., at present occupied by Mrs. T. W. F. Wilshire. Cards to view from Hardie and Gorman, 175, Pitt-street.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO, FORBES-STREET.—To be Let, 3 splendid NEW HOUSES, fitted with every MODERN CONVENIENCE; GAS, with fittings throughout the houses. For particulars and cards to view,
BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

WOOLLAHRA HEIGHTS.—That choice detached Villa RESIDENCE, Chiswick, corner of Ocean and Wellington streets, Woollahra, lately occupied by R. C. Want, Esq., containing every convenience for a small family, with stabling, conservatory, &c. Chiswick is in perfect order, and the grounds attached are tastefully laid out. Hardie and Gorman, 175, Pitt-street.

A CONVENIENT central OFFICE to LET, in Pitt-street. E. Ramsay, house agent, George-street.

OFFICES to LET, two front rooms; 20s a week. Vaughan's-chambers, 152, King-street East.

LARGE STORE and 4 ROOMS to LET. George-street, near Christ Church. Apply 531, George-street.

TO LET, STORES off George-street (De Mestre-place) late Bennett's boot factory. Saddington and Sons, No. 12 Barrack-street.

STABLING for two horses and buggy SHED to LET. Hall's Hotel, corner of George and Goulburn streets.

TO LET, large STORES, OFFICES, and WHARF accommodation. William Short, Baltic Wharf.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—
SUBSCRIPTIONS: £2 12s per annum.
This rate is *for payment in advance.*
N.B.—For *credit* the charge will be £2 16s per annum.
. All advertisements under six lines will be charged 3s to advertisers' account if booked.
N.B.—Advertisers in the country can remit payment by Money Orders or Postage Stamps.
ADVERTISEMENTS are classified, as far as possible, for convenience of readers, but no guarantee is given that they shall appear under special headings.
While every care is exercised in regard to the due insertion of advertisements, the proprietors do not hold themselves responsible for non-insertion through accident or from other causes; and the proprietors reserve to themselves the right of omitting advertisements that they may deem objectionable, even although such advertisements may have been received and paid for in the usual course of business.
Births, Deaths, and Marriages, 3s each insertion.
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